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| <b>(54) Title:</b> HUMAN NEURONAL NICOTINIC ACETYLCHOLINE RECEPTOR COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS EMPLOYING SAME   |  |           |  |
| <b>(57) Abstract</b><br><br>Nucleic acid molecules encoding human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor alpha and beta subunits, mammalian and amphibian cells containing the nucleic acid molecules, and methods for producing alpha and beta subunits are provided. In particular, nucleic acid molecules encoding $\alpha_6$ subunits and molecules encoding $\beta_3$ subunits of human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptors are provided. In addition, combinations of a plurality of subunits, such as one or more of $\alpha_1$ , $\alpha_2$ , $\alpha_3$ , $\alpha_4$ , $\alpha_5$ , $\alpha_6$ and/or $\alpha_7$ subunits in combination with one or more of $\beta_3$ subunits or such as one or more of $\beta_2$ , $\beta_3$ and/or $\beta_4$ subunits in combination with an $\alpha_6$ subunit are provided. |  |           |  |

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## HUMAN NEURONAL NICOTINIC ACETYLCHOLINE RECEPTOR COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS EMPLOYING SAME

### RELATED APPLICATIONS

For U.S. national purposes, this application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Serial No. 08/484,722, by Elliott et al., entitled "HUMAN NEURONAL NICOTINIC ACETYLCHOLINE RECEPTOR  
5 COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS EMPLOYING SAME", filed June 7, 1995. The subject matter of U.S. application Serial No. 08/484,722, is herein incorporated in its entirety by reference thereto.

This application is also related to U.S. Patent No. 5,369,028 and U.S. application Serial Nos. 08/028,031, 08/149,503, 08/496,855,  
10 07/938,154, 08/467,574, 08/466,589, 08/487,596. The subject matter of each of these applications and U.S. Patent is herein incorporated by reference thereto.

### FIELD OF INVENTION

This invention relates to nucleic acid molecules encoding human  
15 neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor protein subunits, as well as the encoded proteins. In particular, human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor  $\alpha$ -subunit-encoding DNA and RNA,  $\alpha$ -subunit proteins,  $\beta$ -subunit-encoding DNA and RNA,  $\beta$ -subunit proteins, and combinations thereof are provided.

### 20 BACKGROUND

Ligand-gated ion channels provide a means for communication between cells of the central nervous system. These channels convert a signal (e.g., a chemical referred to as a neurotransmitter) that is released by one cell into an electrical signal that propagates along a target cell  
25 membrane. A variety of neurotransmitters and neurotransmitter receptors exist in the central and peripheral nervous systems. Five families of ligand-gated receptors, including the nicotinic acetylcholine receptors

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(nAChRs) of neuromuscular and neuronal origins, have been identified (Stroud *et al.* 1990 *Biochemistry* 29:11009-11023). There is, however, little understanding of the manner in which the variety of receptors generates different responses to neurotransmitters or to other modulating  
5 ligands in different regions of the nervous system.

The nicotinic acetylcholine receptors (nAChRs) are multisubunit proteins of neuromuscular and neuronal origins. These receptors form ligand-gated ion channels that mediate synaptic transmission between nerve and muscle and between neurons upon interaction with the  
10 neurotransmitter acetylcholine (ACh). Since various neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor (nAChR) subunits exist, a variety of nAChR compositions (*i.e.*, combinations of subunits) exist. The different nAChR compositions exhibit different specificities for various ligands and are thereby pharmacologically distinguishable. Thus, the nicotinic  
15 acetylcholine receptors expressed at the vertebrate neuromuscular junction, in vertebrate sympathetic ganglia and in the vertebrate central nervous system have been distinguished on the basis of the effects of various ligands that bind to different nAChR compositions. For example, the elapid  $\alpha$ -neurotoxins that block activation of nicotinic acetylcholine  
20 receptors at the neuromuscular junction do not block activation of some neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptors that are expressed on several different neuron-derived cell lines.

Muscle nAChR is a glycoprotein composed of five subunits with the stoichiometry  $(\alpha)_2\beta(\gamma \text{ or } \epsilon)\delta$ . Each of the subunits has a mass of  
25 about 50-60 kilodaltons (kd) and is encoded by a different gene. The  $(\alpha)_2\beta(\gamma \text{ or } \epsilon)\delta$  complex forms functional receptors containing two ligand binding sites and a ligand-gated transmembrane channel. Upon interaction with a cholinergic agonist, muscle nicotinic nAChRs conduct sodium ions. The influx of sodium ions rapidly short-circuits the normal

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ionic gradient maintained across the plasma membrane, thereby depolarizing the membrane. By reducing the potential difference across the membrane, a chemical signal is transduced into an electrical signal at the neuromuscular junction that induces muscle contraction.

- 5           Functional muscle nicotinic acetylcholine receptors have been formed with  $\alpha\beta\delta\gamma$  subunits,  $\alpha\beta\gamma$  subunits,  $\alpha\beta\delta$  subunits,  $\alpha\delta\gamma$  subunits, but not only with one subunit (see, e.g., Kurosaki *et al.* (1987) FEBS Lett. 214 253-258; Comacho *et al.* (1993) J. Neuroscience 13:605-613). In contrast, functional neuronal nAChRs can be formed from  $\alpha$  subunits
- 10 alone or combinations of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  subunits. The larger  $\alpha$  subunit is generally believed to be a ACh-binding subunit and the lower molecular weight  $\beta$  subunit is generally believed to be the structural subunit, although it has not been definitely demonstrated that the  $\beta$  subunit does not have the ability to bind ACh or participate in the formation of the ACh
- 15 binding site. Each of the subunits which participate in the formation of a functional ion channel are, to the extent they contribute to the structure of the resulting channel, "structural" subunits, regardless of their ability (or inability) to bind ACh. Neuronal nAChRs, which are also ligand-gated ion channels, are expressed in ganglia of the autonomic nervous system
- 20 and in the central nervous system (where they mediate signal transmission), and in pre- and extra-synaptic locations (where they modulate neurotransmission and may have additional functions; Wonnacott *et al.* (1990) In: progress in Brain Research, A. Nordberg *et al.*, Eds., Elsevier, Amsterdam) 157-163.
- 25           DNA encoding nAChRs has been isolated from several sources. Based on the information available from such work, it has been evident for some time that nAChRs expressed in muscle, in autonomic ganglia, and in the central nervous system are functionally diverse. This functional diversity could be due, at least in part, to the large number of

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different nAChR subunits which exist. There is an incomplete understanding, however, of how (and which) nAChR subunits combine to generate unique nAChR subtypes, particularly in neuronal cells. Indeed, there is evidence that only certain nAChR subtypes may be involved in  
5 disease such as Alzheimer's disease. Moreover, it is not clear whether nAChRs from analogous tissues or cell types are similar across species.

Accordingly, there is a need for the isolation and characterization of DNAs encoding each human neuronal nAChR subunit, recombinant cells containing such subunits and receptors prepared therefrom. In order  
10 to study the function of human neuronal nAChRs and to obtain disease-specific pharmacologically active agents, there is also a need to obtain isolated (preferably purified) human neuronal nAChRs, and isolated (preferably purified) human neuronal nAChR subunits. In addition, there is also a need to develop assays to identify such pharmacologically active  
15 agents.

The availability of such nucleic acids, cells, receptor subunits and receptor compositions will eliminate the uncertainty of speculating as to human neuronal nAChR structure and function based on predictions drawn from non-human nAChR data, or human or non-human muscle or  
20 ganglia nAChR data.

Therefore, it is an object herein to isolate and characterize DNA encoding subunits of human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptors. It is also an object herein to provide methods for recombinant production of human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor subunits. It is also an  
25 object herein to provide purified receptor subunits and to provide methods for screening compounds to identify compounds that modulate the activity of human neuronal nAChRs.

These and other objects will become apparent to those of skill in the art upon further study of the specification and claims.

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**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

Isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding human alpha ( $\alpha$ ) and beta ( $\beta$ ) subunits of neuronal nAChRs are provided. In particular, isolated DNA and RNA molecules encoding human  $\alpha_6$  and  $\beta_3$  subunits of neuronal nAChRs are provided. Messenger RNA and polypeptides encoded by the DNA are also provided.

Recombinant human neuronal nicotinic nAChR subunits, including  $\alpha_6$  and  $\beta_3$  subunits, as well as methods for the production thereof are also provided. In addition, recombinant human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptors containing at least one human neuronal nicotinic nAChR subunit are also provided, as well as methods for the production thereof. Also provided are recombinant neuronal nicotinic nAChRs that contain a mixture of one or more nAChR subunits encoded by a host cell, and one or more nAChR subunits encoded by heterologous DNA or RNA (*i.e.*, DNA or RNA as described herein that has been introduced into the host cell), as well as methods for the production thereof.

Plasmids containing DNA encoding the above-described subunits are also provided. Recombinant cells containing the above-described DNA, mRNA or plasmids are also provided herein. Such cells are useful, for example, for replicating DNA, for producing human nAChR subunits and recombinant receptors, and for producing cells that express receptors containing one or more human subunits.

The DNA, RNA, vectors, receptor subunits, receptor subunit combinations and cells provided herein permit production of selected neuronal nicotinic nAChR receptor subtypes and specific combinations thereof, as well as antibodies to the receptor subunits. This provides a means to prepare synthetic or recombinant receptors and receptor subunits that are substantially free of contamination from many other receptor proteins whose presence can interfere with analysis of a single

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nAChR subtype. The availability of desired receptor subtypes makes it possible to observe the effect of a drug substance on a particular receptor subtype and to thereby perform initial *in vitro* screening of the drug substance in a test system that is specific for humans and specific for a human neuronal nicotinic nAChR subtype.

Also provided herein, are single-stranded probes containing portions of the DNA molecules described herein and antibodies that specifically bind to proteins encoded by the DNA. Also provided herein is an isolated nucleic acid molecule containing nucleotides 98-211 of SEQ ID NO:15.

Proteins encoded by the DNA are also provided. The proteins may be prepared by expressing the DNA in a suitable prokaryotic or eukaryotic host cell and isolating the resulting protein.

Methods for identifying functional neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor subunits and combinations thereof are also provided.

Assays for identifying compounds that modulate the activity of human nicotinic acetylcholine receptors are also provided. The ability to screen drug substances *in vitro* to determine the effect of the drug on specific receptor compositions should permit the development and screening of receptor subtype-specific or disease-specific drugs. Also, testing of single receptor subunits or specific receptor subtype combinations with a variety of potential agonists or antagonists provides additional information with respect to the function and activity of the individual subunits and should lead to the identification and design of compounds that are capable of very specific interaction with one or more of the receptor subunits or receptor subtypes. The resulting drugs should exhibit fewer unwanted side effects than drugs identified by screening with cells that express a variety of subtypes.



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Further in relation to drug development and therapeutic treatment of various disease states, the availability of DNA and RNA encoding human neuronal nAChR subunits provides a means for identification of any alterations in such genes (e.g., mutations) that may correlate with the occurrence of certain disease states. In addition, the creation of animal models of such disease states becomes possible, by specifically introducing such mutations into synthetic DNA sequences which can then be introduced into laboratory animals or *in vitro* assay systems to determine the effects thereof.

#### 10 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF FIGURES

Figure 1 presents a restriction map of a cytomegalovirus (CMV) promoter-based vector pcDNA3-KEalpha6.3 that contains an  $\alpha_6$ -encoding fragment as an *EcoRI* insert.

Figure 2 presents a restriction map of a CMV promoter-based vector pcDNA3-KBbeta3.2 that contains a  $\beta_3$ -encoding fragment as an *EcoRI* insert.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

##### Definitions

Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as is commonly understood by one of skill in the art to which this invention belongs. All patents and publications referred to herein are, unless noted otherwise, incorporated by reference in their entirety.

As used herein, isolated (or substantially purified or pure) as a modifier of nucleic acid molecule, DNA, RNA, polypeptides or proteins means that the DNA, RNA, polypeptides or proteins so-designated have been separated from their *in vivo* cellular environments through the hand of man. Thus, for example, as used herein, isolated (or substantially pure) DNA refers to DNA fragments purified according to standard

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techniques employed by those skilled in the art (see, e.g., Maniatis et al. (1982) Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY).

Similarly, as used herein, "recombinant" as a modifier of DNA,  
5 RNA, polypeptides or proteins means that the DNA, RNA, polypeptides or proteins so designated have been prepared by the efforts of human beings, e.g., by cloning, recombinant expression, or such method. Thus, as used herein, recombinant proteins, for example, refers to proteins produced by a recombinant host expressing DNAs which have been  
10 added to that host through the efforts of human beings.

As used herein, vector (or plasmid) refers to discrete elements that are used to introduce heterologous DNA into cells for either expression or replication thereof. Selection and use of such vehicles are well within the level of skill of the art. An expression vector includes vectors capable of  
15 expressing DNA that is operatively linked with regulatory sequences, such as promoter regions, that are capable of effecting expression of such DNA fragments. Thus, an expression vector refers to a recombinant DNA or RNA construct, such as plasmid, a phage, recombinant virus or other vector that, upon introduction to a host cell, allows expression of DNA  
20 cloned into the appropriate site on the vector. Appropriate expression vectors are well known to those of skill in the art and include those that are replicable in eukaryotic cells and/or prokaryotic cells and those that remain episomal or those which integrate into the host cell genome. Presently preferred plasmids for expression of the nAChR subunits in  
25 eukaryotic host cells, particularly mammalian cells, include, but are not limited to, cytomegalovirus (CMV), Simian virus 40 (SV40) and mouse mammary tumor virus (MMTV) promoter-containing vectors such as pCMV, pcDNA1, pcDNA3, pZeoSV, pCEP4, pMAMneo and pMAMhyg.

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As used herein, a promoter region refers to a segment of DNA that controls transcription of DNA to which it is operatively linked. The promoter region includes specific sequences that are sufficient for RNA polymerase recognition, binding and transcription initiation. This portion of the promoter region is referred to as the promoter. In addition, the promoter region includes sequences that modulate this recognition, binding and transcription initiation activity of RNA polymerase. These sequences may be *cis* acting or may be responsive to *trans* acting factors. Promoters, depending upon the nature of the regulation, may be constitutive or regulated. Exemplary promoters contemplated for use herein include the SV40 early promoter, the cytomegalovirus (CMV) promoter, the mouse mammary tumor virus (MMTV) steroid-inducible promoter, and Moloney murine leukemia virus (MMLV) promoter, and other suitable promoters.

As used herein, the term "operatively linked" refers to the functional relationship of DNA with regulatory and effector sequences of nucleotides, such as promoters, enhancers, transcriptional and translational start and stop sites, and other signal sequences. For example, operative linkage of DNA to a promoter refers to the physical and functional relationship between the DNA and the promoter such that the transcript of such DNA is initiated from the promoter by an RNA polymerase that specifically recognizes, binds to and transcribes the DNA. In order to optimize expression and/or *in vitro* transcription, it may be necessary to remove or alter 5' untranslated portions of the clones to remove extra, potential alternative translation initiation (i.e., start) codons or other sequences that interfere with or reduce expression, either at the level of transcription or translation. Alternatively, consensus ribosome binding sites (see, for example, Kozak (1991) J. Biol. Chem. 266:19867-19870) can be inserted immediately 5' of the start codon to enhance

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expression. The desirability of (or need for ) such modification may be empirically determined.

As used herein, expression refers to the process by which polynucleic acids are transcribed into mRNA and translated into peptides, polypeptides, or proteins. If the polynucleic acid is derived from genomic DNA, expression may, if an appropriate eukaryotic host cell or organism is selected, include splicing of the mRNA.

Particularly preferred vectors for transfection of mammalian cells are the SV40 promoter-based expression vectors, such as pZeoSV (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA), CMV promoter-based vectors such as pcDNA1, pcDNA3, pCEP4 (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA), and MMTV promoter-based vectors such as pMAMneo (Clontech, Inc.).

As used herein, a human alpha ( $\alpha$ ) subunit gene is a gene that encodes an alpha subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor. Alpha subunits of human nAChRs typically exhibit a conservation of adjacent cysteine residues in the presumed extracellular domain of the subunit that are the homologs of cysteines 192 and 193 of the *Torpedo* alpha subunit (see Noda et al. (1982) Nature 299:793-797).

As used herein, an alpha subunit subtype refers to a human neuronal nAChR subunit that is encoded by DNA that hybridizes under high stringency conditions to at least one of the neuronal nAChR alpha subunit-encoding DNA clones disclosed herein. An alpha subunit generally binds to ACh under physiological conditions and at physiological concentrations and, in the optional presence of a beta subunit (i.e., some alpha subunits are functional alone, while others require the presence of a beta subunit), generally forms a functional nAChR as assessed by methods described herein or known to those of skill in this art.

Also contemplated are alpha subunits encoded by DNA molecules that encode alpha subunits as defined above, but that by virtue of

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degeneracy of the genetic code do not necessarily hybridize to the disclosed DNA under specified hybridization conditions. Such subunits also form a functional receptor, as assessed by the methods described herein or known to those of skill in the art, generally with one or more

5 beta subunit subtypes. Typically, unless an alpha subunit is encoded by RNA that arises from alternative splicing (i.e., a splice variant), alpha-encoding DNA and the alpha subunit encoded thereby share substantial sequence homology with at least one of the alpha subunit DNAs (and proteins encoded thereby) described herein. It is understood that DNA or

10 RNA encoding a splice variant may overall share less than 90% homology with the DNA or RNA provided herein, but include regions of nearly 100% homology to a DNA fragment described herein, and encode an open reading frame that includes start and stop codons and encodes a functional alpha subunit.

15 As used herein, a human beta ( $\beta$ ) subunit gene is a gene that encodes a beta subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor. Assignment of the name "beta" to a putative neuronal nAChR subunit has been based on the lack of adjacent cysteine residues (which residues are characteristic of alpha subunits). The beta subunit is

20 frequently referred to as the structural nAChR subunit (although it is possible that beta subunits also have ACh binding properties). Combination of the appropriate beta subunit(s) with appropriate alpha subunit(s) leads to the formation of a functional receptor.

As used herein, a beta subunit subtype refers to a neuronal nAChR

25 subunit that is encoded by DNA that hybridizes under high stringency conditions to at least one of the neuronal nAChR-encoding DNAs disclosed herein. A beta subunit may form a functional nAChR, as assessed by methods described herein or known to those of skill in this art, with appropriate alpha subunit subtype(s).

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Also contemplated are beta subunits encoded by DNA that encodes beta subunits as defined above, but that by virtue of degeneracy of the genetic code do not necessarily hybridize to the disclosed DNA under the specified hybridization conditions. Such subunits may also form

5 functional receptors, as assessed by the methods described herein or known to those of skill in the art, in combination with appropriate alpha subunit subtype(s). Typically, unless a beta subunit is encoded by RNA that arises as a splice variant, beta-encoding DNA and the beta subunit encoded thereby share substantial sequence homology with the beta-

10 encoding DNA and beta subunit protein described herein. It is understood that DNA or RNA encoding a splice variant may share less than 90% overall homology with the DNA or RNA provided herein, but such DNA will include regions of nearly 100% homology to the DNA described herein.

15 As used herein, a nAChR subtype refers to a nicotinic acetylcholine receptor containing a particular combination of  $\alpha$  and/or  $\beta$  subunit subtypes, e.g., a receptor containing human nAChR  $\alpha_6$  and  $\beta_3$  subunits.

As used herein, a splice variant refers to variant nAChR subunit-encoding nucleic acid(s) produced by differential processing of primary

20 transcript(s) of genomic DNA, resulting in the production of more than one type of mRNA. cDNA derived from differentially processed genomic DNA will encode nAChR subunits that have regions of complete amino acid identity and regions having different amino acid sequences. Thus, the same genomic sequence can lead to the production of multiple,

25 related mRNAs and proteins. The resulting mRNA and proteins are referred to as "splice variants".

As used herein, heterologous or foreign DNA and RNA are used interchangeably and refer to DNA or RNA that does not occur naturally as part of the genome in which it is present or which is found in a location

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or locations in the genome that differ from that in which it occurs in nature. It is typically DNA or RNA that is not endogenous to the cell and has been artificially introduced into the cell. Examples of heterologous DNA include, but are not limited to, DNA that encodes a human nAChR subunit and DNA that encodes RNA or proteins that mediate or alter expression of endogenous DNA by affecting transcription, translation, or other regulatable biochemical processes. The cell that expresses the heterologous DNA, such as DNA encoding a human nAChR subunit, may contain DNA encoding the same or different nicotinic acetylcholine receptor subunits. The heterologous DNA need not be expressed and may be introduced in a manner such that it is integrated into the host cell genome or is maintained episomally.

Stringency of hybridization is used herein to refer to conditions under which polynucleic acid hybrids are stable. As known to those of skill in the art, the stability of hybrids is reflected in the melting temperature ( $T_m$ ) of the hybrids.  $T_m$  can be approximated by the formula:  $81.5^{\circ}\text{C} - 16.6 (\log_{10}[\text{Na}^+]) + 0.41 (\%G + C) - 600/L$ , where  $L$  is the length of the hybrids in nucleotides.  $T_m$  decreases approximately  $1\text{--}1.5^{\circ}\text{C}$  with every 1% decrease in sequence homology. In general, the stability of a hybrid is a function of sodium ion concentration and temperature. Typically, the hybridization reaction is performed under conditions of lower stringency, followed by washes of varying, but higher, stringency. Reference to hybridization stringency relates to such washing conditions.

As used herein:

(1) HIGH STRINGENCY conditions, with respect to fragment hybridization, refer to conditions that permit hybridization of only those nucleic acid sequences that form stable hybrids in 0.018M NaCl at  $65^{\circ}\text{C}$  (i.e., if a hybrid is not stable in 0.018M NaCl at  $65^{\circ}\text{C}$ , it will not be stable

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under high stringency conditions, as contemplated herein). High stringency conditions can be provided, for example, by hybridization in 50% formamide, 5X Denhardt's solution, 5X SSPE, 0.2% SDS, 200  $\mu$ g/ml denaturated sonicated herring sperm DNA, at 42°C, followed by  
5 washing in 0.1X SSPE, and 0.1% SDS at 65°C;

(2) MODERATE STRINGENCY conditions, with respect to fragment hybridization, refer to conditions equivalent to hybridization in 50% formamide, 5X Denhardt's solution, 5X SSPE, 0.2% SDS, 200  $\mu$ g/ml denaturated sonicated herring sperm DNA, at 42°C, followed by washing in  
10 0.2X SSPE, 0.2% SDS, at 60°C;

(3) LOW STRINGENCY conditions, with respect to fragment hybridization, refer to conditions equivalent to hybridization in 10% formamide, 5X Denhardt's solution, 6X SSPE, 0.2% SDS, 200  $\mu$ g/ml denaturated sonicated herring sperm DNA, followed by washing in 1X  
15 SSPE, 0.2% SDS, at 50°C; and

(4) HIGH STRINGENCY conditions, with respect to oligonucleotide (i.e., synthetic DNA  $\leq$  about 30 nucleotides in length) hybridization, refer to conditions equivalent to hybridization in 10% formamide, 5X Denhardt's solution, 6X SSPE, 0.2% SDS, 200  $\mu$ g/ml denaturated  
20 sonicated herring sperm DNA, at 42°C, followed by washing in 1X SSPE, and 0.2% SDS at 50°C.

It is understood that these conditions may be duplicated using a variety of buffers and temperatures and that they are not necessarily precise.

25 Denhardt's solution and SSPE (see, e.g., Sambrook et al. (1989) Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2nd Ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY) are well known to those of skill in the art as are other suitable hybridization buffers. For example, SSPE is pH 7.4 phosphate-buffered 0.18M NaCl. SSPE can be prepared,



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for example, as a 20X stock solution by dissolving 175.3 g of NaCl, 27.6 g of  $\text{NaH}_2\text{PO}_4$  and 7.4 g EDTA in 800 ml of water, adjusting the pH to 7.4, and then adding water to 1 liter. Denhardt's solution (see, Denhardt (1966) Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 23:641) can be prepared, for  
5 example, as a 50X stock solution by mixing 5 g Ficoll (Type 400, Pharmacia LKB Biotechnology, INC., Piscataway NJ), 5 g of polyvinylpyrrolidone, 5 g bovine serum albumin (Fraction V; Sigma, St. Louis MO) water to 500 ml and filtering to remove particulate matter.

As used herein, the phrase "substantial sequence homology" refers  
10 to two sequences of nucleotides that share at least about 90% identity, and amino acid sequences which typically share greater than 95% amino acid identity. It is recognized, however, that proteins (and DNA or mRNA encoding such proteins) containing less than the above-described level of homology arising as splice variants or that are modified by conservative  
15 amino acid substitutions (or substitution of degenerate codons) are contemplated herein.

The phrase "substantially the same" is used herein in reference to the nucleotide sequence of DNA, the ribonucleotide sequence of RNA, or the amino acid sequence or protein, that have slight and non-  
20 consequential sequence variations from the actual sequences disclosed herein. Species that are substantially the same are considered to be functionally equivalent to the disclosed sequences. Thus, as used herein functionally equivalent nucleic acid molecules or proteins are those that are sufficiently similar to function in substantially the same manner to  
25 achieve substantially the same results.

As used herein, "slight and non-consequential sequence variations" mean that sequences that are substantially the same as the DNA, RNA, or proteins disclosed and claimed herein are functionally equivalent to the human-derived sequences disclosed and claimed herein. Functionally

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equivalent sequences will function in substantially the same manner to produce substantially the same compositions as the human-derived nucleic acid and amino acid compositions disclosed and claimed herein. In particular, functionally equivalent DNA molecules encode human-

5 derived proteins that are the same as those disclosed herein or that have conservative amino acid variations, such as substitution of a non-polar residue for another non-polar residue or a charged residue for a similarly charged residue (see, e.g., Table 1). These changes include those recognized by those of skill in the art as those that do not substantially

10 alter the tertiary structure of the protein.

Suitable conservative substitutions of amino acids are known to those of skill in this art and may be made generally without altering the biological activity of the resulting molecule. Those of skill in this art recognize that, in general, single amino acid substitutions in non-essential

15 regions of a polypeptide do not substantially alter biological activity (see, e.g., Watson et al. *Molecular Biology of the Gene*, 4th Edition, 1987, The Benjamin/Cummings Pub. co., p.224). Such substitutions are preferably made in accordance with those set forth in TABLE 1 as follows:

20

TABLE 1

|    | Original residue | Conservative substitution |
|----|------------------|---------------------------|
|    | Ala (A)          | Gly; Ser                  |
|    | Arg (R)          | Lys                       |
|    | Asn (N)          | Gln; His                  |
| 25 | Cys (C)          | Ser; neutral amino acids  |
|    | Gln (Q)          | Asn                       |
|    | Glu (E)          | Asp                       |
|    | Gly (G)          | Ala; Pro                  |
|    | His (H)          | Asn; Gln                  |
| 30 | Ile (I)          | Leu; Val                  |
|    | Leu (L)          | Ile; Val                  |
|    | Lys (K)          | Arg; Gln; Glu             |
|    | Met (M)          | Leu; Tyr; Ile             |
|    | Phe (F)          | Met; Leu; Tyr             |
| 35 | Ser (S)          | Thr                       |
|    | Thr (T)          | Ser                       |
|    | Trp (W)          | Tyr                       |

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Original residue  
Tyr (Y)  
Val (V)

Conservative substitution  
Trp; Phe  
Ile; Leu

Other substitutions are also permissible and may be determined  
5 empirically or in accord with known conservative substitutions. Any such modification of the polypeptide may be effected by any means known to those of skill in this art.

As used herein, activity of a human neuronal nAChR refers to any activity characteristic of an nAChR. Such activity can typically be  
10 measured by one or more *in vitro* methods, and frequently corresponds to an *in vivo* activity of a human neuronal nAChR. Such activity may be measured by any method known to those of skill in the art, such as, for example, measuring the amount of current which flows through the recombinant channel in response to a stimulus.

15 Methods to determine the presence and/or activity of human neuronal nAChRs include, but are not limited to, assays that measure nicotine binding,  $^{86}\text{Rb}$  ion-flux,  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  influx, the electrophysiological response of cells, the electrophysiological response of oocytes injected with RNA. In particular, methods are provided herein for the  
20 measurement or detection of an nAChR-mediated response upon contact of cells containing the DNA or mRNA with a test compound.

As used herein, a recombinant or heterologous human neuronal nAChR refers to a receptor that contains one or more subunits encoded by heterologous DNA that has been introduced into and expressed in cells  
25 capable of expressing receptor protein. A recombinant human neuronal nAChR may also include subunits that are produced by DNA endogenous to the host cell. In certain embodiments, recombinant or heterologous human neuronal nAChR may contain only subunits that are encoded by heterologous DNA.

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As used herein, a functional neuronal nAChR is a receptor that exhibits an activity of neuronal nicotinic nAChRs as assessed by any *in vitro* or *in vivo* assay disclosed herein or known to those of skill in the art. Possession of any such activity that may be assessed by any

5 methods known to those of skill in the art and provided herein is sufficient to designate a receptor as functional. Methods for detecting nAChR protein and/or activity include, but are not limited to, for example, assays that measure nicotine binding,  $^{86}\text{Rb}$  ion-flux,  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  influx and the electrophysiological response of cells containing heterologous DNA or

10 mRNA encoding one or more receptor subunit subtypes. Since all combinations of alpha and beta subunits may not form functional receptors, numerous combinations of alpha and beta subunits may be tested in order to fully characterize a particular subunit and cells which produce same. Thus, as used herein, "functional" with respect to a

15 recombinant or heterologous human neuronal nAChR means that the receptor channel is able to provide for and regulate entry of human neuronal nAChR-permeable ions, such as, for example,  $\text{Na}^+$ ,  $\text{K}^+$ ,  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  or  $\text{Ba}^{2+}$ , in response to a stimulus and/or bind ligands with affinity for the receptor. Preferably such human neuronal nAChR activity is

20 distinguishable, such as by electrophysiological, pharmacological and other means known to those of skill in the art, from any endogenous nAChR activity that may be produced by the host cell.

As used herein, one type of a "control" cell or "control" culture is a cell or culture that is treated substantially the same as the cell or culture

25 exposed to the test compound except that the control culture is not exposed to the test compound. Another type of a "control" cell or "control" culture may be a cell or a culture of cells which are identical to the transfected cells except the cells employed for the control culture do not express functional nicotinic acetylcholine receptors. In this situation,

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the response of test cell to the test compound is compared to the response (or lack of response) of the nicotinic acetylcholine receptor-negative cell to the test compound, when cells or cultures of each type of cell are exposed to substantially the same reaction

5 conditions in the presence of the compound being assayed.

As used herein, a compound or signal that "modulates the activity of a neuronal nAChR" refers to a compound or signal that alters the activity of nAChR so that activity of the nAChR is different in the presence of the compound or signal than in the absence of the compound

10 or signal. In particular, such compounds or signals include agonists and antagonists. The term agonist refers to a substance or signal, such as ACh, that activates receptor function; and the term antagonist refers to a substance that interferes with receptor function. Typically, the effect of an antagonist is observed as a blocking of activation by an agonist.

15 Antagonists include competitive and non-competitive antagonists. a competitive antagonist (or competitive blocker) interacts with or near the site specific for the agonist (e.g., ligand or neurotransmitter) for the same or closely situated site. A non-competitive antagonist or blocker inactivates the functioning of the receptor by interacting with a site other

20 than the site that interacts with the agonist.

#### A. Isolated DNA clones

DNA molecules encoding human alpha and beta subunits of neuronal nAChRs are provided. Specifically, isolated DNAs encoding  $\alpha_6$  and  $\beta_3$  subunits of human neuronal nAChRs are described herein.

25 Recombinant messenger RNA (mRNA) and recombinant polypeptides encoded by the above-described DNA are also provided.

For purposes herein, " $\alpha_6$  subunit-encoding nucleic acid " refers to DNA or RNA encoding a neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor subunit of the same name. Such nucleic acid molecules can be characterized in a

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number of ways, for example the nucleotides of the DNA (or ribonucleotides of the RNA) may encode the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:10 or SEQ ID NO:20.

- Presently preferred  $\alpha_6$ -encoding nucleic acid includes DNA or RNA
- 5 that hybridizes to the coding sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:9 (preferably to substantially the entire coding sequence thereof, i.e., nucleotides 143-1624) or SEQ ID NO:19 (preferably to substantially the entire coding sequence thereof, i.e., nucleotides 143-1579) under high stringency conditions.
- 10 Especially preferred  $\alpha_6$ -encoding nucleic acid molecules are those that encode a protein having substantially the same amino acid sequence (i.e., with only conservative amino acid substitutions) as that set forth in SEQ ID NO:10 or SEQ ID NO:20. Most preferred molecules include a
- 15 sequence of nucleotides (or ribonucleotides with U substituted for T) having substantially the same sequence of nucleotides as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 9 (i.e., particularly nucleotides 143-1624 thereof) or SEQ ID NO:19 (i.e., particularly nucleotides 143-1579 thereof).

- Typically, unless an  $\alpha_6$  subunit arises as a splice variant,  $\alpha_6$ -encoding DNA will share substantial sequence homology (i.e. greater than
- 20 about 90%), with a  $\alpha_6$ -encoding nucleic acid molecules described herein. DNA or RNA encoding a splice variant may share less than 90% overall sequence homology with the DNA or RNA provided herein, but such a splice variant would include regions of nearly 100% homology to one or more of the nucleic acid molecules provided herein.

- 25 Also provided herein are " $\beta_3$  subunit-encoding nucleic acids", which include DNA or RNA molecules that encode a neuronal nicotinic acetylcholin receptor subunit of the same name. Such nucleic acid molecules can be characterized in a number of ways, for example, the

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nucleotides of the DNA (or ribonucleotides of the RNA) may encode the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:16.

- Presently preferred  $\beta_3$ -encoding nucleic acid includes DNA or RNA that hybridizes under high stringency conditions to the coding sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:15 (preferably to substantially the entire coding sequence thereof, i.e., nucleotides 98-1471). More preferred are those nucleic acids that encode a protein that includes the sequence of amino acids (or substantially the sequence of amino acids with only conservative amino acid substitutions) set forth in SEQ ID NO:16.
- 5 Especially preferred  $\beta_3$ -encoding nucleic acid molecules provided herein have substantially the same nucleotide sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:15 (i.e., particularly nucleotides 98-1471 thereof).

- Typically, unless a  $\beta_3$  subunit arises as a splice variant,  $\beta_3$ -encoding nucleic acid will share substantial sequence homology (greater than about 90%) with the  $\beta_3$ -encoding nucleic acid molecules described herein. DNA or RNA encoding a splice variant may share less than 90% overall sequence homology with the DNA or RNA provided herein, but such nucleic would include regions of nearly 100% homology to one or more of the above-described nucleic acid molecules.
- 15

## 20 B. Probes

- DNA encoding human neuronal nicotinic nAChR alpha and beta subunits may be isolated by screening suitable human cDNA or human genomic libraries under suitable hybridization conditions with the DNA disclosed herein (including nucleotides derived from SEQ ID NOs:9 or 15).
- 25 Suitable libraries can be prepared from tissues such as neuronal tissue samples, basal ganglia, thalamus, and hypothalamus tissues. The library is preferably screened with a portion of DNA including the entire subunit-encoding sequence thereof, or the library may be screened with a suitable

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probe. Typically probes are labeled with an identifiable tag, such as a radiolabel, enzyme or other such tag known to those of skill in the art.

Probes for use in methods of isolating  $\alpha_6$ - and  $\beta_3$ -encoding nucleic acids are also provided. Thus, for example, with reference to human  $\alpha_6$  subunits, a probe is a single-stranded DNA or RNA molecule that has a sequence of nucleotides that includes at at least 27 contiguous bases that are the same as (or the complement of) any 27 bases set forth in SEQ ID NO:9 or SEQ ID NO:19.

With reference to human  $\beta_3$  subunits, a probe is single-stranded DNA or RNA that has a sequence of nucleotides that includes at least 28 contiguous bases that are the same as (or the complement of) any 28 bases derived from the first 105 nucleotides of signal sequence/coding sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:15.

Among the preferred regions from which to construct probes include, but are not limited to, 5' and/or 3' coding sequences, regions containing sequences predicted to encode transmembrane domains, regions containing sequences predicted to encode a cytoplasmic loop, signal sequences, and acetylcholine (ACh) and  $\alpha$ -bungarotoxin ( $\alpha$ -bgtx) binding sites. Amino acids that correspond to residues 190-198 of the *Torpedo* nAChR  $\alpha$  subunit (see, e.g., Karlin (1993) Curr. Opin. Neurobiol. 3:299-309) are typically involved in ACh and  $\alpha$ -bgtx binding. The approximate amino acid residues which include such regions for other probes are set forth in the following table, Table 2:

|    | Subunit      | Signal Sequence | TMD1*   | TMD2    | TMD3    | TMD4    | Cytoplasmic loop |
|----|--------------|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------------------|
| 25 | $\alpha_6$ * | 1-30            | 240-265 | 272-294 | 301-326 | 458-483 | 327-457          |
|    | $\beta_3$    | 1-20            | 231-258 | 265-287 | 293-318 | 421-446 | 319-420          |

\* TMD = transmembrane domain

\* With reference to the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:10.



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Alternatively, portions of the DNA can be used as primers to amplify selected fragments in a particular library.

**5 C. Isolation of clones encoding  $\alpha_6$  and  $\beta_3$  subunits of human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptors**

The probes are used to screen a suitable library. Suitable libraries for obtaining DNA encoding each subunit include, but are not limited to: substantia nigra, thalamus or hypothalamus to isolate human  $\alpha_6$ -encoding DNA and substantia nigra or thalamus to isolate human  $\beta_3$ -encoding DNA.

**10** After screening the library, positive clones are identified by detecting a hybridization signal; the identified clones are characterized by restriction enzyme mapping and/or DNA sequence analysis, and then examined, by comparison with the sequences set forth herein, to ascertain whether they include DNA encoding a complete alpha or beta

**15** subunit. If the selected clones are incomplete, they may be used to rescreen the same or a different library to obtain overlapping clones. If desired, the library can be rescreened with positive clones until overlapping clones that encode an entire alpha or beta subunit are obtained. If the library is a cDNA library, then the overlapping clones will

**20** include an open reading frame. If the library is genomic, then the overlapping clones may include exons and introns. Complete clones may be identified by comparison with the DNA and encoded proteins provided herein.

Complementary DNA clones encoding various subtypes of human

**25** neuronal nAChR alpha and beta subunits have been isolated. Each subtype of the subunit appears to be encoded by a different gene. The DNA clones provided herein may be used to isolate genomic clones encoding each subtype and to isolate any splice variants by screening libraries prepared from different neural tissues. Nucleic acid amplification

**30** techniques, which are well known in the art, can be used to locate splice

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- variants of human neuronal nAChR subunits. This is accomplished by employing oligonucleotides based on DNA sequences surrounding divergent sequence(s) as primers for amplifying human RNA or genomic DNA. Size and sequence determinations of the amplification products
- 5 can reveal the existence of splice variants. Furthermore, isolation of human genomic DNA sequences by hybridization can yield DNA containing multiple exons, separated by introns, that correspond to different splice variants of transcripts encoding human neuronal nAChR subunits.
- 10 It has been found that not all subunit subtypes are expressed in all neural tissues or in all portions of the brain. Thus, in order to isolate cDNA encoding particular subunit subtypes or splice variants of such subtypes, it is preferable to screen libraries prepared from different neuronal or neural tissues.
- 15 **D. Cells and vectors containing  $\alpha_6$ - and  $\beta_3$ -encoding nucleic acids**
- The above-described nucleic acid molecules encoding human nAChR subunits can be incorporated into vectors for further manipulation. Incorporation of cloned DNA into a suitable expression vector,
- 20 constructs encoding one or more distinct genes or with linear DNA, and selection of transfected cells are well known in the art (see, e.g., Sambrook *et al.* (1989) Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2nd Ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY).
- Heterologous DNA may be introduced into host cells by any method
- 25 known to those of skill in the art, such as transfection with an expression construct encoding the heterologous DNA by  $\text{CaPO}_4$  precipitation (see, e.g., Wigler *et al.* (1979) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 76:1373-1376). Recombinant cells can then be cultured under conditions whereby the subunit(s) encoded by the DNA is (are) expressed. Preferred cells

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include, but are not limited to, mammalian cells (e.g., HEK 293, CHO and Ltk cells), yeast cells (e.g., methylotrophic yeast cells, such as *Pichia pastoris*) and bacterial cells (e.g., *Escherichia coli*).

The nucleic acids encoding  $\alpha_6$  or  $\beta_3$  subunits can be incorporated  
5 into vectors individually or in combination with nucleic acids encoding other nicotinic acetylcholine receptor subunits for further manipulation. Full-length DNA clones encoding human neuronal nAChR subunits have been inserted into vector pcDNA3, a pUC19-based mammalian cell expression vector containing the CMV promoter/enhancer, a polylinker  
10 downstream of the CMV promoter/enhancer, followed by the bovine growth hormone (BGH) polyadenylation signal. Placement of nAChR subunit-encoding DNA between the CMV promoter and BGH polyadenylation signal provides for constitutive expression of the DNA in a mammalian host cell transfected with the construct. For inducible  
15 expression of human nAChR subunit-encoding DNA in a mammalian cell, the DNA can be inserted into a plasmid such as pMAMneo. This plasmid contains the mouse mammary tumor virus (MMTV) promoter for steroid-inducible expression of operatively associated foreign DNA. If the host cell does not express endogenous glucocorticoid receptors required for  
20 uptake of glucocorticoids (i.e., inducers of the MMTV promoter) into the cell, it is necessary to additionally transfect the cell with DNA encoding the glucocorticoid receptor (ATCC accession no. 67200).

In accordance with another embodiment, there are provided cells containing the above-described polynucleic acids (i.e., DNA or mRNA).  
25 Host cells such as bacterial, yeast and mammalian cells can be used for replicating DNA and producing nAChR subunit(s). Methods for constructing expression vectors, preparing *in vitro* transcripts, transfecting DNA into mammalian cells, injecting oocytes, and performing electrophysiological and other analyses for assessing receptor expression

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and function as described herein are also described in PCT Application Nos. PCT/US91/02311, PCT/US94/02447, PCT/US91/05625, and PCT/US92/11090, in U.S. Patent No. 5,369,028, and in co-pending U.S. Application Serial Nos. 07/563,751 and 07/812,254. The subject matter  
5 of these applications is hereby incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

While the DNA provided herein may be expressed in any eukaryotic cell, including yeast cells (such as, for example, *Pichia*, particularly *Pichia pastoris* (see U.S. Patent Nos. 4,882,279, 4,837,148, 4,929,555 and  
10 4,855,231), *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, *Candida tropicalis*, *Hansenula polymorpha*, and other yeast cells), mammalian expression systems, including commercially available systems and other such systems known to those of skill in the art, for expression of DNA encoding the human neuronal nicotinic nAChR subunits provided herein are presently  
15 preferred. *Xenopus* oocytes are preferred for expression of RNA transcripts of the DNA.

Cloned full-length DNA encoding any of the subunits of human neuronal nicotinic nAChR may be introduced into a plasmid vector for expression in a eukaryotic cell. Such DNA may be genomic DNA or  
20 cDNA. Host cells may be transfected with one or a combination of plasmids, each of which encodes at least one human neuronal nAChR subunit. Heterologous DNA may be maintained in the cell as an episomal element or may be integrated into chromosomal DNA of the cell.

Eukaryotic cells in which DNA or RNA may be introduced include  
25 any cells that are transfectable by such DNA or RNA or into which such DNA or RNA may be injected. Preferred cells are those that can be transiently or stably transfected and also express the DNA and RNA. Presently most preferred cells are those that can form recombinant or heterologous human neuronal nicotinic nAChRs containing one or more

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subunits encoded by the heterologous DNA. Such cells may be identified empirically or selected from among those known to be readily transfected or injected.

Exemplary cells for introducing DNA include, but are not limited to, 5 cells of mammalian origin (e.g., COS cells, mouse L cells, Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, human embryonic kidney (HEK) cells, GH3 cells and other such cells known to those of skill in the art, amphibian cells (e.g., *Xenopus laevis* oöcytes) and yeast cells (e.g., *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, *Pichia pastoris*). Exemplary cells for expressing injected RNA 10 transcripts include *Xenopus laevis* oöcytes. Cells that are preferred for transfection of DNA are known to those of skill in the art or may be empirically identified, and include HEK 293 (which are available from ATCC under accession #CRL 1573); Ltk<sup>+</sup> cells (which are available from ATCC under accession #CCL1.3); COS-7 cells (which are available from 15 ATCC under accession #CRL 1651); and GH3 cells (which are available from ATCC under accession #CCL82.1). Presently preferred cells include GH3 cells and HEK 293 cells, particularly HEK 293 cells that have been adapted for growth in suspension and that can be frozen in liquid nitrogen and then thawed and regrown. HEK 293 cells are described, for 20 example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,024,939 to Gorman (see, also, Stillman et al., (1985) Mol. Cell. Biol. 5:2051-2060).

DNA can be stably incorporated into cells or may be transiently introduced using methods known in the art. Stably transfected mammalian cells may be prepared by transfecting cells either with one or 25 more expression constructs carrying DNA encoding nAChR subunits and a separate expression vector carrying a selectable marker gene (e.g., but not limited to, the gene for neomycin resistance, zeocin resistance, or hygromycin resistance) or with one or more expression constructs which carry the DNA encoding nAChR subunit and the selectable marker, and

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growing the transfected cells under conditions selective for cells expressing the marker gene(s). To produce such cells, the cells should be transfected with a sufficient concentration of subunit-encoding nucleic acids to form human neuronal nAChRs that contain the human subunits encoded by heterologous DNA. The precise amounts and ratios of DNA encoding the subunits may be empirically determined and optimized for a particular combination of subunits, cells and assay conditions.

Recombinant cells that express neuronal nAChR containing subunits encoded only by the heterologous DNA or RNA are especially preferred.

**10 E. Recombinant nAChRs and nAChR Subunit Proteins**

Provided herein are substantially pure human nAChR subunit proteins, particularly human  $\alpha_6$  and  $\beta_3$  subunit proteins. Also provided herein are recombinant nAChR containing at least one of the human nAChR subunit proteins. Thus, a further embodiment provided herein contains methods of producing recombinant human nAChR subunits and receptors containing the subunits.

In preferred embodiments, DNA encoding human nAChR subunit(s), particularly human nAChR  $\alpha_6$  and/or  $\beta_3$  subunits, is ligated into a vector, and the resulting construct is introduced into suitable host cells to produce transformed cell lines that express a specific human neuronal nAChR receptor subtype, or specific combinations of subtypes. The resulting cell lines can then be produced in quantity for reproducible quantitative analysis of the effects of drugs on receptor function. In other embodiments, mRNA may be produced by *in vitro* transcription of DNA encoding each subunit. This mRNA, either from a single subunit clone or from a combination of clones, can then be injected into *Xenopus* oocytes where the mRNA directs the synthesis of the human receptor subunits, which then form functional receptors. Alternatively, the subunit-encoding DNA can be directly injected into oocytes for expression

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of functional receptors. The transfected mammalian cells or injected oocytes may then be used in the methods of drug screening provided herein.

The resulting recombinant cells may be cultured or subcultured (or  
5 passaged, in the case of mammalian cells) from such a culture or a subculture thereof. Methods for transfection, injection and culturing recombinant cells are known to the skilled artisan. Similarly, the human neuronal nicotinic nAChR subunits may be purified using protein purification methods known to those of skill in the art. For example,  
10 antibodies or other ligands that specifically bind to one or more of the subunits may be used for affinity purification of the subunit or human neuronal nAChRs containing the subunits.

In accordance with one embodiment, methods for producing cells that express human neuronal nAChR subunits and functional receptors  
15 are also provided. In one such method, host cells are transfected with DNA encoding at least one alpha subunit of a neuronal nAChR and at least one beta subunit of neuronal nAChR. Using methods such as northern blot or slot blot analysis, transfected cells that contain alpha and/or beta subunit encoding DNA or RNA can be selected. Transfected  
20 cells are also analyzed to identify those that express nAChR protein. Analysis can be carried out, for example, by measuring the ability of cells to bind acetylcholine, nicotine, or a nAChR agonist, compared to the nicotine binding ability of untransfected host cells or other suitable control cells, or by electrophysiologically monitoring the currents through  
25 the cell membrane in response to a nAChR agonist.

In particularly preferred aspects, eukaryotic cells that contain heterologous DNA, express such DNA and form recombinant functional neuronal nAChR(s) are provided. In more preferred aspects, recombinant neuronal nAChR activity is readily detectable because it is a type that is

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absent from the untransfected host cell or is of a magnitude not exhibited in the untransfected cell. Such cells that contain recombinant receptors could be prepared, for example, by causing cells transformed with DNA encoding the human neuronal nicotinic nAChR  $\alpha_6$  and  $\beta_3$  subunits to

5 express the corresponding proteins in the presence or absence of one or more alpha and/or beta nAChR subunits. The resulting synthetic or recombinant receptor would contain the  $\alpha_6$  and  $\beta_3$  nAChR subunits. Such a receptor would be useful for a variety of applications, e.g., as part of an assay system free of the interferences frequently present in prior art

10 assay systems employing non-human receptors or human tissue preparations. Furthermore, testing of single receptor subunits with a variety of potential agonists or antagonists would provide additional information with respect to the function and activity of the individual subunits. Such information may lead to the identification of compounds

15 which are capable of very specific interaction with one or more of the receptor subunits. Such specificity may prove of great value in medical application.

Thus, DNA encoding one or more human neuronal nAChR subunits may be introduced into suitable host cells (e.g., eukaryotic or prokaryotic

20 cells) for expression of individual subunits and functional nAChRs. Preferably combinations of alpha and beta subunits may be introduced into cells: such combinations include combinations of any one or more of  $\alpha_2$ ,  $\alpha_3$ ,  $\alpha_4$ ,  $\alpha_5$ ,  $\alpha_6$  and  $\alpha_7$  with  $\beta_2$ ,  $\beta_3$  and/or  $\beta_4$ . Sequence information for each of these subunits is presented in the Sequence Listing provided

25 herewith. Sequence information for  $\alpha_5$  is also presented in Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1992) 89:1572-1576; sequence information for  $\alpha_2$ ,  $\alpha_3$ ,  $\alpha_4$ ,  $\alpha_7$ ,  $\beta_2$  and  $\beta_4$  is also presented in PCT publication WO 94/20617, incorporated by reference herein. Presently preferred combinations of subunits include  $\alpha_6$  and/or  $\beta_3$  with any one or more of  $\alpha_2$ ,  $\alpha_3$ ,  $\alpha_4$ ,  $\alpha_5$ ,  $\beta_2$  or



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$\beta_4$ . It is recognized that some of the subunits may have ion transport function in the absence of additional subunits, while others require a combination of two or more subunits in order to display ion transport function. For example, the  $\alpha_7$  subunit is functional in the absence of any added beta subunit. Furthermore, some of the subunits may not form functional nAChRs alone or in combination, but instead may modulate the properties of other nAChR subunit combinations.

In certain embodiments, eukaryotic cells with heterologous human neuronal nAChRs are produced by introducing into the cells a first composition, which contains at least one RNA transcript that is translated in the cell into a subunit of a human neuronal nAChR. In preferred embodiments, the subunits that are translated include an alpha subunit of a human neuronal nAChR. More preferably, the composition that is introduced contains a RNA transcript which encodes an alpha subunit and also contains a RNA transcript which encodes a beta subunit of a human neuronal nAChR. RNA transcripts can be obtained from cells transfected with DNAs encoding human neuronal nAChR subunits or by *in vitro* transcription of subunit-encoding DNAs. Methods for *in vitro* transcription of cloned DNA and injection of the resulting mRNA into eukaryotic cells are well known in the art. Amphibian oocytes are particularly preferred for expression of *in vitro* transcripts of the human neuronal nAChR DNA clones. See e.g., Dascal (1989) CRC Crit. Rev. Biochem. 22:317-387, for a review of the use of *Xenopus oocytes* to study ion channels.

Thus, a stepwise introduction into cells of DNA or RNA encoding one or more alpha subtypes, and one or more beta subtypes is possible. The resulting cells may be tested by the methods provided herein or known to those of skill in the art to detect functional nAChR activity. Such testing will allow the identification of combinations of alpha and

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beta subunit subtypes that produce functional nAChRs, as well as individual subunits that produce functional nAChRs.

Recombinant receptors on recombinant eukaryotic cell surfaces may contain one or more subunits encoded by the DNA or mRNA  
5 encoding human neuronal nAChR subunits, or may contain a mixture of subunits encoded by the host cell and subunits encoded by heterologous DNA or mRNA. Recombinant receptors may be homogeneous or may be a mixture of subtypes. Mixtures of DNA or mRNA encoding receptors from various species, such as rats and humans, may also be introduced  
10 into the cells. Thus, a cell may be prepared that expresses recombinant receptors containing only  $\alpha_6$  and  $\beta_3$  subunits, or in combination with any other alpha and beta subunits provided herein. For example, either or both of the  $\alpha_6$  and  $\beta_3$  subunits provided herein can be co-expressed with  $\alpha_2$ ,  $\alpha_3$ ,  $\alpha_4$ ,  $\alpha_5$ ,  $\alpha_7$ ,  $\beta_2$  and/or  $\beta_4$  receptor subunits. As noted previously,  
15 some of the neuronal nAChR subunits may be capable of forming functional receptors in the absence of other subunits, thus co-expression is not always required to produce functional receptors. Moreover, some nAChR subunits may require co-expression with two or more nAChR subunits to participate in functional receptors.

## 20 F. Assays

In accordance with one embodiment provided herein, recombinant human neuronal nAChR-expressing mammalian cells or oocytes can be contacted with a test compound, and the modulating effect(s) thereof can then be evaluated by comparing the nAChR-mediated response in the  
25 presence and absence of test compound, or by comparing the nAChR-mediated response of test cells, or control cells to the presence of the compound.

As understood by those of skill in the art, assay methods for identifying compounds that modulate human neuronal nAChR activity

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(e.g., agonists and antagonists) generally require comparison to a control. As noted above, one type of a "control" cell or "control" culture is a cell or culture that is treated substantially the same as the cell or culture exposed to the test compound, except the control culture is not exposed to test compound. For example, in methods that use voltage clamp electrophysiological procedures, the same cell can be tested in the presence and absence of test compound, by merely changing the external solution bathing the cell. Another type of "control" cell or "control" culture may be a cell or a culture of cells which are identical to the transfected cells, except the cells employed for the control culture do not express functional human neuronal nAChRs. In this situation, the response of test cell to test compound is compared to the response (or lack of response) of receptor-negative (control) cell to test compound, when cells or cultures of each type of cell are exposed to substantially the same reaction conditions in the presence of compound being assayed.

Functional recombinant human neuronal nAChRs include at least an alpha subunit, or at least an alpha subunit and a beta subunit of a human neuronal nAChR. Eukaryotic cells expressing these subunits have been prepared by injection of RNA transcripts and by transfection of DNA. Such cells have exhibited nAChR activity attributable to human neuronal nAChRs that contain one or more of the heterologous human neuronal nAChR subunits.

With respect to measurement of the activity of functional heterologous human neuronal nAChRs, endogenous nAChR activity and, if desired, activity of nAChRs that contain a mixture of endogenous host cell subunits and heterologous subunits, should, if possible, be inhibited to a significant extent by chemical, pharmacological and electrophysiological means.

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### G. Antibodies

Also provided herein are antibodies generated against the above-described nAChR subunits or portions thereof. Such antibodies may be employed for assessing receptor tissue localization, subtype composition, structure of functional domains, purification of receptors, as well as in diagnostic and therapeutic applications. Preferably for therapeutic applications, the antibodies employed will be monoclonal antibodies.

The above-described antibodies can be prepared employing standard techniques, as are well known to those of skill in the art, using the nAChR subunit proteins, or portions thereof, described herein as antigens for antibody production. Both anti-peptide and anti-fusion protein antibodies can be used [see, for example, Bahouth *et al.* (1991) Trends Pharmacol. Sci. 12:338-343; Current Protocols in Molecular Biology (Ausubel *et al.*, eds.), John Wiley and Sons, New York (1989)]. Factors to consider in selecting portions of the nAChR subunits for use as immunogen (as either a synthetic peptide or a recombinantly produced bacterial fusion protein) include antigenicity, accessibility (i.e., extracellular and cytoplasmic domains), uniqueness to the particular subtype, and other factors known to those of skill in this art.

The availability of subtype-specific antibodies makes possible the application of the technique of immunochemistry to monitor the distribution and expression density of various subtypes (e.g., in normal vs. diseased brain tissue). The antibodies produced using the human nAChR subunits as immunogens have, among other properties, the ability to specifically and preferentially bind to and/or cause the immunoprecipitation of human nAChR or a subunit thereof which may be present in a biological sample or a solution derived from such a sample. Such antibodies may also be used to selectively isolate cells that express human nAChR that contain the subunit for which the antibodies are

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specific. Such antibodies could also be employed for diagnostic and therapeutic applications. In a further embodiment, there are provided methods for modulating the ion channel activity of nAChRs by contacting the receptors with an effective amount of the above-described antibodies.

- 5        The antibodies herein can be administered to a subject employing standard methods, such as, for example, by intraperitoneal, intramuscular, intravenous, or subcutaneous injection, implant or transdermal modes of administration. One of skill in the art can readily determine dose forms, treatment regimens, etc., depending on the mode  
10 of administration employed.

The following examples are included for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention.

#### EXAMPLE 1

##### Isolation of DNA Encoding Human nAChR $\alpha_6$ Subunits

- 15        A human substantia nigra cDNA library (Clontech Laboratories, Inc.) was screened for hybridization to a fragment of the rat nAChR  $\alpha_6$  subunit cDNA. Isolated plaques were transferred to nitrocellulose filters and hybridization was performed in 5X Denhardt's, 5X SSPE, 50% formamide, 200  $\mu$ g/ml denatured salmon sperm DNA and 0.2% SDS, at  
20 42°C. Washes were performed in 0.2X SSPE, 0.2% SDS, at 60°C.

- Five hybridizing clones were plaque-purified and characterized by restriction endonuclease mapping and DNA sequence analysis. The DNA sequence of the 5'- and 3'-ends of the cDNA inserts was determined using commercially available  $\lambda$ gt10 forward and reverse  
25 oligonucleotide primers. Analysis of the DNA sequence of the five cDNA inserts revealed that three clones contained the translational initiation codon, a full-length  $\alpha_6$  open reading frame (nucleotides 143-1624 of SEQ ID NO:9), the translational stop codon and 142 additional nucleotides of 5'- and 116 nucleotides of 3'- flanking sequences. The amino acid

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sequence deduced from the nucleotide sequence of the full-length clone has ~82% identity with the amino acid sequence deduced from the rat nAChR  $\alpha_6$  subunit DNA. Several regions of the deduced rat and human  $\alpha_6$  amino acid sequences are notably dissimilar:

- 5 amino acids 1-30 (the human signal sequence has only ~56% identity with respect to the rat sequence),  
amino acids 31-50 (the human sequence has only ~70% identity with respect to the rat sequence),  
amino acids 344-391 (the human sequence has only ~40%  
10 identity with respect to the rat sequence),  
amino acids 401-428 (the human sequence has only ~64% identity with respect to the rat sequence).

- Furthermore, the insert DNA of a single clone, KE $\alpha$ 6.5, was determined to be missing 45 nucleotides of  $\alpha_6$  coding sequence, resulting  
15 in an in-frame deletion of 15 amino acid residues of the deduced amino acid sequence (residues 74 to 88 of SEQ ID NO:10). The nucleotide sequence of an  $\alpha_6$  subunit variant lacking this sequence is shown in SEQ ID NO:19 and the amino acid sequence deduced therefrom is shown in SEQ ID NO:20. Interestingly, the deduced amino acid sequence  
20 immediately downstream of the site of the deletion shares only ~58% amino acid identity with the deduced rat  $\alpha_6$  amino acid sequence (amino acids 89-100 of SEQ ID NO:10).

## EXAMPLE 2

### Isolation of DNA Encoding A Human nAChR $\beta_3$ Subunit

- 25 A human substantia nigra cDNA library (Clontech Laboratories, Inc.) was screened for hybridization to synthetic oligonucleotides complementary to the human nicotinic nAChR  $\beta_3$  subunit cDNA. Isolated plaques were transferred to nitrocellulose filters and hybridized under high stringency conditions with respect to oligonucleotides (washing

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conditions 1X SSPE, 0.2% SDS at 50°C) with synthetic oligonucleotides complementary to sequences of the human  $\beta_3$  nAChR subunit cDNA that include nucleotides 212-230 and 1442-1469 of SEQ ID NO:15.

Two hybridizing clones were plaque-purified and characterized by  
5 restriction endonuclease mapping. The DNA sequence of the 5'- and 3'-  
ends of the cDNA insert was determined using commercially available T7  
and SP6 oligonucleotide primers. The complete sequence of clone  
KB $\beta$ 3.2 was determined. Clone KB $\beta$ 3.2 contains a 1927 bp cDNA insert  
that contains a 1,377-nucleotide open reading frame encoding a full-  
10 length  $\beta_3$  nAChR subunit (nucleotides 98-1471 SEQ ID NO:15) as well as  
97 nucleotides of 5'- and 454 nucleotides of 3'-untranslated sequence.  
The amino acid sequence deduced from the nucleotide sequence of the  
full-length clone has ~81% identity with the amino acid sequence  
deduced from the rat nicotinic nAChR  $\beta_3$  subunit DNA. Several regions of  
15 the deduced rat and human  $\beta_3$  amino acid sequences are notably  
dissimilar:

amino acids 1-28 (the human signal sequence has only ~25%  
identity with respect to the rat sequence),

amino acids 347-393 (the human sequence has only ~55%  
20 identity with respect to the rat sequence),

amino acids 440-464 (the human sequence has only ~68%  
identity with respect to the rat sequence).

### EXAMPLE 3

#### 25 Preparation of Constructs for the Expression of Recombinant Human Neuronal nAChR Subunits

Isolated cDNAs encoding human neuronal nAChR subunits were  
incorporated into vectors for use in expressing the subunits in mammalian  
host cells and for use in generating *in vitro* transcripts from the DNAs to

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be expressed in *Xenopus* oocytes. The following vectors were utilized in preparing the constructs.

**A. Constructs for Expressing Human nAChR  $\alpha_6$  Subunits**

- A 1,743 bp *EcoRI* fragment, encoding a full-length nAChR  $\alpha_6$  subunit, was isolated from KE $\alpha$ 6.3 by standard methods and ligated into the *EcoRI* polylinker site of the vector pcDNA3 to generate pcDNA3-KE $\alpha$ 6.3 (see Figure 1). Plasmid pcDNA3 (see Figure 1) is a pUC19-based vector that contains a CMV promoter/enhancer, a T7 bacteriophage RNA polymerase promoter positioned downstream of the CMV promoter/enhancer, a bovine growth hormone (BGH) polyadenylation signal downstream of the T7 promoter, and a polylinker between the T7 promoter and the BGH polyadenylation signal. This vector thus contains all of the regulatory elements required for expression in a mammalian host cell of heterologous DNA which has been incorporated into the vector at the polylinker. In addition, because the T7 promoter is located just upstream of the polylinker, this plasmid can be used for the synthesis of *in vitro* transcripts of heterologous DNA that has been subcloned into the vector at the polylinker. Furthermore, this plasmid contains a gene encoding neomycin resistance used as a selectable marker during transfection.

Figure 1 also shows a partial restriction map of pcDNA3-KE $\alpha$ 6.3.

- The expression of the full-length human nAChR  $\alpha_6$  subunit was optimized by the introduction of a consensus ribosome binding site [RBS; see, e.g., Kozak (1991) *J. Biol. Chem.* 266:19867-19870] prior to the translational start codon. The existing 5'-untranslated region was modified by PCR mutagenesis using the plasmid pcDNA3-KE $\alpha$ 6.3 as a DNA template and a complementary upstream oligonucleotide containing the appropriate nucleotide RBS substitutions as well as flanking 5' *HindIII* and *EcoRI* sites, and an oligonucleotide complementary to  $\alpha_6$  coding



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sequences ~450 nucleotides downstream of the translational start codon. The resulting amplification product contained *Hind*III and *Eco*RI sites followed by the consensus RBS and nucleotides 1-459 of the human nAChR  $\alpha_6$  coding sequence (nucleotides 143-602 of SEQ ID NO:9). The amplified DNA was digested with *Hind*III and *Bam*HI; the 308-bp *Hind*III-*Bam*HI fragment was isolated and ligated with the 5.3 kb *Bam*HI-*Pvu*I fragment of pcDNA3-KE $\alpha$ 6.3 and the 1.4-kb *Pvu*I to *Hind*III fragment from pcDNA3 to generate the ~7.0 kb plasmid pcDNA3-KE $\alpha$ 6RBS.

#### B. Constructs for Expressing Human Neuronal nAChR $\beta_3$ Subunits

An ~2.0 kb *Eco*RI fragment, encoding a full-length nicotinic AChR  $\beta_3$  subunit, was isolated from KB $\beta$ 3.2 by standard methods and ligated into the *Eco*RI polylinker site of the vector pcDNA3 to generate pcDNA3-KB $\beta$ 3.2 (see Figure 2). Figure 2 also shows a partial restriction map of pcDNA3.KB $\beta$ 3.2.

The expression of the full-length human nicotinic nAChR  $\beta_3$  subunit is optimized by the introduction of a consensus ribosome binding site (RBS) prior to the translational start codon. The existing 5'-untranslated region is modified by PCR mutagenesis using a method similar to that described above for the  $\alpha_6$  nAChR subunit to generate pcDNA3-KB $\beta$ 3RBS.

#### EXAMPLE 4

##### Expression of Recombinant Human Neuronal nAChR in *Xenopus*

*Xenopus* oocytes are injected with *in vitro* transcripts prepared from constructs containing DNA encoding  $\alpha_6$  and  $\beta_3$  subunits.

Electrophysiological measurements of the oocyte transmembrane currents are made using the two-electrode voltage clamp technique (see, e.g., Stuhmer (1992) *Meth. Enzymol.* 207:310-339).

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### 1. Preparation of *in vitro* transcripts

Recombinant capped transcripts of pcDNA3-KE $\alpha$ RBS and pcDNA3-KB $\beta$ 3RBS are synthesized from linearized plasmids using the mMessage and mMachine *in vitro* transcription kit according to the capped transcript  
5 protocol provided by the manufacturer (Catalog 1344 from AMBION, Inc., Austin, TX). The mass of the synthesized transcripts is determined by UV absorbance and the integrity of the transcripts is determined by electrophoresis through an agarose gel.

### 2. Electrophysiology

10 *Xenopus* oocytes are injected with either 12.5, 50 or 125 ng of one or more human nicotinic nAChR  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  subunit transcript per oocyte. The preparation and injection of oocytes is carried out as described by Dascal (1987) in *Crit. Rev. Biochem.* 22:317-387. Two-to-six days following mRNA injection, the oocytes are examined using the  
15 two-electrode voltage clamp technique. The cells are bathed in Ringer's solution (115 mM NaCl, 2.5 mM KCl, 1.8 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>, 10 mM HEPES, pH 7.3) containing 1  $\mu$ M atropine with or without 100  $\mu$ M d-tubocurarine. Cells are voltage-clamped at -60 to -80 mV. Data are acquired with Axotape software at 2-5 Hz. The agonists acetylcholine (ACh), nicotine,  
20 and cytosine are added at concentrations ranging from 0.1  $\mu$ M to 100  $\mu$ M.

### EXAMPLE 5

#### Recombinant Expression of Human nAChR Subunits in Mammalian Cells

Human embryonic kidney (HEK) 293 cells are transiently and stably transfected with DNA encoding human neuronal nicotinic nAChR  $\alpha_6$  and  
25  $\beta_3$  subunits. Transient transfectants are analyzed for expression of nicotinic nAChR using various assays, e.g., electrophysiological methods, Ca<sup>2+</sup>-sensitive fluorescent indicator-based assays.

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### 1. Transient Transfection of HEK Cells

HEK cells are transiently co-transfected with DNA encoding one or more  $\alpha$  subunit and/or one or more  $\beta$  subunits. Approximately  $2 \times 10^6$  HEK cells are transiently transfected with 18  $\mu\text{g}$  of the indicated  
5 plasmid(s) according to standard  $\text{CaPO}_4$  transfection procedures (Wigler et al. (1979) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 76:1373-1376) or using lipofectamine according to the manufacturer's instructions (Bethesda Research Laboratory (BRL), Gaithersburg, MD). In addition, 2  $\mu\text{g}$  of plasmid pCMV $\beta$ gal (Clontech Laboratories, Palo Alto, CA), which contains  
10 the *Escherichia coli*  $\beta$ -galactosidase gene fused to the CMV promoter, are co-transfected as a reporter gene for monitoring the efficiency of transfection. The transfectants are analyzed for  $\beta$ -galactosidase expression by measurement of  $\beta$ -galactosidase activity [Miller (1972) Experiments in Molecular Genetics, pp. 352-355, Cold Spring Harbor  
15 Press]. Transfectants can also be analyzed for  $\beta$ -galactosidase expression by direct staining of the product of a reaction involving  $\beta$ -galactosidase and the X-gal substrate [Jones (1986) *EMBO* 5:3133-3142].

### 2. Stable Transfection of HEK Cells

HEK cells are transfected using the calcium phosphate transfection  
20 procedure [*Current Protocols in Molecular Biology*, Vol. 1, Wiley Inter-Science, Supplement 14, Unit 9.1.1-9.1.9 (1990)]. HEK cells are transfected with 1 ml of DNA/calcium phosphate precipitate containing the DNA encoding the desired alpha and beta subunits and pSV2neo (as a selectable marker). After 14 days of growth in medium containing  
25 1  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$  G418, colonies form and are individually isolated by using cloning cylinders. The isolates are subjected to limiting dilution and screened to identify those that expressed the highest level of nAChR, as described below.

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**EXAMPLE 6****Characterization of Cell Lines Expressing Human Neuronal nAChRs**

Recombinant cell lines generated by transfection with DNA  
5 encoding human neuronal nAChR subunits, such as those described in  
EXAMPLE 5, can be further characterized using one or more of the  
following methods.

**A. Northern or slot blot analysis for expression of  $\alpha$ - and/or  
 $\beta$ -subunit encoding messages**

10 Total RNA is isolated from  $\sim 1 \times 10^7$  cells and 10-15  $\mu\text{g}$  of RNA  
from each cell type is used for Northern or slot blot hybridization analysis.  
The inserts from human neuronal nAChR-encoding plasmids can be nick-  
translated and used as probe. In addition, a fragment of the  
glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPD) gene sequence (Tso  
15 et al. (1985) Nucleic Acids Res. 13:2485) can be nick-translated and  
used as a control probe on duplicate filters to confirm the presence or  
absence of RNA on each blot and to provide a rough standard for use in  
quantitating differences in  $\alpha$ - or  $\beta$ - specific mRNA levels between cell  
lines. Typical Northern and slot blot hybridization and wash conditions  
20 are as follows:

hybridization in 5x SSPE, 5X Denhardt's solution, 0.2% SDS, 200  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$   
denatured, sonicated herring sperm DNA, 50% formamide, at 42°C  
followed by washing in 0.1x SSPE, 0.1% SDS, at 65°C.

**B. Binding assay**

25 Cell lines generated by transfection with human neuronal nAChR  $\alpha$ -  
or  $\alpha$ - and  $\beta$ -subunit-encoding DNA can be analyzed for their ability to bind  
nicotine or other agonist, for example, as compared to control cell lines:  
e.g., neuronally-derived cell lines PC12 (Boulter et al. (1986) Nature  
319:368-374; ATCC #CRL1721) and IMR32 (Clementi, et al. (1986) Int.  
30 J. Neurochem. 47:291-297; ATCC #CCL127), and muscle-derived cell

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line BC3H1 (Patrick, et al. (1977) J. Biol. Chem. 252:2143-2153).

Negative control cells (i.e., host cells from which the transfectants were prepared) are also included in the assay. The assay is conducted as follows:

- 5 Just prior to being assayed, transfected cells are removed from plates by scraping. Positive control cells used are PC12, BC3H1, and IMR32 (which had been starved for fresh media for seven days). Control cell lines are removed by rinsing in 37°C assay buffer (50mM Tris/HCl, 1 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 2 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>, 120 mM NaCl, 3 mM EDTA, 2 mg/ml BSA and 0.1% aprotinin at pH 7.4).
- 10 The cells are washed and resuspended to a concentration of  $1 \times 10^6/250 \mu\text{l}$ . To each plastic assay tube is added 250  $\mu\text{l}$  of the cell solution, 15 nM <sup>3</sup>H-nicotine, with or without 1 mM unlabeled nicotine, and assay buffer to make a final volume of 500  $\mu\text{l}$ . The assays for the transfected cell lines are incubated for 30 min at room
- 15 temperature; the assays of the positive control cells are incubated for 2 min at 1°C. After the appropriate incubation time, 450  $\mu\text{l}$  aliquots of assay volume are filtered through Whatman GF/C glass fiber filters which have been pretreated by incubation in 0.05% polyethylenimine for 24 hours at 4°C. The filters are then washed twice, with 4 ml each wash,
- 20 with ice cold assay buffer. After washing, the filters are dried, added to vials containing 5 ml scintillation fluid and radioactivity is measured.

#### C. <sup>86</sup>Rb ion-flux assay

- The ability of nicotine or nAChR agonists and antagonists to mediate the influx of <sup>86</sup>Rb into transfected and control cells has been
- 25 found to provide an indication of the presence of functional nAChRs on the cell surface. The <sup>86</sup>Rb ion-flux assay is conducted as follows:
    1. The night before the experiment, cells are plated at  $2 \times 10^6$  per well (i.e., 2 ml per well) in a 6-well polylysine-coated plate.

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2. The culture medium is decanted and the plate washed with 2 ml of assay buffer (50 mM HEPES, 260 mM sucrose, 5.4 mM KCl, 1.8 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.8 mM MgSO<sub>4</sub>, 5.5 mM glucose) at room temperature.
3. The assay buffer is decanted and 1 ml of assay buffer, containing 3  
5  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$  <sup>86</sup>Rb, with 5mM ouabain and agonist or antagonist in a concentration to effect a maximum response, is added.
4. The plate is incubated on ice at 1°C for 4 min.
5. The buffer is decanted into a waste container and each well was washed with 3 ml of assay buffer, followed by two washes of 2 ml each.
- 10 6. The cells are lysed with 2 x 0.5 ml of 0.2% SDS per well and transferred to a scintillation vial containing 5 ml of scintillation fluid.
7. The radioactivity contained in each vial 5 is measured and the data calculated. Positive control cells provided the following data in this assay:

| 15 |                | PC12               |                   | IMR32              |                   |
|----|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
|    |                | EC <sub>50</sub>   | Maximum Response  | EC <sub>50</sub>   | Maximum Response  |
| 20 | Agonist        |                    |                   |                    |                   |
|    | nicotine       | 52 $\mu\text{M}$   | 2.1X <sup>a</sup> | 18 $\mu\text{M}$   | 7.7X <sup>a</sup> |
|    | CCh*           | 35 $\mu\text{M}$   | 3.3X <sup>b</sup> | 230 $\mu\text{M}$  | 7.6X <sup>c</sup> |
|    | Cytisine       | 57 $\mu\text{M}$   | 3.6X <sup>d</sup> | 14 $\mu\text{M}$   | 10X <sup>e</sup>  |
|    | Antagonist     |                    |                   |                    |                   |
| 25 | d-tubocurarine | 0.81 $\mu\text{M}$ |                   | 2.5 $\mu\text{M}$  |                   |
|    | mecamylamine   | 0.42 $\mu\text{M}$ |                   | 0.11 $\mu\text{M}$ |                   |
|    | hexamethonium  | nd <sup>f</sup>    |                   | 22 $\mu\text{M}$   |                   |
|    | atropine       | 12.5 $\mu\text{M}$ |                   | 43 $\mu\text{M}$   |                   |

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\*CCh = carbamylcholine

<sup>a</sup> 200 $\mu$ M nicotine

<sup>b</sup> 300 $\mu$ M CCh

<sup>c</sup> 3mM CCh

<sup>d</sup> 1mM cytisine

<sup>e</sup> 100  $\mu$ M cytisine

<sup>f</sup> nd = not determined

5

**D. Electrophysiological Analysis of Mammalian Cells Transfected with Human Neuronal nAChR Subunit-encoding DNA**

10

Electrophysiological measurements may be used to assess the activity of recombinant receptors or to assess the ability of a test compound to potentiate, antagonize or otherwise modulate the magnitude and duration of the flow of cations through the ligand-gated recombinant nAChR. The function of the expressed neuronal nAChR can be assessed by a variety of electrophysiological techniques, including two-electrode voltage clamp and patch clamp methods. The cation-conducting channel intrinsic to the nAChR opens in response to acetylcholine (ACh) or other nicotinic cholinergic agonists, permitting the flow of transmembrane current carried predominantly by sodium and potassium ions under physiological conditions. This current can be monitored directly by voltage clamp techniques. In preferred embodiments, transfected mammalian cells or injected oocytes are analyzed electrophysiologically for the presence of nAChR agonist-dependent currents.

15

20

**E. Fluorescent Indicator-Based Assays**

25

Activation of the ligand-gated nAChR by agonists leads to an influx of cations, including  $Ca^{++}$ , through the receptor channel.  $Ca^{++}$  entry into the cell through the channel can induce release of calcium contained in intracellular stores. Monovalent cation entry into the cell through the channel can also result in an increase in cytoplasmic  $Ca^{++}$  levels through depolarization of the membrane and subsequent activation of voltage-dependent calcium channels. Therefore, methods of detecting transient

30

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increases in intracellular calcium concentration can be applied to the analysis of functional nicotinic nAChR expression. One method for measuring intracellular calcium levels relies on calcium-sensitive fluorescent indicators.

- 5           Calcium-sensitive indicators, such as fluo-3 (Catalog No. F01241, Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR), are available as acetoxymethyl esters which are membrane permeable. When the acetoxymethyl ester form of the indicator enters a cell, the ester group is removed by cytosolic esterases, thereby trapping the free indicator in the cytosol.
- 10   Interaction of the free indicator with calcium results in increased fluorescence of the indicator; therefore, an increase in the intracellular  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  concentration of cells containing the indicator can be expressed directly as an increase in fluorescence. An automated fluorescence
- 15   U.S. Patent Application Serial Nos. 08/229,150, 08/244,985, 08/434,511, and 08/434,968 and corresponding published International PCT Patent Application No. US92/11090; see, also, published International PCT application No. 96/05488).

- 20           HEK cells that are transiently or stably co-transfected with DNA encoding appropriate  $\alpha$  and/or  $\beta$  subunits and  $\alpha_6$  and  $\beta_3$  subunits are analyzed for expression of functional recombinant nAChR using the automated fluorescent indicator-based assay. The assay procedure is as follows. Untransfected HEK cells and HEK cells co-transfected with DNA encoding the appropriate  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  subunits are plated in the wells of a 96-
- 25   well microtiter dish and loaded with fluo-3 by incubation for 2 hours at 20°C in a medium containing 20  $\mu\text{M}$  fluo-3, 0.2% Pluronic F-127 in HBS (125 mM NaCl, 5 mM KCl, 1.8 mM  $\text{CaCl}_2$ , 0.62 mM  $\text{MgSO}_4$ , 6 mM glucose, 20 mM HEPES, pH 7.4). The cells are then washed with assay buffer (i.e., HBS). The antagonist d-tubocurarine is added to some of the



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wells at a final concentration of 10  $\mu$ M. The microtiter dish is then placed into a fluorescence plate reader and the basal fluorescence of each well is measured and recorded before addition of agonist, e.g., 200  $\mu$ M nicotine, to the wells. The fluorescence of the wells is monitored

5 repeatedly during a period of approximately 60 seconds following addition of nicotine.

The fluorescence of the untransfected HEK cells does not change after addition of nicotine. In contrast, the fluorescence of the co-transfected cells, in absence of d-tubocurarine, increases dramatically  
10 after addition of nicotine to the wells. This nicotine-stimulated increase in fluorescence is not observed in co-transfected cells that had been exposed to the antagonist d-tubocurarine. Such results demonstrate that the co-transfected cells express functional recombinant nAChR that are activated by nicotine and blocked by d-tubocurarine.

15

While the invention has been described in detail with reference to certain preferred embodiments thereof, it will be understood that modifications and variations are within the spirit and scope of that which is described and claimed.

20

Since modifications will be apparent to those of skill in this art, it is intended that this invention be limited only by the scope of the appended claims.

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## SEQUENCE LISTING

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(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: HUMAN NEURONAL NICOTINIC ACETYLCHOLINE  
RECEPTOR COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS EMPLOYING SAME

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 20

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## (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette  
(B) COMPUTER: IBM Compatible  
(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS  
(D) SOFTWARE: FastSEQ Version 1.5

## (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

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(C) CLASSIFICATION:

## (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

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-49-

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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2664 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE:

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence
- (B) LOCATION: 555...2141
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: alpha2 subunit of human neuronal  
nicotinic acetylcholine receptor

- (A) NAME/KEY: 5'UTR
- (B) LOCATION: 1...554
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

- (A) NAME/KEY: 3'UTR
- (B) LOCATION: 2142...2666
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

|   |                             |                     |             |            |            |     |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------------|------------|------------|-----|
| GAGAGAACAG  | CGTGAGCCTG                  | TGTGCTTGTTG         | TGCTGAGCCC  | TCATCCCCTC | CTGGGGCCAG | 60  |
| GCTTGGGTTT  | CACCTGCAGA                  | ATCGCTTGTTG         | CTGGGCTGCC  | TGGGCTGTCC | TCAGTGGCAC | 120 |
| CTGCATGAAG  | CCGTTCTGGC                  | TGCCAGAGCT          | GGACAGCCCC  | AGGAAAACCC | ACCTCTCTGC | 180 |
| AGAGCTTGCC  | CAGCTGTCCC                  | CGGGAAGCCA          | AATGCCTCTC  | ATGTAAGTCT | TCTGCTCGAC | 240 |
| GGGGTGTCTC  | CTAAACCCTC                  | ACTCTTCAGC          | CTCTGTTTGA  | CCATGAAATG | AAGTGACTGA | 300 |
| GCTCTATTCT  | GTACCTGCCA                  | CTCTATTTCT          | GGGGTGACTT  | TTGTCAGCTG | CCCAGAATCT | 360 |
| CCAAGCCAGG  | CTGGTTCTCT                  | GCATCCTTTC          | AATGACCTGT  | TTTCTTCTGT | AACCACAGGT | 420 |
| TCGGTGGTGA  | GAGGAAGCCT                  | CGCAGAATCC          | AGCAGAATCC  | TCACAGAATC | CAGCAGCAGC | 480 |
| TCTGCTGGGG  | ACATGGTCCA                  | TGGTGCAACC          | CACAGCAAAG  | CCCTGACCTG | ACCTCCTGAT | 540 |
| GCTCAGGAGA  | AGCC ATG GGC CCC TCC        | TGT CCT GTG         | TTC CTG TCC | TTC ACA    |            | 590 |
|   | Met Gly Pro Ser Cys Pro Val | Phe Leu Ser Phe Thr |             |            |            |     |
|   | 1                           | 5                   | 10          |            |            |     |
| AAG CTC AGC CTG TGG TGG CTC CTT CTG ACC CCA GCA GGT GGA GAG GAA | 638                         |                     |             |            |            |     |
| Lys Leu Ser Leu Trp Trp Leu Leu Leu Thr Pro Ala Gly Gly Glu Glu |                             |                     |             |            |            |     |
| 15  | 20                          | 25                  |             |            |            |     |
| GCT AAG CGC CCA CCT CCC AGG GCT CCT GGA GAC CCA CTC TCC TCT CCC | 686                         |                     |             |            |            |     |
| Ala Lys Arg Pro Pro Pro Arg Ala Pro Gly Asp Pro Leu Ser Ser Pro |                             |                     |             |            |            |     |
| 30  | 35                          | 40                  |             |            |            |     |
| AGT CCC ACG GCA TTG CCG CAG GGA GGC TCG CAT ACC GAG ACT GAG GAC | 734                         |                     |             |            |            |     |
| Ser Pro Thr Ala Leu Pro Gln Gly Gly Ser His Thr Glu Thr Glu Asp |                             |                     |             |            |            |     |

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| 45  | 50  | 55  | 60  |      |
|---|---|-----|-----|------|
| CGG CTC TTC AAA CAC CTC TTC CGG GGC TAC AAC CGC TGG GCG CGC CCG | Arg Leu Phe Lys His Leu Phe Arg Gly Tyr Asn Arg Trp Ala Arg Pro |     |     | 782  |
|   | 65  | 70  | 75  |      |
| GTG CCC AAC ACT TCA GAC GTG GTG ATT GTG CGC TTT GGA CTG TCC ATC | Val Pro Asn Thr Ser Asp Val Val Ile Val Arg Phe Gly Leu Ser Ile |     |     | 830  |
|   | 80  | 85  | 90  |      |
| GCT CAG CTC ATC GAT GTG GAT GAG AAG AAC CAA ATG ATG ACC ACC AAC | Ala Gln Leu Ile Asp Val Asp Glu Lys Asn Gln Met Met Thr Thr Asn |     |     | 878  |
|   | 95  | 100 | 105 |      |
| GTC TGG CTA AAA CAG GAG TGG AGC GAC TAC AAA CTG CGC TGG AAC CCC | Val Trp Leu Lys Gln Glu Trp Ser Asp Tyr Lys Leu Arg Trp Asn Pro |     |     | 926  |
|   | 110   | 115 | 120 |      |
| GCT GAT TTT GGC AAC ATC ACA TCT CTC AGG GTC CCT TCT GAG ATG ATC | Ala Asp Phe Gly Asn Ile Thr Ser Leu Arg Val Pro Ser Glu Met Ile |     |     | 974  |
|   | 125   | 130 | 135 | 140  |
| TGG ATC CCC GAC ATT GTT CTC TAC AAC AAT GCA GAT GGG GAG TTT GCA | Trp Ile Pro Asp Ile Val Leu Tyr Asn Asn Ala Asp Gly Glu Phe Ala |     |     | 1022 |
|   | 145   | 150 | 155 |      |
| GTG ACC CAC ATG ACC AAG GCC CAC CTC TTC TCC ACG GGC ACT GTG CAC | Val Thr His Met Thr Lys Ala His Leu Phe Ser Thr Gly Thr Val His |     |     | 1070 |
|   | 160   | 165 | 170 |      |
| TGG GTG CCC CCG GCC ATC TAC AAG AGC TCC TGC AGC ATC GAC GTC ACC | Trp Val Pro Pro Ala Ile Tyr Lys Ser Ser Cys Ser Ile Asp Val Thr |     |     | 1118 |
|   | 175   | 180 | 185 |      |
| TTC TTC CCC TTC GAC CAG CAG AAC TGC AAG ATG AAG TTT GGC TCC TGG | Phe Phe Pro Phe Asp Gln Gln Asn Cys Lys Met Lys Phe Gly Ser Trp |     |     | 1166 |
|   | 190   | 195 | 200 |      |
| ACT TAT GAC AAG GCC AAG ATC GAC CTG GAG CAG ATG GAG CAG ACT GTG | Thr Tyr Asp Lys Ala Lys Ile Asp Leu Glu Gln Met Glu Gln Thr Val |     |     | 1214 |
|   | 205   | 210 | 215 | 220  |
| GAC CTG AAG GAC TAC TGG GAG AGC GGC GAG TGG GCC ATC GTC AAT GCC | Asp Leu Lys Asp Tyr Trp Glu Ser Gly Glu Trp Ala Ile Val Asn Ala |     |     | 1262 |
|   | 225   | 230 | 235 |      |
| ACG GGC ACC TAC AAC AGC AAG AAG TAC GAC TGC TGC GCC GAG ATC TAC | Thr Gly Thr Tyr Asn Ser Lys Lys Tyr Asp Cys Cys Ala Glu Ile Tyr |     |     | 1310 |
|   | 240   | 245 | 250 |      |
| CCC GAC GTC ACC TAC GCC TTC GTC ATC CGG CGG CTG CCG CTC TTC TAC | Pro Asp Val Thr Tyr Ala Phe Val Ile Arg Arg Leu Pro Leu Phe Tyr |     |     | 1358 |
|   | 255   | 260 | 265 |      |
| ACC ATC AAC CTC ATC ATC CCC TGC CTG CTC ATC TCC TGC CTC ACT GTG | Thr Ile Asn Leu Ile Ile Pro Cys Leu Leu Ile Ser Cys Leu Thr Val |     |     | 1406 |
|   | 270   | 275 | 280 |      |
| CTG GTC TTC TAC CTG CCC TCC GAC TGC GGC GAG AAG ATC ACG CTG TGC | Leu Val Phe Tyr Leu Pro Ser Asp Cys Gly Glu Lys Ile Thr Leu Cys |     |     | 1454 |
|   | 285   | 290 | 295 | 300  |

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|   |      |
|---|------|
| ATT TCG GTG CTG CTG TCA CTC ACC GTC TTC CTG CTG CTC ATC ACT GAG<br>Ile Ser Val Leu Leu Ser Leu Thr Val Phe Leu Leu Leu Ile Thr Glu<br>305 310 315     | 1502 |
| ATC ATC CCG TCC ACC TCG CTG GTC ATC CCG CTC ATC GGC GAG TAC CTG<br>Ile Ile Pro Ser Thr Ser Leu Val Ile Pro Leu Ile Gly Glu Tyr Leu<br>320 325 330     | 1550 |
| CTG TTC ACC ATG ATC TTC GTC ACC CTG TCC ATC GTC ATC ACC GTC TTC<br>Leu Phe Thr Met Ile Phe Val Thr Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Thr Val Phe<br>335 340 345     | 1598 |
| GTG CTC AAT GTG CAC CAC CGC TCC CCC AGC ACC CAC ACC ATG CCC CAC<br>Val Leu Asn Val His His Arg Ser Pro Ser Thr His Thr Met Pro His<br>350 355 360     | 1646 |
| TGG GTG CGG GGG GCC CTT CTG GGC TGT GTG CCC CGG TGG CTT CTG ATG<br>Trp Val Arg Gly Ala Leu Leu Gly Cys Val Pro Arg Trp Leu Leu Met<br>365 370 375 380 | 1694 |
| AAC CGG CCC CCA CCA CCC GTG GAG CTC TGC CAC CCC CTA CGC CTG AAG<br>Asn Arg Pro Pro Pro Pro Val Glu Leu Cys His Pro Leu Arg Leu Lys<br>385 390 395     | 1742 |
| CTC AGC CCC TCT TAT CAC TGG CTG GAG AGC AAC GTG GAT GCC GAG GAG<br>Leu Ser Pro Ser Tyr His Trp Leu Glu Ser Asn Val Asp Ala Glu Glu<br>400 405 410     | 1790 |
| AGG GAG GTG GTG GTG GAG GAG GAG GAC AGA TGG GCA TGT GCA GGT CAT<br>Arg Glu Val Val Val Glu Glu Glu Asp Arg Trp Ala Cys Ala Gly His<br>415 420 425     | 1838 |
| GTG GCC CCC TCT GTG GGC ACC CTC TGC AGC CAC GGC CAC CTG CAC TCT<br>Val Ala Pro Ser Val Gly Thr Leu Cys Ser His Gly His Leu His Ser<br>430 435 440     | 1886 |
| GGG GCC TCA GGT CCC AAG GCT GAG GCT CTG CTG CAG GAG GGT GAG CTG<br>Gly Ala Ser Gly Pro Lys Ala Glu Ala Leu Leu Gln Glu Gly Glu Leu<br>445 450 455 460 | 1934 |
| CTG CTA TCA CCC CAC ATG CAG AAG GCA CTG GAA GGT GTG CAC TAC ATT<br>Leu Leu Ser Pro His Met Gln Lys Ala Leu Glu Gly Val His Tyr Ile<br>465 470 475     | 1982 |
| GCC GAC CAC CTG CGG TCT GAG GAT GCT GAC TCT TCG GTG AAG GAG GAC<br>Ala Asp His Leu Arg Ser Glu Asp Ala Asp Ser Ser Val Lys Glu Asp<br>480 485 490     | 2030 |
| TGG AAG TAT GTT GCC ATG GTC ATC GAC AGG ATC TTC CTC TGG CTG TTT<br>Trp Lys Tyr Val Ala Met Val Ile Asp Arg Ile Phe Leu Trp Leu Phe<br>495 500 505     | 2078 |
| ATC ATC GTC TGC TTC CTG GGG ACC ATC GGC CTC TTT CTG CCT CCG TTC<br>Ile Ile Val Cys Phe Leu Thr Ile Gly Leu Phe Leu Pro Pro Phe<br>510 515 520         | 2126 |
| CTA GCT GGA ATG ATC TGA CTG CACC TCCCTCGAGC TGGCTCCCAG GGCAAAGGGG AG<br>Leu Ala Gly Met Ile<br>525  | 2183 |
| GGTTCTTGGA TGTGGAAGGG CTTTGAACAA TGTTTAGATT TGGAGATGAG CCCAAAGTGC   | 2243 |

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|            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| CAGGGAGAAC | AGCCAGGTGA | GGTGGGAGGT | TGGAGAGCCA | GGTGAGGTCT | CTCTAAGTCA | 2303 |
| GGCTGGGGTT | GAAGTTTGGG | GTCTGTCCGA | GTTTGCAGGG | TGCTGAGCTG | TATGGTCCAG | 2363 |
| CAGGGGAGTA | ATAAGGGCTC | TTCCGGAAGG | GGAGGAAGCG | GGAGGCAGGC | CTGCACCTGA | 2423 |
| TGTGGAGGTA | CAGGCAGATC | TTCCCTACCG | GGGAGGGATG | GATGGTTGGA | TACAGGTGGC | 2483 |
| TGGGCTATTC | CATCCATCTG | GAAGCACATT | TGAGCCTCCA | GGCTTCTCCT | TGACGTCATT | 2543 |
| CCTCTCCTTC | CTTGCTGCAA | AATGGCTCTG | CACCAGCCGG | CCCCCAGGAG | GTCTGGCAGA | 2603 |
| GCTGAGAGCC | ATGGCCTGCA | GGGGCTCCAT | ATGTCCCTAC | GCGTGCAGCA | GGCAAACAAG | 2663 |
| A          |            |            |            |            |            | 2664 |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 529 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Met | Gly | Pro | Ser | Cys | Pro | Val | Phe | Leu | Ser | Phe | Thr | Lys | Leu | Ser | Leu |
| 1   |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     |     | 10  |     |     |     |     | 15  |     |
| Trp | Trp | Leu | Leu | Leu | Thr | Pro | Ala | Gly | Gly | Glu | Glu | Ala | Lys | Arg | Pro |
|     |     | 20  |     |     |     |     |     | 25  |     |     |     |     | 30  |     |     |
| Pro | Pro | Arg | Ala | Pro | Gly | Asp | Pro | Leu | Ser | Ser | Pro | Ser | Pro | Thr | Ala |
|     |     | 35  |     |     |     |     | 40  |     |     |     |     | 45  |     |     |     |
| Leu | Pro | Gln | Gly | Gly | Ser | His | Thr | Glu | Thr | Glu | Asp | Arg | Leu | Phe | Lys |
|     | 50  |     |     |     |     | 55  |     |     |     |     | 60  |     |     |     |     |
| His | Leu | Phe | Arg | Gly | Tyr | Asn | Arg | Trp | Ala | Arg | Pro | Val | Pro | Asn | Thr |
| 65  |     |     |     |     | 70  |     |     |     |     | 75  |     |     |     | 80  |     |
| Ser | Asp | Val | Val | Ile | Val | Arg | Phe | Gly | Leu | Ser | Ile | Ala | Gln | Leu | Ile |
|     |     |     | 85  |     |     |     |     |     | 90  |     |     |     |     | 95  |     |
| Asp | Val | Asp | Glu | Lys | Asn | Gln | Met | Met | Thr | Thr | Asn | Val | Trp | Leu | Lys |
|     |     |     | 100 |     |     |     |     | 105 |     |     |     |     | 110 |     |     |
| Gln | Glu | Trp | Ser | Asp | Tyr | Lys | Leu | Arg | Trp | Asn | Pro | Ala | Asp | Phe | Gly |
|     |     | 115 |     |     |     |     | 120 |     |     |     |     | 125 |     |     |     |
| Asn | Ile | Thr | Ser | Leu | Arg | Val | Pro | Ser | Glu | Met | Ile | Trp | Ile | Pro | Asp |
|     |     | 130 |     |     |     | 135 |     |     |     |     | 140 |     |     |     |     |
| Ile | Val | Leu | Tyr | Asn | Asn | Ala | Asp | Gly | Glu | Phe | Ala | Val | Thr | His | Met |
| 145 |     |     |     | 150 |     |     |     |     |     | 155 |     |     |     |     | 160 |
| Thr | Lys | Ala | His | Leu | Phe | Ser | Thr | Gly | Thr | Val | His | Trp | Val | Pro | Pro |
|     |     |     | 165 |     |     |     |     |     | 170 |     |     |     |     | 175 |     |
| Ala | Ile | Tyr | Lys | Ser | Ser | Cys | Ser | Ile | Asp | Val | Thr | Phe | Phe | Pro | Phe |
|     |     |     | 180 |     |     |     |     | 185 |     |     |     |     | 190 |     |     |
| Asp | Gln | Gln | Asn | Cys | Lys | Met | Lys | Phe | Gly | Ser | Trp | Thr | Tyr | Asp | Lys |
|     |     | 195 |     |     |     |     | 200 |     |     |     |     | 205 |     |     |     |
| Ala | Lys | Ile | Asp | Leu | Glu | Gln | Met | Glu | Gln | Thr | Val | Asp | Leu | Lys | Asp |
|     |     | 210 |     |     |     | 215 |     |     |     |     | 220 |     |     |     |     |
| Tyr | Trp | Glu | Ser | Gly | Glu | Trp | Ala | Ile | Val | Asn | Ala | Thr | Gly | Thr | Tyr |
| 225 |     |     |     | 230 |     |     |     |     |     | 235 |     |     |     | 240 |     |
| Asn | Ser | Lys | Lys | Tyr | Asp | Cys | Cys | Ala | Glu | Ile | Tyr | Pro | Asp | Val | Thr |
|     |     |     | 245 |     |     |     |     | 250 |     |     |     |     |     | 255 |     |
| Tyr | Ala | Phe | Val | Ile | Arg | Arg | Leu | Pro | Leu | Phe | Tyr | Thr | Ile | Asn | Leu |
|     |     |     | 260 |     |     |     | 265 |     |     |     |     |     | 270 |     |     |
| Ile | Ile | Pro | Cys | Leu | Leu | Ile | Ser | Cys | Leu | Thr | Val | Leu | Val | Phe | Tyr |
|     |     | 275 |     |     |     |     | 280 |     |     |     |     | 285 |     |     |     |

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Leu Pro Ser Asp Cys Gly Glu Lys Ile Thr Leu Cys Ile Ser Val Leu
 290                295                300
Leu Ser Leu Thr Val Phe Leu Leu Leu Ile Thr Glu Ile Ile Pro Ser
305                310                315                320
Thr Ser Leu Val Ile Pro Leu Ile Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu Phe Thr Met
                325                330                335
Ile Phe Val Thr Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Thr Val Phe Val Leu Asn Val
                340                345                350
His His Arg Ser Pro Ser Thr His Thr Met Pro His Trp Val Arg Gly
                355                360                365
Ala Leu Leu Gly Cys Val Pro Arg Trp Leu Leu Met Asn Arg Pro Pro
                370                375                380
Pro Pro Val Glu Leu Cys His Pro Leu Arg Leu Lys Leu Ser Pro Ser
385                390                395                400
Tyr His Trp Leu Glu Ser Asn Val Asp Ala Glu Glu Arg Glu Val Val
                405                410                415
Val Glu Glu Glu Asp Arg Trp Ala Cys Ala Gly His Val Ala Pro Ser
                420                425                430
Val Gly Thr Leu Cys Ser His Gly His Leu His Ser Gly Ala Ser Gly
                435                440                445
Pro Lys Ala Glu Ala Leu Leu Gln Glu Gly Glu Leu Leu Ser Pro
                450                455                460
His Met Gln Lys Ala Leu Glu Gly Val His Tyr Ile Ala Asp His Leu
465                470                475                480
Arg Ser Glu Asp Ala Asp Ser Ser Val Lys Glu Asp Trp Lys Tyr Val
                485                490                495
Ala Met Val Ile Asp Arg Ile Phe Leu Trp Leu Phe Ile Ile Val Cys
                500                505                510
Phe Leu Gly Thr Ile Gly Leu Phe Leu Pro Pro Phe Leu Ala Gly Met
                515                520                525
Ile

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1908 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE:

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (ix) FEATURE:

## (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence

## (B) LOCATION: 190...1704

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: alpha3 subunit human neuronal  
nicotinic acetylcholine receptor

## (A) NAME/KEY: 5'UTR

## (B) LOCATION: 1...189

## (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

## (A) NAME/KEY: 3'UTR

## (B) LOCATION: 1705...1908

## (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

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## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

|             |             |             |             |             |            |     |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-----|
| CCTGTCCTCC  | CGCGGGTCCG  | AGGGCGCTGG  | AAACCCAGCG  | GCGGCGAAGC  | GGAGAGGAGC | 60  |
| CCCGCGCGTC  | TCCGCCCACA  | CGGCTCCAGG  | TCTGGGGTCT  | GCGCTGGAGC  | CGCGCGGGGA | 120 |
| GAGGCCGTCT  | CTGCGACCGC  | CGCGCCCGCT  | CCCAGCCGTC  | CGGGTCCGCG  | GCCAGCCCGG | 180 |
| CCACCAGCC   | ATG GGC TCT | GGC CCG CTC | TCG CTG CCC | CTG GCG CTG | TCG CCG    | 231 |
| Met         | Gly         | Ser         | Gly         | Pro         | Leu        |     |
| 1           |             | 5           |             | 10          |            |     |
| CCG CGG CTG | CTG CTG CTG | CTG CTG TCT | CTG CTG CCA | GTG GCC AGG | GCC        | 279 |
| Pro Arg Leu | Leu Leu Leu | Leu Leu Ser | Leu Leu Pro | Val Ala Arg | Ala        |     |
| 15          |             | 20          |             | 25          | 30         |     |
| TCA GAG GCT | GAG CAC CGT | CTA TTT GAG | CGG CTG TTT | GAA GAT TAC | AAT        | 327 |
| Ser Glu Ala | Glu His Arg | Leu Phe Glu | Arg Leu Phe | Glu Asp Tyr | Asn        |     |
|             | 35          |             | 40          |             | 45         |     |
| GAG ATC ATC | CGG CCT GTA | GCC AAC GTG | TCT GAC CCA | GTC ATC ATC | CAT        | 375 |
| Glu Ile Ile | Arg Pro Val | Ala Asn Val | Ser Asp Pro | Val Ile Ile | His        |     |
|             | 50          |             | 55          |             | 60         |     |
| TTC GAG GTG | TCC ATG TCT | CAG CTG GTG | AAG GTG GAT | GAA GTA AAC | CAG        | 423 |
| Phe Glu Val | Ser Met Ser | Gln Leu Val | Lys Val Asp | Glu Val Asn | Gln        |     |
|             | 65          |             | 70          |             | 75         |     |
| ATC ATG GAG | ACC AAC CTG | TGG CTC AAG | CAA ATC TGG | AAT GAC TAC | AAG        | 471 |
| Ile Met Glu | Thr Asn Leu | Trp Leu Lys | Gln Ile Trp | Asn Asp Tyr | Lys        |     |
|             | 80          |             | 85          |             | 90         |     |
| CTG AAG TGG | AAC CCC TCT | GAC TAT GGT | GGG GCA GAG | TTC ATG CGT | GTC        | 519 |
| Leu Lys Trp | Asn Pro Ser | Asp Tyr Gly | Gly Ala Glu | Phe Met Arg | Val        |     |
|             | 95          |             | 100         |             | 105        |     |
| CCT GCA CAG | AAG ATC TGG | AAG CCA GAC | ATT GTG CTG | TAT AAC AAT | GCT        | 567 |
| Pro Ala Gln | Lys Ile Trp | Lys Pro Asp | Ile Val Leu | Tyr Asn Asn | Ala        |     |
|             | 115         |             | 120         |             | 125        |     |
| GTT GGG GAT | TTC CAG GTG | GAC GAC AAG | ACC AAA GCC | TTA CTC AAG | TAC        | 615 |
| Val Gly Asp | Phe Gln Val | Asp Asp Lys | Thr Lys Ala | Leu Leu Lys | Tyr        |     |
|             | 130         |             | 135         |             | 140        |     |
| ACT GGG GAG | GTG ACT TGG | ATA CCT CCG | GCC ATC TTT | AAG AGC TCC | TGT        | 663 |
| Thr Gly Glu | Val Thr Trp | Ile Pro Pro | Ala Ile Phe | Lys Ser Ser | Cys        |     |
|             | 145         |             | 150         |             | 155        |     |
| AAA ATC GAC | GTG ACC TAC | TTC CCG TTT | GAT TAC CAA | AAC TGT ACC | ATG        | 711 |
| Lys Ile Asp | Val Thr Tyr | Phe Pro Phe | Asp Tyr Gln | Asn Cys Thr | Met        |     |
|             | 160         |             | 165         |             | 170        |     |
| AAG TTC GGT | TCC TGG TCC | TAC GAT AAG | GCG AAA ATC | GAT CTG GTC | CTG        | 759 |
| Lys Phe Gly | Ser Trp Ser | Tyr Asp Lys | Ala Lys Ile | Asp Leu Val | Leu        |     |
|             | 175         |             | 180         |             | 185        |     |
| ATC GGC TCT | TCC ATG AAC | CTC AAG GAC | TAT TGG GAG | AGC GGC GAG | TGG        | 807 |
| Ile Gly Ser | Ser Met Asn | Leu Lys Asp | Tyr Trp Glu | Ser Gly Glu | Trp        |     |
|             | 195         |             | 200         |             | 205        |     |
| GCC ATC ATC | AAA GCC CCA | GGC TAC AAA | CAC GAC ATC | AAG TAC AAC | TGC        | 855 |
| Ala Ile Ile | Lys Ala Pro | Gly Tyr Lys | His Asp Ile | Lys Tyr Asn | Cys        |     |



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| 210   | 215 | 220 |      |
|---|-----|-----|------|
| TGC GAG GAG ATC TAC CCC GAC ATC ACA TAC TCG CTG TAC ATC CGG CGC<br>Cys Glu Glu Ile Tyr Pro Asp Ile Thr Tyr Ser Leu Tyr Ile Arg Arg<br>225 230 235     |     |     | 903  |
| CTG CCC TTG TTC TAC ACC ATC AAC CTC ATC ATC CCC TGC CTG CTC ATC<br>Leu Pro Leu Phe Tyr Thr Ile Asn Leu Ile Ile Pro Cys Leu Leu Ile<br>240 245 250     |     |     | 951  |
| TCC TTC CTC ACT GTG CTC GTC TTC TAC CTG CCC TCC GAC TGC GGT GAG<br>Ser Phe Leu Thr Val Leu Val Phe Tyr Leu Pro Ser Asp Cys Gly Glu<br>255 260 265 270 |     |     | 999  |
| AAG GTG ACC CTG TGC ATT TCT GTC CTC CTC TCC CTG ACG GTG TTT CTC<br>Lys Val Thr Leu Cys Ile Ser Val Leu Ser Leu Thr Val Phe Leu<br>275 280 285         |     |     | 1047 |
| CTG GTG ATC ACT GAG ACC ATC CCT TCC ACC TCG CTG GTC ATC CCC CTG<br>Leu Val Ile Thr Glu Thr Ile Pro Ser Thr Ser Leu Val Ile Pro Leu<br>290 295 300     |     |     | 1095 |
| ATT GGA GAG TAC CTC CTG TTC ACC ATG ATT TTT GTA ACC TTG TCC ATC<br>Ile Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu Phe Thr Met Ile Phe Val Thr Leu Ser Ile<br>305 310 315     |     |     | 1143 |
| GTC ATC ACC GTC TTC GTG CTC AAC GTG CAC TAC AGA ACC CCG ACG ACA<br>Val Ile Thr Val Phe Val Leu Asn Val His Tyr Arg Thr Pro Thr Thr<br>320 325 330     |     |     | 1191 |
| CAC ACA ATG CCC TCA TGG GTG AAG ACT GTA TTC TTG AAC CTG CTC CCC<br>His Thr Met Pro Ser Trp Val Lys Thr Val Phe Leu Asn Leu Leu Pro<br>335 340 345 350 |     |     | 1239 |
| AGG GTC ATG TTC ATG ACC AGG CCA ACA AGC AAC GAG GGC AAC GCT CAG<br>Arg Val Met Phe Met Thr Arg Pro Thr Ser Asn Glu Gly Asn Ala Gln<br>355 360 365     |     |     | 1287 |
| AAG CCG AGG CCC CTC TAC GGT GCC GAG CTC TCA AAT CTG AAT TGC TTC<br>Lys Pro Arg Pro Leu Tyr Gly Ala Glu Leu Ser Asn Leu Asn Cys Phe<br>370 375 380     |     |     | 1335 |
| AGC CGC GCA GAG TCC AAA GGC TGC AAG GAG GGC TAC CCC TGC CAG GAC<br>Ser Arg Ala Glu Ser Lys Gly Cys Lys Glu Gly Tyr Pro Cys Gln Asp<br>385 390 395     |     |     | 1383 |
| GGG ATG TGT GGT TAC TGC CAC CAC CGC AGG ATA AAA ATC TCC AAT TTC<br>Gly Met Cys Gly Tyr Cys His His Arg Arg Ile Lys Ile Ser Asn Phe<br>400 405 410     |     |     | 1431 |
| AGT GCT AAC CTC ACG AGA AGC TCT AGT TCT GAA TCT GTT GAT GCT GTG<br>Ser Ala Asn Leu Thr Arg Ser Ser Ser Ser Glu Ser Val Asp Ala Val<br>415 420 425 430 |     |     | 1479 |
| CTG TCC CTC TCT GCT TTG TCA CCA GAA ATC AAA GAA GCC ATC CAA AGT<br>Leu Ser Leu Ser Ala Leu Ser Pro Glu Ile Lys Glu Ala Ile Gln Ser<br>435 440 445     |     |     | 1527 |
| GTC AAG TAT ATT GCT GAA AAT ATG AAA GCA CAA AAT GAA GCC AAA GAG<br>Val Lys Tyr Ile Ala Glu Asn Met Lys Ala Gln Asn Glu Ala Lys Glu<br>450 455 460     |     |     | 1575 |

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|  |      |
|--|------|
| ATT CAA GAT GAT TGG AAG TAT GTT GCC ATG GTG ATT GAT CGT ATT TTT    | 1623 |
| Ile Gln Asp Asp Trp Lys Tyr Val Ala Met Val Ile Asp Arg Ile Phe    |      |
| 465 470 475  |      |
| CTG TGG GTT TTC ACC CTG GTG TGC ATT CTA GGG ACA GCA GGA TTG TTT    | 1671 |
| Leu Trp Val Phe Thr Leu Val Cys Ile Leu Gly Thr Ala Gly Leu Phe    |      |
| 480 485 490  |      |
| CTG CAA CCC CTG ATG GCC AGG GAA GAT GCA TAA GCACTAAGCT GTGTGCCTGC  | 1724 |
| Leu Gln Pro Leu Met Ala Arg Glu Asp Ala *                          |      |
| 495 500 505  |      |
| CTGGGAGACT TCCTTGTGTC AGGGCAGGAG GAGGCTGCTT CCTAGTAAGA ACGTACTTTC  | 1784 |
| TGTTATCAAG CTACCAGCTT TGTGTTTGGC ATTTTCGAGGT TTACTTATTT TCCACTTATC | 1844 |
| TTGGAATCAT GCAAAAAAAA AATGTCAAGA GTATTTATTA CCGATAAATG AACATTTAAC  | 1904 |
| TAGC   | 1908 |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 505 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Met | Gly | Ser | Gly | Pro | Leu | Ser | Leu | Pro | Leu | Ala | Leu | Ser | Pro | Pro | Arg |
| 1   |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     | 10  |     |     |     |     | 15  |     |     |
| Leu | Leu | Leu | Leu | Leu | Leu | Ser | Leu | Leu | Pro | Val | Ala | Arg | Ala | Ser | Glu |
|     |     |     | 20  |     |     |     |     | 25  |     |     |     |     | 30  |     |     |
| Ala | Glu | His | Arg | Leu | Phe | Glu | Arg | Leu | Phe | Glu | Asp | Tyr | Asn | Glu | Ile |
|     |     | 35  |     |     |     |     | 40  |     |     |     |     | 45  |     |     |     |
| Ile | Arg | Pro | Val | Ala | Asn | Val | Ser | Asp | Pro | Val | Ile | Ile | His | Phe | Glu |
|     | 50  |     |     |     |     | 55  |     |     |     | 60  |     |     |     |     |     |
| Val | Ser | Met | Ser | Gln | Leu | Val | Lys | Val | Asp | Glu | Val | Asn | Gln | Ile | Met |
| 65  |     |     |     | 70  |     |     |     |     | 75  |     |     |     |     | 80  |     |
| Glu | Thr | Asn | Leu | Trp | Leu | Lys | Gln | Ile | Trp | Asn | Asp | Tyr | Lys | Leu | Lys |
|     |     |     | 85  |     |     |     |     | 90  |     |     |     |     | 95  |     |     |
| Trp | Asn | Pro | Ser | Asp | Tyr | Gly | Gly | Ala | Glu | Phe | Met | Arg | Val | Pro | Ala |
|     |     |     | 100 |     |     |     |     | 105 |     |     |     |     | 110 |     |     |
| Gln | Lys | Ile | Trp | Lys | Pro | Asp | Ile | Val | Leu | Tyr | Asn | Asn | Ala | Val | Gly |
|     |     | 115 |     |     |     |     | 120 |     |     |     |     | 125 |     |     |     |
| Asp | Phe | Gln | Val | Asp | Asp | Lys | Thr | Lys | Ala | Leu | Leu | Lys | Tyr | Thr | Gly |
|     | 130 |     |     |     |     | 135 |     |     |     |     | 140 |     |     |     |     |
| Glu | Val | Thr | Trp | Ile | Pro | Pro | Ala | Ile | Phe | Lys | Ser | Ser | Cys | Lys | Ile |
| 145 |     |     |     | 150 |     |     |     |     | 155 |     |     |     |     | 160 |     |
| Asp | Val | Thr | Tyr | Phe | Pro | Phe | Asp | Tyr | Gln | Asn | Cys | Thr | Met | Lys | Phe |
|     |     |     | 165 |     |     |     |     | 170 |     |     |     |     | 175 |     |     |
| Gly | Ser | Trp | Ser | Tyr | Asp | Lys | Ala | Lys | Ile | Asp | Leu | Val | Leu | Ile | Gly |
|     |     |     | 180 |     |     |     |     | 185 |     |     |     |     | 190 |     |     |
| Ser | Ser | Met | Asn | Leu | Lys | Asp | Tyr | Trp | Glu | Ser | Gly | Glu | Trp | Ala | Ile |
|     |     | 195 |     |     |     |     | 200 |     |     |     |     | 205 |     |     |     |
| Ile | Lys | Ala | Pro | Gly | Tyr | Lys | His | Asp | Ile | Lys | Tyr | Asn | Cys | Cys | Glu |
|     | 210 |     |     |     |     | 215 |     |     |     |     | 220 |     |     |     |     |

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Glu Ile Tyr Pro Asp Ile Thr Tyr Ser Leu Tyr Ile Arg Arg Leu Pro
225                230                235                240
Leu Phe Tyr Thr Ile Asn Leu Ile Ile Pro Cys Leu Leu Ile Ser Phe
                245                250                255
Leu Thr Val Leu Val Phe Tyr Leu Pro Ser Asp Cys Gly Glu Lys Val
                260                265                270
Thr Leu Cys Ile Ser Val Leu Leu Ser Leu Thr Val Phe Leu Leu Val
                275                280                285
Ile Thr Glu Thr Ile Pro Ser Thr Ser Leu Val Ile Pro Leu Ile Gly
                290                295                300
Glu Tyr Leu Leu Phe Thr Met Ile Phe Val Thr Leu Ser Ile Val Ile
305                310                315                320
Thr Val Phe Val Leu Asn Val His Tyr Arg Thr Pro Thr Thr His Thr
                325                330                335
Met Pro Ser Trp Val Lys Thr Val Phe Leu Asn Leu Leu Pro Arg Val
                340                345                350
Met Phe Met Thr Arg Pro Thr Ser Asn Glu Gly Asn Ala Gln Lys Pro
                355                360                365
Arg Pro Leu Tyr Gly Ala Glu Leu Ser Asn Leu Asn Cys Phe Ser Arg
                370                375                380
Ala Glu Ser Lys Gly Cys Lys Glu Gly Tyr Pro Cys Gln Asp Gly Met
385                390                395                400
Cys Gly Tyr Cys His His Arg Arg Ile Lys Ile Ser Asn Phe Ser Ala
                405                410                415
Asn Leu Thr Arg Ser Ser Ser Ser Glu Ser Val Asp Ala Val Leu Ser
                420                425                430
Leu Ser Ala Leu Ser Pro Glu Ile Lys Glu Ala Ile Gln Ser Val Lys
                435                440                445
Tyr Ile Ala Glu Asn Met Lys Ala Gln Asn Glu Ala Lys Glu Ile Gln
                450                455                460
Asp Asp Trp Lys Tyr Val Ala Met Val Ile Asp Arg Ile Phe Leu Trp
465                470                475                480
Val Phe Thr Leu Val Cys Ile Leu Gly Thr Ala Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln
                485                490                495
Pro Leu Met Ala Arg Glu Asp Ala
                500

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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 3496 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTISENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE:

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence

(B) LOCATION: 232...2115

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: alpha4 subunit human neuronal  
nicotinic acetylcholine receptor

(A) NAME/KEY: 5'UTR

(B) LOCATION: 1...231

(D) OTHER INFORMATION:

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(A) NAME/KEY: 3'UTR  
 (B) LOCATION: 2116...3496  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

|   |            |            |            |            |             |     |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-----|
| TCCCAGCCGG  | CTGAGGCGGG | CAGGGCCGGG | CGGGGCCGCG | CCACGGAGTC | CACAGCCCGG  | 60  |
| CGCTCCCTGC  | CGCGCCGCGG | CCGCACCGCG | CCCCACAGGA | GAAGACGAAC | CGGGCCCCGGC | 120 |
| GGCCGAAGCG  | GCCCCGAGG  | CGCGGGAGGC | ATGAAGTTGG | GCGCGCACGG | GCCTCGAAGC  | 180 |
| GGCGGGGAGC  | CGGGAGCCGC | CCGCATCTAG | AGCCCGCGAG | GTGCGTGCGC | C ATG GAG   | 237 |
|   |            |            |            | Met Glu    |             |     |
|   |            |            |            | 1          |             |     |
| CTA GGG GGC CCC GGA GCG CCG CGG CTG CTG CCG CCG CTG CTG CTG CTT |            |            |            |            |             | 285 |
| Leu Gly Gly Pro Gly Ala Pro Arg Leu Leu Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu | 5          | 10         | 15         |            |             |     |
| CTG GGG ACC GGC CTC CTG CGC GCC AGC AGC CAT GTG GAG ACC CGG GCC |            |            |            |            |             | 333 |
| Leu Gly Thr Gly Leu Leu Arg Ala Ser Ser His Val Glu Thr Arg Ala | 20         | 25         | 30         |            |             |     |
| CAC GCC GAG GAG CGG CTC CTG AAG AAA CTC TTC TCC GGT TAC AAC AAG |            |            |            |            |             | 381 |
| His Ala Glu Glu Arg Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Phe Ser Gly Tyr Asn Lys | 35         | 40         | 45         | 50         |             |     |
| TGG TCC CGA CCC GTG GCC AAC ATC TCG GAC GTG GTC CTC GTC CGC TTC |            |            |            |            |             | 429 |
| Trp Ser Arg Pro Val Ala Asn Ile Ser Asp Val Val Leu Val Arg Phe | 55         | 60         | 65         |            |             |     |
| GGC CTG TCC ATC GCT CAG CTC ATT GAC GTG GAT GAG AAG AAC CAG ATG |            |            |            |            |             | 477 |
| Gly Leu Ser Ile Ala Gln Leu Ile Asp Val Asp Glu Lys Asn Gln Met | 70         | 75         | 80         |            |             |     |
| ATG ACC ACG AAC GTA TGG GTG AAG CAG GAG TGG CAC GAC TAC AAG CTG |            |            |            |            |             | 525 |
| Met Thr Thr Asn Val Trp Val Lys Gln Glu Trp His Asp Tyr Lys Leu | 85         | 90         | 95         |            |             |     |
| CGC TGG GAC CCA GCT GAC TAT GAG AAT GTC ACC TCC ATC CGC ATC CCC |            |            |            |            |             | 573 |
| Arg Trp Asp Pro Ala Asp Tyr Glu Asn Val Thr Ser Ile Arg Ile Pro | 100        | 105        | 110        |            |             |     |
| TCC GAG CTC ATC TGG CGG CCG GAC ATC GTC CTC TAC AAC AAT GCT GAC |            |            |            |            |             | 621 |
| Ser Glu Leu Ile Trp Arg Pro Asp Ile Val Leu Tyr Asn Asn Ala Asp | 115        | 120        | 125        | 130        |             |     |
| GGG GAC TTC GCG GTC ACC CAC CTG ACC AAG GCC CAC CTG TTC CAT GAC |            |            |            |            |             | 669 |
| Gly Asp Phe Ala Val Thr His Leu Thr Lys Ala His Leu Phe His Asp | 135        | 140        | 145        |            |             |     |
| GGG CGG GTG CAG TGG ACT CCC CCG GCC ATT TAC AAG AGC TCC TGC AGC |            |            |            |            |             | 717 |
| Gly Arg Val Gln Trp Thr Pro Pro Ala Ile Tyr Lys Ser Cys Ser     | 150        | 155        | 160        |            |             |     |
| ATC GAC GTC ACC TTC TTC CCC TTC GAC CAG CAG AAC TGC ACC ATG AAA |            |            |            |            |             | 765 |
| Ile Asp Val Thr Phe Phe Pro Phe Asp Gln Gln Asn Cys Thr Met Lys | 165        | 170        | 175        |            |             |     |
| TTC GGC TCC TGG ACC TAC GAC AAG GCC AAG ATC GAC CTG GTG AAC ATG |            |            |            |            |             | 813 |
| Phe Gly Ser Trp Thr Tyr Asp Lys Ala Lys Ile Asp Leu Val Asn Met | 180        | 185        | 190        |            |             |     |

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|                   |            |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |      |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| CAC<br>His<br>195 | AGC<br>Ser | CGC<br>Arg        | GTG<br>Val        | GAC<br>Asp        | CAG<br>Gln<br>200 | CTG<br>Leu        | GAC<br>Asp        | TTC<br>Phe        | TGG<br>Trp        | GAG<br>Glu<br>205 | AGT<br>Ser        | GGC<br>Gly        | GAG<br>Glu        | TGG<br>Trp        | GTC<br>Val<br>210 | 861  |
| ATC<br>Ile        | GTG<br>Val | GAC<br>Asp        | GCC<br>Ala        | GTG<br>Val<br>215 | GGC<br>Gly        | ACC<br>Thr        | TAC<br>Tyr        | AAC<br>Asn        | ACC<br>Thr        | AGG<br>Arg        | AAG<br>Lys        | TAC<br>Tyr        | GAG<br>Glu        | TGC<br>Cys<br>225 | TGC<br>Cys        | 909  |
| GCC<br>Ala        | GAG<br>Glu | ATC<br>Ile        | TAC<br>Tyr<br>230 | CCG<br>Pro        | GAC<br>Asp        | ATC<br>Ile        | ACC<br>Thr        | TAT<br>Tyr<br>235 | GCC<br>Ala        | TTC<br>Phe        | GTC<br>Val        | ATC<br>Ile        | CGG<br>Arg<br>240 | CGG<br>Arg        | CTG<br>Leu        | 957  |
| CCG<br>Pro        | CTC<br>Leu | TTC<br>Phe<br>245 | TAC<br>Tyr        | ACC<br>Thr        | ATC<br>Ile        | AAC<br>Asn<br>250 | CTC<br>Leu        | ATC<br>Ile        | ATC<br>Ile        | CCC<br>Pro        | TGC<br>Cys        | CTG<br>Leu        | CTC<br>Leu        | ATC<br>Ile        | TCC<br>Ser        | 1005 |
| TGC<br>Cys<br>260 | CTC<br>Leu | ACC<br>Thr        | GTG<br>Val        | CTG<br>Leu        | GTC<br>Val        | TTC<br>Phe<br>265 | TAC<br>Tyr        | CTG<br>Leu        | CCC<br>Pro        | TCC<br>Ser        | GAG<br>Glu<br>270 | TGT<br>Cys        | GGC<br>Gly        | GAG<br>Glu        | AAG<br>Lys        | 1053 |
| ATC<br>Ile<br>275 | ACG<br>Thr | CTG<br>Leu        | TGC<br>Cys        | ATC<br>Ile        | TCC<br>Ser<br>280 | GTG<br>Val        | CTG<br>Leu        | CTG<br>Leu        | TCG<br>Ser        | CTC<br>Leu<br>285 | ACC<br>Thr        | GTC<br>Val        | TTC<br>Phe        | CTG<br>Leu<br>290 | CTG<br>Leu        | 1101 |
| CTC<br>Leu        | ATC<br>Ile | ACC<br>Thr        | GAG<br>Glu        | ATC<br>Ile<br>295 | ATC<br>Ile        | CCG<br>Pro        | TCC<br>Ser        | ACC<br>Thr        | TCA<br>Ser<br>300 | CTG<br>Leu        | GTC<br>Val        | ATC<br>Ile        | CCA<br>Pro<br>305 | CTC<br>Leu        | ATC<br>Ile        | 1149 |
| GGC<br>Gly        | GAG<br>Glu | TAC<br>Tyr        | CTG<br>Leu<br>310 | CTG<br>Leu        | TTC<br>Phe        | ACC<br>Thr        | ATG<br>Met        | ATC<br>Ile<br>315 | TTC<br>Phe        | GTC<br>Val        | ACC<br>Thr        | CTG<br>Leu        | TCC<br>Ser<br>320 | ATC<br>Ile        | GTC<br>Val        | 1197 |
| ATC<br>Ile        | ACG<br>Thr | GTC<br>Val<br>325 | TTC<br>Phe        | GTG<br>Val        | CTC<br>Leu        | AAC<br>Asn<br>330 | GTG<br>Val        | CAC<br>His        | CAC<br>His        | CGC<br>Arg        | TCG<br>Ser        | CCA<br>Pro<br>335 | CGC<br>Arg        | ACG<br>Thr        | CAC<br>His        | 1245 |
| ACC<br>Thr<br>340 | ATG<br>Met | CCC<br>Pro        | ACC<br>Thr        | TGG<br>Trp        | GTA<br>Val        | CGC<br>Arg<br>345 | AGG<br>Arg        | GTC<br>Val        | TTC<br>Phe        | CTG<br>Leu        | GAC<br>Asp<br>350 | ATC<br>Ile        | GTG<br>Val        | CCA<br>Pro        | CGC<br>Arg        | 1293 |
| CTG<br>Leu<br>355 | CTC<br>Leu | CTC<br>Leu        | ATG<br>Met        | AAG<br>Lys        | CGG<br>Arg<br>360 | CCG<br>Pro        | TCC<br>Ser        | GTG<br>Val        | GTC<br>Val        | AAG<br>Lys<br>365 | GAC<br>Asp        | AAT<br>Asn        | TGC<br>Cys        | CGG<br>Arg<br>370 | CGG<br>Arg        | 1341 |
| CTC<br>Leu        | ATC<br>Ile | GAG<br>Glu        | TCC<br>Ser        | ATG<br>Met<br>375 | CAT<br>His        | AAG<br>Lys        | ATG<br>Met        | GCC<br>Ala        | AGT<br>Ser<br>380 | GCC<br>Ala        | CCG<br>Pro        | CGC<br>Arg        | TTC<br>Phe        | TGG<br>Trp<br>385 | CCC<br>Pro        | 1389 |
| GAG<br>Glu        | CCA<br>Pro | GAA<br>Glu        | GGG<br>Gly<br>390 | GAG<br>Glu        | CCC<br>Pro        | CCT<br>Pro        | GCC<br>Ala        | ACG<br>Thr<br>395 | AGC<br>Ser        | GGC<br>Gly        | ACC<br>Thr        | CAG<br>Gln<br>400 | AGC<br>Ser        | CTG<br>Leu        | CAC<br>His        | 1437 |
| CCT<br>Pro        | CCC<br>Pro | TCA<br>Ser<br>405 | CCG<br>Pro        | TCC<br>Ser        | TTC<br>Phe        | TGC<br>Cys        | GTC<br>Val<br>410 | CCC<br>Pro        | CTG<br>Leu        | GAT<br>Asp        | GTG<br>Val        | CCG<br>Pro<br>415 | GCT<br>Ala        | GAG<br>Glu        | CCT<br>Pro        | 1485 |
| GGG<br>Gly<br>420 | CCT<br>Pro | TCC<br>Ser        | TGC<br>Cys        | AAG<br>Lys        | TCA<br>Ser        | CCC<br>Pro<br>425 | TCC<br>Ser        | GAC<br>Asp        | CAG<br>Gln        | CTC<br>Leu        | CCT<br>Pro<br>430 | CCT<br>Pro        | CAG<br>Gln        | CAG<br>Gln        | CCC<br>Pro        | 1533 |
| CTG               | GAA        | GCT               | GAG               | AAA               | GCC               | AGC               | CCC               | CAC               | CCC               | TCG               | CCT               | GGA               | CCC               | TGC               | CGC               | 1581 |

|                   |                   |  |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
|-------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| Leu<br>435        | Glu               | Ala  | Glu               | Lys               | Ala<br>440        | Ser               | Pro               | His               | Pro               | Ser<br>445        | Pro               | Gly               | Pro               | Cys               | Arg<br>450        |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
| CCG<br>Pro        | CCC<br>Pro        | CAC<br>His   | GGC<br>Gly        | ACC<br>Thr<br>455 | CAG<br>Gln        | GCA<br>Ala        | CCA<br>Pro        | GGG<br>Gly        | CTG<br>Leu<br>460 | GCC<br>Ala        | AAA<br>Lys        | GCC<br>Ala        | AGG<br>Arg        | TCC<br>Ser<br>465 | CTC<br>Leu        | 1629       |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
| AGC<br>Ser        | GTC<br>Val        | CAG<br>Gln   | CAC<br>His<br>470 | ATG<br>Met        | TCC<br>Ser        | AGC<br>Ser        | CCT<br>Pro        | GGC<br>Gly<br>475 | GAA<br>Glu        | GCG<br>Ala        | GTG<br>Val        | GAA<br>Glu        | GGC<br>Gly<br>480 | GGC<br>Gly        | GTC<br>Val        | 1677       |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
| CGG<br>Arg        | TGC<br>Cys        | CGG<br>Arg<br>485  | TCT<br>Ser        | CGG<br>Arg        | AGC<br>Ser        | ATC<br>Ile        | CAG<br>Gln<br>490 | TAC<br>Tyr        | TGT<br>Cys        | GTT<br>Val        | CCC<br>Pro        | CGA<br>Arg<br>495 | GAC<br>Asp        | GAT<br>Asp        | GCC<br>Ala        | 1725       |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
| GCC<br>Ala        | CCC<br>Pro<br>500 | GAG<br>Glu   | GCA<br>Ala        | GAT<br>Asp        | GGC<br>Gly        | CAG<br>Gln<br>505 | GCT<br>Ala        | GCC<br>Ala        | GGC<br>Gly        | GCC<br>Ala        | CTG<br>Leu<br>510 | GCC<br>Ala        | TCT<br>Ser        | CGC<br>Arg        | AAC<br>Asn        | 1773       |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
| ACC<br>Thr<br>515 | CAC<br>His        | TCG<br>Ser   | GCT<br>Ala        | GAG<br>Glu        | CTC<br>Leu<br>520 | CCA<br>Pro        | CCC<br>Pro        | CCA<br>Pro        | GAC<br>Asp        | CAG<br>Gln<br>525 | CCC<br>Pro        | TCT<br>Ser        | CCG<br>Pro        | TGC<br>Cys        | AAA<br>Lys<br>530 | 1821       |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
| TGC<br>Cys        | ACA<br>Thr        | TGC<br>Cys   | AAG<br>Lys        | AAG<br>Lys<br>535 | GAG<br>Glu        | CCC<br>Pro        | TCT<br>Ser        | TCG<br>Ser        | GTG<br>Val<br>540 | TCC<br>Ser        | CCG<br>Pro        | AGC<br>Ser        | GCC<br>Ala        | ACG<br>Thr<br>545 | GTC<br>Val        | 1869       |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
| AAG<br>Lys        | ACC<br>Thr        | CGC<br>Arg   | AGC<br>Ser<br>550 | ACC<br>Thr        | AAA<br>Lys        | GCG<br>Ala        | CCG<br>Pro        | CCC<br>Pro<br>555 | CCG<br>Pro        | CAC<br>His        | CTG<br>Leu        | CCC<br>Pro<br>560 | CTG<br>Leu        | TCG<br>Ser        | CCG<br>Pro        | 1917       |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
| GCC<br>Ala        | CTG<br>Leu        | ACC<br>Thr<br>565  | CGG<br>Arg        | GCG<br>Ala        | GTG<br>Val        | GAG<br>Glu        | GGC<br>Gly<br>570 | GTC<br>Val        | CAG<br>Gln        | TAC<br>Tyr        | ATT<br>Ile        | GCA<br>Ala<br>575 | GAC<br>Asp        | CAC<br>His        | CTG<br>Leu        | 1965       |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
| AAG<br>Lys        | GCC<br>Ala<br>580 | GAA<br>Glu   | GAC<br>Asp        | ACA<br>Thr        | GAC<br>Asp        | TTC<br>Phe<br>585 | TCG<br>Ser        | GTG<br>Val        | AAG<br>Lys        | GAG<br>Glu        | GAC<br>Asp<br>590 | TGG<br>Trp        | AAG<br>Lys        | TAC<br>Tyr        | GTG<br>Val        | 2013       |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
| GCC<br>Ala<br>595 | ATG<br>Met        | GTC<br>Val   | ATC<br>Ile        | GAC<br>Asp        | CGC<br>Arg<br>600 | ATC<br>Ile        | TTC<br>Phe        | CTC<br>Leu        | TGG<br>Trp        | ATG<br>Met<br>605 | TTC<br>Phe        | ATC<br>Ile        | ATC<br>Ile        | GTC<br>Val        | TGC<br>Cys<br>610 | 2061       |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
| CTG<br>Leu        | CTG<br>Leu        | GGG<br>Gly   | ACG<br>Thr        | GTG<br>Val<br>615 | GGC<br>Gly        | CTC<br>Leu        | TTC<br>Phe        | CTG<br>Leu        | CCG<br>Pro<br>620 | CCC<br>Pro        | TGG<br>Trp        | CTG<br>Leu        | GCT<br>Ala        | GGC<br>Gly<br>625 | ATG<br>Met        | 2109       |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
| ATC<br>Ile        | TAG<br>*          | GAAGGGACCG GGAGCCTGCG TGGCCTGGGG CTGCCGTGCA CGGGGCCAGC ATC |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 2168              |                   |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
|                   |                   |  |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |             |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |             |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |            |            |            |            |            |            |      |
| CATGCGGCCG        | GCCTGGGGCC        | GGGCTGGCTT   | CTCCCTGGAC        | TCTGTGGGGC        | CACACGTTTG        | 2228              | CCAAATTTTC        | CTTCCTGTTC        | TGTGTCTGCT        | GTAAGACGGC        | CTTGGACGGG        | GACACGGCCT        | 2288              | CTGGGGAGAC        | CGAGTGTGGA        | GCTGCTTCCA | GTTGGACTGT | GGCCTCAGGA | GGCAGTGGCT | 2348 | TGGAGCAGAG | GTGGGGGTCTG | CCGCCTTCTA | CCTGCAGGAC | TCGGGGCTAAG | TCCAGCTCTC | 2408 | CCCCTGCGCA | GCCCTCCGCG | GCGGACAGGA | ACACGAGCCC | CAGCAGAGTCT | GGAGACCAGG | 2468 | ACTCTGCCTT | CCAGGCGTAG | GGCCAGGGCT | CTGGCAGGTG | GCCAGGGCTC | CACGGGGGGC | 2528 | TAGTGGCTTC | AGCCCCCTGGG | GTACTTCTGT | GTTGTGATTC | CCCGGAGCTG | GGAAGGTCCC | 2588 | GAATGGAGTC | CAGACCTGGG | CCCTGGETTC | CCCAGGACCC | TGAGGGTTTC | CACCTTGGCG | 2648 | CGCAGCCCCG | GAGATCCGCG | CTGGGCTCTG | GGTTCGGGAA | GAAGGACTTC | CTGCTACAGT | 2708 | AGCTGTGGGG | AGCTGGTGGG | GGCATCCTTG | AGGACCTCCA | CCTGGGAGAT | GCTGGGACCC | 2768 |

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|             |            |            |            |            |            |      |
|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| TCGGGGCAGG  | AAGTCCCTGA | GAAGCCTCAT | GGGAGTCAGG | GAGCCCTGGG | GTTTCCACAC | 2828 |
| AGGCCCCATGC | CCTCCGTCCT | GGCAGGGCAG | GCAGAGCTCA | GCACAGCCTC | ACCCCTGCAG | 2888 |
| GCGGTATCCA  | GAGGTGAGGG | AGGCCTGAAA | TGTTTCCAGG | CATGACCCTG | GAGCCCCGCA | 2948 |
| GTGCACCCCC  | TAAAGATGGC | GCACCCGGCA | GCCCCCATT  | GTCCCCAGGG | GCACACTTCC | 3008 |
| CCCTTGGGAT  | GGGCACAGCC | TGCCCCACCC | CTCCATGATT | CCAAGGGCCA | AGAGGGGCGG | 3068 |
| GGCCAGGATG  | GCTTTTCCCC | TGCCTGTGAG | TGACATCGGT | TCAGGAGGAG | ACAGTCAGGA | 3128 |
| AGCCTCCTGC  | TGAGTGGTCC | ACATTCTGCT | GCCCCCAGAC | CCCATCCAGC | CAGGGGTGGG | 3188 |
| GATGGGGTTG  | GGCTCTGCGT | CCCACTGAGT | CTCATTCTC  | TGTCCCCGAG | CCGAGCTCTC | 3248 |
| CTGGGCCAGG  | GTCTCGTCAG | GAGGTGCCTG | AGAGCAGAAT | GAATAATTGA | GGTTAGGAAC | 3308 |
| CCGGCATGCC  | GAGTGCCCCA | GAAATGCCGC | TGTGTNCCCC | GCGGGCAGTG | ACGTGAGTGG | 3368 |
| GGAGGAGACT  | CAGGCCCCA  | TTGCCCCAC  | CTGCCTCTGA | ACTGCTGCTG | GTCACCCCCA | 3428 |
| CCCCGGGTG   | CCTGTGACCG | GGGTCTGAG  | GCTGGGGCTT | TTGTGCCAGG | AGTGGGTGGG | 3488 |
| ACACAGAG    |            |            |            |            |            | 3496 |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 628 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Met | Glu | Leu | Gly | Gly | Pro | Gly | Ala | Pro | Arg | Leu | Leu | Pro | Pro | Leu | Leu |
| 1   |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     |     | 10  |     |     |     |     | 15  |     |
| Leu | Leu | Leu | Gly | Thr | Gly | Leu | Leu | Arg | Ala | Ser | Ser | His | Val | Glu | Thr |
|     |     |     | 20  |     |     |     |     | 25  |     |     |     |     | 30  |     |     |
| Arg | Ala | His | Ala | Glu | Glu | Arg | Leu | Leu | Lys | Lys | Leu | Phe | Ser | Gly | Tyr |
|     |     | 35  |     |     |     |     | 40  |     |     |     |     | 45  |     |     |     |
| Asn | Lys | Trp | Ser | Arg | Pro | Val | Ala | Asn | Ile | Ser | Asp | Val | Val | Leu | Val |
|     | 50  |     |     |     |     | 55  |     |     |     | 60  |     |     |     |     |     |
| Arg | Phe | Gly | Leu | Ser | Ile | Ala | Gln | Leu | Ile | Asp | Val | Asp | Glu | Lys | Asn |
| 65  |     |     |     |     | 70  |     |     |     | 75  |     |     |     |     | 80  |     |
| Gln | Met | Met | Thr | Thr | Asn | Val | Trp | Val | Lys | Gln | Glu | Trp | His | Asp | Tyr |
|     |     |     | 85  |     |     |     |     | 90  |     |     |     |     | 95  |     |     |
| Lys | Leu | Arg | Trp | Asp | Pro | Ala | Asp | Tyr | Glu | Asn | Val | Thr | Ser | Ile | Arg |
|     |     | 100 |     |     |     |     | 105 |     |     |     |     | 110 |     |     |     |
| Ile | Pro | Ser | Glu | Leu | Ile | Trp | Arg | Pro | Asp | Ile | Val | Leu | Tyr | Asn | Asn |
|     | 115 |     |     |     |     | 120 |     |     |     |     | 125 |     |     |     |     |
| Ala | Asp | Gly | Asp | Phe | Ala | Val | Thr | His | Leu | Thr | Lys | Ala | His | Leu | Phe |
|     | 130 |     |     |     | 135 |     |     |     |     |     | 140 |     |     |     |     |
| His | Asp | Gly | Arg | Val | Gln | Trp | Thr | Pro | Pro | Ala | Ile | Tyr | Lys | Ser | Ser |
| 145 |     |     |     |     | 150 |     |     |     | 155 |     |     |     |     | 160 |     |
| Cys | Ser | Ile | Asp | Val | Thr | Phe | Phe | Pro | Phe | Asp | Gln | Gln | Asn | Cys | Thr |
|     |     | 165 |     |     |     |     |     | 170 |     |     |     |     | 175 |     |     |
| Met | Lys | Phe | Gly | Ser | Trp | Thr | Tyr | Asp | Lys | Ala | Lys | Ile | Asp | Leu | Val |
|     | 180 |     |     |     |     |     | 185 |     |     |     |     |     | 190 |     |     |
| Asn | Met | His | Ser | Arg | Val | Asp | Gln | Leu | Asp | Phe | Trp | Glu | Ser | Gly | Glu |
|     | 195 |     |     |     |     | 200 |     |     |     |     | 205 |     |     |     |     |
| Trp | Val | Ile | Val | Asp | Ala | Val | Gly | Thr | Tyr | Asn | Thr | Arg | Lys | Tyr | Glu |
|     | 210 |     |     |     |     | 215 |     |     |     |     | 220 |     |     |     |     |
| Cys | Cys | Ala | Glu | Ile | Tyr | Pro | Asp | Ile | Thr | Tyr | Ala | Phe | Val | Ile | Arg |
| 225 |     |     |     |     | 230 |     |     |     | 235 |     |     |     |     | 240 |     |
| Arg | Leu | Pro | Leu | Phe | Tyr | Thr | Ile | Asn | Leu | Ile | Ile | Pro | Cys | Leu | Leu |

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 1828 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA  
 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO  
 (iv) ANTISENSE: NO



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(v) FRAGMENT TYPE:  
 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence  
 (B) LOCATION: 155...1561  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: alpha5 subunit human neuronal  
 nicotinic acetylcholine receptor

(A) NAME/KEY: 5'UTR  
 (B) LOCATION: 1...154  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(A) NAME/KEY: 3'UTR  
 (B) LOCATION: 1562...1828  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

|   |            |            |            |            |                     |     |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------------|-----|
| CCCGGCGGGA  | GCTGTGGCGC | GGAGCGGCCC | CGCTGCTGCG | TCTGCCCTCG | TTTTGTCTCA          | 60  |
| CGACTCACAC  | TCAGTGCTGC | ATCCCCAAG  | AGTTCGCGTT | CCCCGCGCGG | CGGTCGAGAG          | 120 |
| GCGGCTGCCC  | GCGGTCCCGC | GCGGGCGCGG | GGCG ATG   | GCG GCG    | CGG GGG TCA GGG     | 175 |
|   |            |            | Met        | Ala        | Ala Arg Gly Ser Gly |     |
|   |            |            | 1          |            | 5                   |     |
| CCC CGC GCG CTC CGC CTG CTG CTC TTG GTC CAG CTG GTC GCG GGG CGC |            |            |            |            |                     | 223 |
| Pro Arg Ala Leu Arg Leu Leu Val Gln Leu Val Ala Gly Arg         |            |            |            |            |                     |     |
|   | 10         |            | 15         |            | 20                  |     |
| TGC GGT CTA GCG GGC GCG GCG GGC GGC GCG CAG AGA GGA TTA TCT GAA |            |            |            |            |                     | 271 |
| Cys Gly Leu Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Gln Arg Gly Leu Ser Glu     |            |            |            |            |                     |     |
|   | 25         |            | 30         |            | 35                  |     |
| CCT TCT TCT ATT GCA AAA CAT GAA GAT AGT TTG CTT AAG GAT TTA TTT |            |            |            |            |                     | 319 |
| Pro Ser Ser Ile Ala Lys His Glu Asp Ser Leu Leu Lys Asp Leu Phe |            |            |            |            |                     |     |
|   | 40         |            | 45         |            | 50                  |     |
| CAA GAC TAC GAA AGA TGG GTT CGT CCT GTG GAA CAC CTG AAT GAC AAA |            |            |            |            |                     | 367 |
| Gln Asp Tyr Glu Arg Trp Val Arg Pro Val Glu His Leu Asn Asp Lys |            |            |            |            |                     |     |
|   | 60         |            | 65         |            | 70                  |     |
| ATA AAA ATA AAA TTT GGA CTT GCA ATA TCT CAA TTG GTG GAT GTG GAT |            |            |            |            |                     | 415 |
| Ile Lys Ile Lys Phe Gly Leu Ala Ile Ser Gln Leu Val Asp Val Asp |            |            |            |            |                     |     |
|   | 75         |            | 80         |            | 85                  |     |
| GAG AAA AAT CAG TTA ATG ACA ACA AAC GTC TGG TTG AAA CAG GAA TGG |            |            |            |            |                     | 463 |
| Glu Lys Asn Gln Leu Met Thr Asn Val Trp Leu Lys Gln Glu Trp     |            |            |            |            |                     |     |
|   | 90         |            | 95         |            | 100                 |     |
| ATA GAT GTA AAA TTA AGA TGG AAC CCT GAT GAC TAT GGT GGA ATA AAA |            |            |            |            |                     | 511 |
| Ile Asp Val Lys Leu Arg Trp Asn Pro Asp Asp Tyr Gly Gly Ile Lys |            |            |            |            |                     |     |
|   | 105        |            | 110        |            | 115                 |     |
| GTT ATA CGT GTT CCT TCA GAC TCT GTC TGG ACA CCA GAC ATC GTT TTG |            |            |            |            |                     | 559 |
| Val Ile Arg Val Pro Ser Asp Ser Val Trp Thr Pro Asp Ile Val Leu |            |            |            |            |                     |     |
|   | 120        |            | 125        |            | 130                 | 135 |
| TTT GAT AAT GCA GAT GGA CGT TTT GAA GGG ACC AGT ACG AAA ACA GTC |            |            |            |            |                     | 607 |
| Phe Asp Asn Ala Asp Gly Arg Phe Glu Gly Thr Ser Thr Lys Thr Val |            |            |            |            |                     |     |

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| 140               |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 145               |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |      |  |  |  | 150 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|--|--|--|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ATC<br>Ile        | AGG<br>Arg        | TAC<br>Tyr        | AAT<br>Asn<br>155 | GGC<br>Gly        | ACT<br>Thr        | GTC<br>Val        | ACC<br>Thr        | TGG<br>Trp<br>160 | ACT<br>Thr        | CCA<br>Pro        | CCG<br>Pro        | GCA<br>Ala        | AAC<br>Asn<br>165 | TAC<br>Tyr        | AAA<br>Lys        | 655  |  |  |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AGT<br>Ser        | TCC<br>Ser        | TGT<br>Cys<br>170 | ACC<br>Thr        | ATA<br>Ile        | GAT<br>Asp        | GTC<br>Val        | ACG<br>Thr<br>175 | TTT<br>Phe        | TTC<br>Phe        | CCA<br>Pro        | TTT<br>Phe        | GAC<br>Asp<br>180 | CTT<br>Leu        | CAG<br>Gln        | AAC<br>Asn        | 703  |  |  |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TGT<br>Cys        | TCC<br>Ser<br>185 | ATG<br>Met        | AAA<br>Lys        | TTT<br>Phe        | GGT<br>Gly        | TCT<br>Ser<br>190 | TGG<br>Trp        | ACT<br>Thr        | TAT<br>Tyr        | GAT<br>Asp        | GGA<br>Gly<br>195 | TCA<br>Ser        | CAG<br>Gln        | GTT<br>Val        | GAT<br>Asp        | 751  |  |  |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATA<br>Ile<br>200 | ATT<br>Ile        | CTA<br>Leu        | GAG<br>Glu        | GAC<br>Asp<br>205 | CAA<br>Gln<br>205 | GAT<br>Asp        | GTA<br>Val        | GAC<br>Asp        | AAG<br>Lys<br>210 | AGA<br>Arg<br>210 | GAT<br>Asp        | TTT<br>Phe        | TTT<br>Phe        | GAT<br>Asp        | AAT<br>Asn<br>215 | 799  |  |  |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GGA<br>Gly        | GAA<br>Glu        | TGG<br>Trp        | GAG<br>Glu<br>220 | ATT<br>Ile<br>220 | GTG<br>Val        | AGT<br>Ser        | GCA<br>Ala        | ACA<br>Thr        | GGG<br>Gly<br>225 | AGC<br>Ser        | AAA<br>Lys        | GGA<br>Gly        | AAC<br>Asn        | AGA<br>Arg<br>230 | ACC<br>Thr        | 847  |  |  |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GAC<br>Asp        | AGC<br>Ser        | TGT<br>Cys        | TGC<br>Cys<br>235 | TGG<br>Trp        | TAT<br>Tyr        | CCG<br>Pro        | TAT<br>Tyr        | GTC<br>Val<br>240 | ACT<br>Thr        | TAC<br>Tyr        | TCA<br>Ser        | TTT<br>Phe        | GTA<br>Val<br>245 | ATC<br>Ile        | AAG<br>Lys        | 895  |  |  |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CGC<br>Arg        | CTG<br>Leu        | CCT<br>Pro<br>250 | CTC<br>Leu        | TTT<br>Phe        | TAT<br>Tyr        | ACC<br>Thr        | TTG<br>Leu<br>255 | TTC<br>Phe        | CTT<br>Leu        | ATA<br>Ile        | ATA<br>Ile        | CCC<br>Pro<br>260 | TGT<br>Cys        | ATT<br>Ile        | GGG<br>Gly        | 943  |  |  |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CTC<br>Leu<br>265 | TCA<br>Ser        | TTT<br>Phe        | TTA<br>Leu        | ACT<br>Thr        | GTA<br>Val        | CTT<br>Leu<br>270 | GTC<br>Val        | TTC<br>Phe        | TAT<br>Tyr        | CTT<br>Leu        | CCT<br>Pro<br>275 | TCA<br>Ser        | AAT<br>Asn        | GAA<br>Glu        | GGT<br>Gly        | 991  |  |  |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GAA<br>Glu<br>280 | AAG<br>Lys        | ATT<br>Ile        | TGT<br>Cys        | CTC<br>Leu<br>285 | TGC<br>Cys        | ACT<br>Thr        | TCA<br>Ser        | GTA<br>Val        | CTT<br>Leu<br>290 | GTG<br>Val        | TCT<br>Ser        | TTG<br>Leu        | ACT<br>Thr        | GTC<br>Val        | TTC<br>Phe<br>295 | 1039 |  |  |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CTT<br>Leu        | CTG<br>Leu        | GTT<br>Val        | ATT<br>Ile<br>300 | GAA<br>Glu<br>300 | GAG<br>Glu        | ATC<br>Ile        | ATA<br>Ile        | CCA<br>Pro        | TCA<br>Ser<br>305 | TCT<br>Ser        | TCA<br>Ser        | AAA<br>Lys        | GTC<br>Val        | ATA<br>Ile<br>310 | CCT<br>Pro        | 1087 |  |  |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CTA<br>Leu        | ATT<br>Ile        | GGA<br>Gly<br>315 | GAG<br>Glu<br>315 | TAT<br>Tyr        | CTG<br>Leu        | GTA<br>Val        | TTT<br>Phe<br>320 | ACC<br>Thr        | ATG<br>Met        | ATT<br>Ile        | TTT<br>Phe        | GTG<br>Val        | ACA<br>Thr<br>325 | CTG<br>Leu        | TCA<br>Ser        | 1135 |  |  |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATT<br>Ile        | ATG<br>Met<br>330 | GTA<br>Val        | ACC<br>Thr        | GTC<br>Val        | TTC<br>Phe        | GCT<br>Ala        | ATC<br>Ile<br>335 | AAC<br>Asn        | ATT<br>Ile        | CAT<br>His        | CAT<br>His        | CGT<br>Arg<br>340 | TCT<br>Ser        | TCC<br>Ser        | TCA<br>Ser        | 1183 |  |  |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ACA<br>Thr<br>345 | CAT<br>His        | AAT<br>Asn        | GCC<br>Ala        | ATG<br>Met        | GCG<br>Ala        | CCT<br>Pro<br>350 | TTG<br>Leu        | GTC<br>Val        | CGC<br>Arg        | AAG<br>Lys        | ATA<br>Ile<br>355 | TTT<br>Phe        | CTT<br>Leu        | CAC<br>His        | ACG<br>Thr        | 1231 |  |  |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CTT<br>Leu<br>360 | CCC<br>Pro        | AAA<br>Lys        | CTG<br>Leu        | CTT<br>Leu<br>365 | TGC<br>Cys        | ATG<br>Met        | AGA<br>Arg        | AGT<br>Ser        | CAT<br>His        | GTA<br>Val<br>370 | GAC<br>Asp        | AGG<br>Arg        | TAC<br>Tyr        | TTC<br>Phe        | ACT<br>Thr<br>375 | 1279 |  |  |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CAG<br>Gln        | AAA<br>Lys        | GAG<br>Glu        | GAA<br>Glu<br>380 | ACT<br>Thr<br>380 | GAG<br>Glu        | AGT<br>Ser        | GGT<br>Gly        | AGT<br>Ser<br>385 | GGA<br>Gly        | CCG<br>Pro<br>385 | AAA<br>Lys        | TCT<br>Ser        | TCT<br>Ser        | AGA<br>Arg<br>390 | AAC<br>Asn        | 1327 |  |  |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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|  |      |
|--|------|
| ACA TTG GAA GCT GCG CTC AAT TCT ATT CGC TAC ATT ACA AGA CAC ATC    | 1375 |
| Thr Leu Glu Ala Ala Leu Asn Ser Ile Arg Tyr Ile Thr Arg His Ile    |      |
| 395 400 405  |      |
| ATG AAG GAA AAT GAT GTC CGT GAG GTT GTT GAA GAT TGG AAA TTC ATA    | 1423 |
| Met Lys Glu Asn Asp Val Arg Glu Val Val Glu Asp Trp Lys Phe Ile    |      |
| 410 415 420  |      |
| GCC CAG GTT CTT GAT CGG ATG TTT CTG TGG ACT TTT CTT TTC GTT TCA    | 1471 |
| Ala Gln Val Leu Asp Arg Met Phe Leu Trp Thr Phe Leu Phe Val Ser    |      |
| 425 430 435  |      |
| ATT GTT GGA TCT CTT GGG CTT TTT GTT CCT GTT ATT TAT AAA TGG GCA    | 1519 |
| Ile Val Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Val Pro Val Ile Tyr Lys Trp Ala    |      |
| 440 445 450 455  |      |
| AAT ATA TTA ATA CCA GTT CAT ATT GGA AAT GCA AAT AAG TGA AGCCTCCCAA | 1571 |
| Asn Ile Leu Ile Pro Val His Ile Gly Asn Ala Asn Lys *              |      |
| 460 465  |      |
| GGGACTGAAG TATACATTTA GTTAACACAC ATATATCTGA TGGCACCTAT AAAATTATGA  | 1631 |
| AAATGTAAGT TATGTGTTAA ATTTAGTGCA AGCTTTAACA GACTAAGTTG CTAACCTCAA  | 1691 |
| TTTATGTTAA CAGATGATCC ATTTGAACAG TTGGCTGTAT GACTGAAGTA ATAACGTGATG | 1751 |
| AGATACATTT GATCTTGTA AAATAGCAAA ATATTATCTG AACTGGACTA GTGAAAAATC   | 1811 |
| TAGTATTTGT ATCCTGG   | 1828 |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 469 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Met | Ala | Ala | Arg | Gly | Ser | Gly | Pro | Arg | Ala | Leu | Arg | Leu | Leu | Leu | Leu |
| 1   |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     |     | 10  |     |     |     | 15  |     |     |
| Val | Gln | Leu | Val | Ala | Gly | Arg | Cys | Gly | Leu | Ala | Gly | Ala | Ala | Gly | Gly |
|     |     |     | 20  |     |     |     |     | 25  |     |     |     | 30  |     |     |     |
| Ala | Gln | Arg | Gly | Leu | Ser | Glu | Pro | Ser | Ser | Ile | Ala | Lys | His | Glu | Asp |
|     |     |     | 35  |     |     |     | 40  |     |     |     |     | 45  |     |     |     |
| Ser | Leu | Leu | Lys | Asp | Leu | Phe | Gln | Asp | Tyr | Glu | Arg | Trp | Val | Arg | Pro |
|     |     |     | 50  |     |     | 55  |     |     |     | 60  |     |     |     |     |     |
| Val | Glu | His | Leu | Asn | Asp | Lys | Ile | Lys | Ile | Lys | Phe | Gly | Leu | Ala | Ile |
| 65  |     |     |     | 70  |     |     |     | 75  |     |     |     |     | 80  |     |     |
| Ser | Gln | Leu | Val | Asp | Val | Asp | Glu | Lys | Asn | Gln | Leu | Met | Thr | Thr | Asn |
|     |     |     | 85  |     |     |     | 90  |     |     |     |     |     | 95  |     |     |
| Val | Trp | Leu | Lys | Gln | Glu | Trp | Ile | Asp | Val | Lys | Leu | Arg | Trp | Asn | Pro |
|     |     |     | 100 |     |     |     | 105 |     |     |     |     | 110 |     |     |     |
| Asp | Asp | Tyr | Gly | Gly | Ile | Lys | Val | Ile | Arg | Val | Pro | Ser | Asp | Ser | Val |
|     |     |     | 115 |     |     |     | 120 |     |     |     | 125 |     |     |     |     |
| Trp | Thr | Pro | Asp | Ile | Val | Leu | Phe | Asp | Asn | Ala | Asp | Gly | Arg | Phe | Glu |
| 130 |     |     |     |     | 135 |     |     |     |     |     | 140 |     |     |     |     |

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Gly Thr Ser Thr Lys Thr Val Ile Arg Tyr Asn Gly Thr Val Thr Trp  
 145 150 155 160  
 Thr Pro Pro Ala Asn Tyr Lys Ser Ser Cys Thr Ile Asp Val Thr Phe  
 165 170 175  
 Phe Pro Phe Asp Leu Gln Asn Cys Ser Met Lys Phe Gly Ser Trp Thr  
 180 185 190  
 Tyr Asp Gly Ser Gln Val Asp Ile Ile Leu Glu Asp Gln Asp Val Asp  
 195 200 205  
 Lys Arg Asp Phe Phe Asp Asn Gly Glu Trp Glu Ile Val Ser Ala Thr  
 210 215 220  
 Gly Ser Lys Gly Asn Arg Thr Asp Ser Cys Cys Trp Tyr Pro Tyr Val  
 225 230 235 240  
 Thr Tyr Ser Phe Val Ile Lys Arg Leu Pro Leu Phe Tyr Thr Leu Phe  
 245 250 255  
 Leu Ile Ile Pro Cys Ile Gly Leu Ser Phe Leu Thr Val Leu Val Phe  
 260 265 270  
 Tyr Leu Pro Ser Asn Glu Gly Glu Lys Ile Cys Leu Cys Thr Ser Val  
 275 280 285  
 Leu Val Ser Leu Thr Val Phe Leu Leu Val Ile Glu Glu Ile Ile Pro  
 290 295 300  
 Ser Ser Ser Lys Val Ile Pro Leu Ile Gly Glu Tyr Leu Val Phe Thr  
 305 310 315 320  
 Met Ile Phe Val Thr Leu Ser Ile Met Val Thr Val Phe Ala Ile Asn  
 325 330 335  
 Ile His His Arg Ser Ser Ser Thr His Asn Ala Met Ala Pro Leu Val  
 340 345 350  
 Arg Lys Ile Phe Leu His Thr Leu Pro Lys Leu Leu Cys Met Arg Ser  
 355 360 365  
 His Val Asp Arg Tyr Phe Thr Gln Lys Glu Glu Thr Glu Ser Gly Ser  
 370 375 380  
 Gly Pro Lys Ser Ser Arg Asn Thr Leu Glu Ala Ala Leu Asn Ser Ile  
 385 390 395 400  
 Arg Tyr Ile Thr Arg His Ile Met Lys Glu Asn Asp Val Arg Glu Val  
 405 410 415  
 Val Glu Asp Trp Lys Phe Ile Ala Gln Val Leu Asp Arg Met Phe Leu  
 420 425 430  
 Trp Thr Phe Leu Phe Val Ser Ile Val Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Val  
 435 440 445  
 Pro Val Ile Tyr Lys Trp Ala Asn Ile Leu Ile Pro Val His Ile Gly  
 450 455 460  
 Asn Ala Asn Lys  
 465

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1743 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE:

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (ix) FEATURE:

## (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence

## (B) LOCATION: 143...1627

## (D) OTHER INFORMATION: alpha6 subunit human neuronal

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## nicotinic acetylcholine receptor

(A) NAME/KEY: 5'UTR  
 (B) LOCATION: 1...142  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(A) NAME/KEY: 3'UTR  
 (B) LOCATION: 1628...1743  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

|   |                 |            |             |             |                         |     |
|---|-----------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|-----|
| CGGGTTTGA   | TTTCTGAGAA      | GACACACACG | GATTGCAGTG  | GGCTTCTGAT  | GATGTCAAGG              | 60  |
| TTGGATGCAT  | GTGGCTGACT      | GATAGCTCTT | TGTTTCCAC   | AATCCTTGC   | CTAGGAAAAA              | 120 |
| GGAATCCAAG  | TGTGTTTAA       | CC ATG CTG | ACC AGC AAG | GGG CAG GGA | TTC CTT                 | 172 |
|   | Met             | Leu        | Thr         | Ser         | Lys Gly Gln Gly Phe Leu |     |
|   | 1               |            |             | 5           | 10                      |     |
| CAT GGG GGC TTG TGT CTC TGG CTG TGT GTG TTC ACA CCT TTC TTT AAA | 220             |            |             |             |                         |     |
| His Gly Gly Leu Cys Leu Trp Leu Cys Val Phe Thr Pro Phe Phe Lys |                 |            |             |             |                         |     |
|   | 15 20 25        |            |             |             |                         |     |
| GGC TGT GTG GGC TGT GCA ACT GAG GAG AGG CTC TTC CAC AAA CTG TTT | 268             |            |             |             |                         |     |
| Gly Cys Val Gly Cys Ala Thr Glu Arg Leu Phe His Lys Leu Phe     |                 |            |             |             |                         |     |
|   | 30 35 40        |            |             |             |                         |     |
| TCT CAT TAC AAC CAG TTC ATC AGG CCT GTG GAA AAC GTT TCC GAC CCT | 316             |            |             |             |                         |     |
| Ser His Tyr Asn Gln Phe Ile Arg Pro Val Glu Asn Val Ser Asp Pro |                 |            |             |             |                         |     |
|   | 45 50 55        |            |             |             |                         |     |
| GTC ACG GTA CAC TTT GAA GTG GCC ATC ACC CAG CTG GCC AAC GTG GAT | 364             |            |             |             |                         |     |
| Val Thr Val His Phe Glu Val Ala Ile Thr Gln Leu Ala Asn Val Asp |                 |            |             |             |                         |     |
|   | 60 65 70        |            |             |             |                         |     |
| GAA GTA AAC CAG ATC ATG GAA ACC AAT TTG TGG CTG CGT CAC ATC TGG | 412             |            |             |             |                         |     |
| Glu Val Asn Gln Ile Met Glu Thr Asn Leu Trp Leu Arg His Ile Trp |                 |            |             |             |                         |     |
|   | 75 80 85 90     |            |             |             |                         |     |
| AAT GAT TAT AAA TTG CGC TGG GAT CCA ATG GAA TAT GAT GGC ATT GAG | 460             |            |             |             |                         |     |
| Asn Asp Tyr Lys Leu Arg Trp Asp Pro Met Glu Tyr Asp Gly Ile Glu |                 |            |             |             |                         |     |
|   | 95 100 105      |            |             |             |                         |     |
| ACT CTT CGC GTT CCT GCA GAT AAG ATT TGG AAG CCC GAC ATT GTT CTC | 508             |            |             |             |                         |     |
| Thr Leu Arg Val Pro Ala Asp Lys Ile Trp Lys Pro Asp Ile Val Leu |                 |            |             |             |                         |     |
|   | 110 115 120     |            |             |             |                         |     |
| TAT AAC AAT GCT GTT GGT GAC TTC CAA GTA GAA GGC AAA ACA AAA GCT | 556             |            |             |             |                         |     |
| Tyr Asn Asn Ala Val Gly Asp Phe Gln Val Glu Gly Lys Thr Lys Ala |                 |            |             |             |                         |     |
|   | 125 130 135     |            |             |             |                         |     |
| CTT CTT AAA TAC AAT GGC ATG ATA ACC TGG ACT CCA CCA GCT ATT TTT | 604             |            |             |             |                         |     |
| Leu Leu Lys Tyr Asn Gly Met Ile Thr Trp Thr Pro Pro Ala Ile Phe |                 |            |             |             |                         |     |
|   | 140 145 150     |            |             |             |                         |     |
| AAG AGT TCC TGC CCT ATG GAT ATC ACC TTT TTC CCT TTT GAT CAT CAA | 652             |            |             |             |                         |     |
| Lys Ser Ser Cys Pro Met Asp Ile Thr Phe Phe Pro Phe Asp His Gln |                 |            |             |             |                         |     |
|   | 155 160 165 170 |            |             |             |                         |     |
| AAC TGT TCC CTA AAA TTT GGT TCC TGG ACG TAT GAC AAA GCT GAA ATT | 700             |            |             |             |                         |     |

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|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |  |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|--|
| Asn | Cys | Ser | Leu | Lys | Phe | Gly | Ser | Trp | Thr | Tyr | Asp | Lys | Ala | Glu | Ile |      |  |
|     |     |     |     | 175 |     |     |     |     | 180 |     |     |     |     | 185 |     |      |  |
| GAT | CTT | CTA | ATC | ATT | GGA | TCA | AAA | GTG | GAT | ATG | AAT | GAT | TTT | TGG | GAA | 748  |  |
| Asp | Leu | Leu | Ile | Ile | Gly | Ser | Lys | Val | Asp | Met | Asn | Asp | Phe | Trp | Glu |      |  |
|     |     |     | 190 |     |     |     |     | 195 |     |     |     |     | 200 |     |     |      |  |
| AAC | AGT | GAA | TGG | GAA | ATC | ATT | GAT | GCC | TCT | GGC | TAC | AAA | CAT | GAC | ATC | 796  |  |
| Asn | Ser | Glu | Trp | Glu | Ile | Ile | Asp | Ala | Ser | Gly | Tyr | Lys | His | Asp | Ile |      |  |
|     |     | 205 |     |     |     |     | 210 |     |     |     |     | 215 |     |     |     |      |  |
| AAA | TAC | AAC | TGT | TGT | GAA | GAG | ATA | TAC | ACA | GAT | ATA | ACC | TAT | TCT | TTC | 844  |  |
| Lys | Tyr | Asn | Cys | Cys | Glu | Glu | Ile | Tyr | Thr | Asp | Ile | Thr | Tyr | Ser | Phe |      |  |
|     | 220 |     |     |     |     | 225 |     |     |     |     | 230 |     |     |     |     |      |  |
| TAC | ATT | AGA | AGA | TTG | CCG | ATG | TTT | TAC | ACG | ATT | AAT | CTG | ATC | ATC | CCT | 892  |  |
| Tyr | Ile | Arg | Arg | Leu | Pro | Met | Phe | Tyr | Thr | Ile | Asn | Leu | Ile | Ile | Pro |      |  |
|     | 235 |     |     |     | 240 |     |     |     |     | 245 |     |     |     |     | 250 |      |  |
| TGT | CTC | TTT | ATT | TCA | TTT | CTA | ACC | GTG | TTG | GTC | TTT | TAC | CTT | CCT | TCG | 940  |  |
| Cys | Leu | Phe | Ile | Ser | Phe | Leu | Thr | Val | Leu | Val | Phe | Tyr | Leu | Pro | Ser |      |  |
|     |     |     |     | 255 |     |     |     |     | 260 |     |     |     |     | 265 |     |      |  |
| GAC | TGT | GGT | GAA | AAA | GTG | ACG | CTT | TGT | ATT | TCA | GTC | CTG | CTT | TCT | CTG | 988  |  |
| Asp | Cys | Gly | Glu | Lys | Val | Thr | Leu | Cys | Ile | Ser | Val | Leu | Leu | Ser | Leu |      |  |
|     |     | 270 |     |     |     |     |     | 275 |     |     |     |     | 280 |     |     |      |  |
| ACT | GTG | TTT | TTG | CTG | GTC | ATC | ACA | GAA | ACC | ATC | CCA | TCC | ACA | TCT | CTG | 1036 |  |
| Thr | Val | Phe | Leu | Leu | Val | Ile | Thr | Glu | Thr | Ile | Pro | Ser | Thr | Ser | Leu |      |  |
|     |     | 285 |     |     |     |     | 290 |     |     |     |     | 295 |     |     |     |      |  |
| GTG | GTC | CCA | CTG | GTG | GGT | GAG | TAC | CTG | CTG | TTC | ACC | ATG | ATC | TTT | GTC | 1084 |  |
| Val | Val | Pro | Leu | Val | Gly | Glu | Tyr | Leu | Leu | Phe | Thr | Met | Ile | Phe | Val |      |  |
|     | 300 |     |     |     |     | 305 |     |     |     |     | 310 |     |     |     |     |      |  |
| ACA | CTG | TCC | ATC | GTG | GTG | ACT | GTG | TTT | GTG | TTG | AAC | ATA | CAC | TAC | CGC | 1132 |  |
| Thr | Leu | Ser | Ile | Val | Val | Thr | Val | Phe | Val | Leu | Asn | Ile | His | Tyr | Arg |      |  |
|     | 315 |     |     |     | 320 |     |     |     |     | 325 |     |     |     |     | 330 |      |  |
| ACC | CCA | ACC | ACG | CAC | ACA | ATG | CCC | AGG | TGG | GTG | AAG | ACA | GTT | TTC | CTG | 1180 |  |
| Thr | Pro | Thr | Thr | His | Thr | Met | Pro | Arg | Trp | Val | Lys | Thr | Val | Phe | Leu |      |  |
|     |     |     |     | 335 |     |     |     |     | 340 |     |     |     |     | 345 |     |      |  |
| AAG | CTG | CTG | CCC | CAG | GTC | CTG | CTG | ATG | AGG | TGG | CCT | CTG | GAC | AAG | ACA | 1228 |  |
| Lys | Leu | Leu | Pro | Gln | Val | Leu | Leu | Met | Arg | Trp | Pro | Leu | Asp | Lys | Thr |      |  |
|     |     |     | 350 |     |     |     |     | 355 |     |     |     |     | 360 |     |     |      |  |
| AGG | GGC | ACA | GGC | TCT | GAT | GCA | GTG | CCC | AGA | GGC | CTT | GCC | AGG | AGG | CCT | 1276 |  |
| Arg | Gly | Thr | Gly | Ser | Asp | Ala | Val | Pro | Arg | Gly | Leu | Ala | Arg | Arg | Pro |      |  |
|     |     | 365 |     |     |     |     | 370 |     |     |     |     | 375 |     |     |     |      |  |
| GCC | AAA | GGC | AAG | CTT | GCA | AGC | CAT | GGG | GAA | CCC | AGA | CAT | CTT | AAA | GAA | 1324 |  |
| Ala | Lys | Gly | Lys | Leu | Ala | Ser | His | Gly | Glu | Pro | Arg | His | Leu | Lys | Glu |      |  |
|     | 380 |     |     |     |     | 385 |     |     |     |     | 390 |     |     |     |     |      |  |
| TGC | TTC | CAT | TGT | CAC | AAA | TCA | AAT | GAG | CTT | GCC | ACA | AGC | AAG | AGA | AGA | 1372 |  |
| Cys | Phe | His | Cys | His | Lys | Ser | Asn | Glu | Leu | Ala | Thr | Ser | Lys | Arg | Arg |      |  |
|     | 395 |     |     |     | 400 |     |     |     |     | 405 |     |     |     |     | 410 |      |  |
| TTA | AGT | CAT | CAG | CCA | TTA | CAG | TGG | GTG | GTG | GAA | AAT | TCG | GAG | CAC | TCG | 1420 |  |
| Leu | Ser | His | Gln | Pro | Leu | Gln | Trp | Val | Val | Glu | Asn | Ser | Glu | His | Ser |      |  |

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| 415   | 420 | 425 |      |
|---|-----|-----|------|
| CCT GAA GTT GAA GAT GTG ATT AAC AGT GTT CAG TTC ATA GCA GAA AAC   |     |     | 1468 |
| Pro Glu Val Glu Asp Val Ile Asn Ser Val Gln Phe Ile Ala Glu Asn   |     |     |      |
| 430   | 435 | 440 |      |
| ATG AAG AGC CAC AAT GAA ACC AAG GAG GTA GAA GAT GAC TGG AAA TAC   |     |     | 1516 |
| Met Lys Ser His Asn Glu Thr Lys Glu Val Glu Asp Asp Trp Lys Tyr   |     |     |      |
| 445   | 450 | 455 |      |
| GTG GCC ATG GTG GTG GAC AGA GTA TTT CTT TGG GTA TTT ATA ATT GTC   |     |     | 1564 |
| Val Ala Met Val Val Asp Arg Val Phe Leu Trp Val Phe Ile Ile Val   |     |     |      |
| 460   | 465 | 470 |      |
| TGT GTA TTT GGA ACT GCA GGG CTA TTT CTA CAG CCA CTA CTT GGG AAC   |     |     | 1612 |
| Cys Val Phe Gly Thr Ala Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Pro Leu Leu Gly Asn   |     |     |      |
| 475   | 480 | 485 | 490  |
| ACA GGA AAA TCT TAA AATGTATTTT CTTTATGTT CAGAAATTTA CAGACACCAT AT |     |     | 1669 |
| Thr Gly Lys Ser *   |     |     |      |
| 495   |     |     |      |
| TTGTTCTGCA TTCCCTGCCA CAAGGAAAGG AAAGCAAAGG CTTCCCACCC AAGTCCCCCA |     |     | 1729 |
| TCTGCTAAAA CCG  |     |     | 1743 |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 495 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Met | Leu | Thr | Ser | Lys | Gly | Gln | Gly | Phe | Leu | His | Gly | Gly | Leu | Cys | Leu |
| 1   |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     |     | 10  |     |     |     |     | 15  |     |
| Trp | Leu | Cys | Val | Phe | Thr | Pro | Phe | Phe | Lys | Gly | Cys | Val | Gly | Cys | Ala |
|     |     |     | 20  |     |     |     |     | 25  |     |     |     |     | 30  |     |     |
| Thr | Glu | Glu | Arg | Leu | Phe | His | Lys | Leu | Phe | Ser | His | Tyr | Asn | Gln | Phe |
|     |     |     | 35  |     |     |     | 40  |     |     |     |     | 45  |     |     |     |
| Ile | Arg | Pro | Val | Glu | Asn | Val | Ser | Asp | Pro | Val | Thr | Val | His | Phe | Glu |
|     |     |     | 50  |     |     | 55  |     |     |     | 60  |     |     |     |     |     |
| Val | Ala | Ile | Thr | Gln | Leu | Ala | Asn | Val | Asp | Glu | Val | Asn | Gln | Ile | Met |
| 65  |     |     |     |     | 70  |     |     |     | 75  |     |     |     |     | 80  |     |
| Glu | Thr | Asn | Leu | Trp | Leu | Arg | His | Ile | Trp | Asn | Asp | Tyr | Lys | Leu | Arg |
|     |     |     | 85  |     |     |     |     | 90  |     |     |     |     | 95  |     |     |
| Trp | Asp | Pro | Met | Glu | Tyr | Asp | Gly | Ile | Glu | Thr | Leu | Arg | Val | Pro | Ala |
|     |     |     | 100 |     |     |     | 105 |     |     |     |     |     | 110 |     |     |
| Asp | Lys | Ile | Trp | Lys | Pro | Asp | Ile | Val | Leu | Tyr | Asn | Asn | Ala | Val | Gly |
|     |     |     | 115 |     |     |     | 120 |     |     |     |     | 125 |     |     |     |
| Asp | Phe | Gln | Val | Glu | Gly | Lys | Thr | Lys | Ala | Leu | Leu | Lys | Tyr | Asn | Gly |
|     |     |     | 130 |     |     | 135 |     |     |     | 140 |     |     |     |     |     |
| Met | Ile | Thr | Trp | Thr | Pro | Pro | Ala | Ile | Phe | Lys | Ser | Ser | Cys | Pro | Met |
| 145 |     |     |     |     | 150 |     |     |     | 155 |     |     |     |     | 160 |     |

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Asp Ile Thr Phe Phe Pro Phe Asp His Gln Asn Cys Ser Leu Lys Phe
                165                170                175
Gly Ser Trp Thr Tyr Asp Lys Ala Glu Ile Asp Leu Leu Ile Ile Gly
                180                185                190
Ser Lys Val Asp Met Asn Asp Phe Trp Glu Asn Ser Glu Trp Glu Ile
                195                200                205
Ile Asp Ala Ser Gly Tyr Lys His Asp Ile Lys Tyr Asn Cys Cys Glu
                210                215                220
Glu Ile Tyr Thr Asp Ile Thr Tyr Ser Phe Tyr Ile Arg Arg Leu Pro
225                230                235                240
Met Phe Tyr Thr Ile Asn Leu Ile Ile Pro Cys Leu Phe Ile Ser Phe
                245                250                255
Leu Thr Val Leu Val Phe Tyr Leu Pro Ser Asp Cys Gly Glu Lys Val
                260                265                270
Thr Leu Cys Ile Ser Val Leu Leu Ser Leu Thr Val Phe Leu Leu Val
                275                280                285
Ile Thr Glu Thr Ile Pro Ser Thr Ser Leu Val Val Pro Leu Val Gly
290                295                300
Glu Tyr Leu Leu Phe Thr Met Ile Phe Val Thr Leu Ser Ile Val Val
305                310                315                320
Thr Val Phe Val Leu Asn Ile His Tyr Arg Thr Pro Thr Thr His Thr
                325                330                335
Met Pro Arg Trp Val Lys Thr Val Phe Leu Lys Leu Leu Pro Gln Val
                340                345                350
Leu Leu Met Arg Trp Pro Leu Asp Lys Thr Arg Gly Thr Gly Ser Asp
                355                360                365
Ala Val Pro Arg Gly Leu Ala Arg Arg Pro Ala Lys Gly Lys Leu Ala
370                375                380
Ser His Gly Glu Pro Arg His Leu Lys Glu Cys Phe His Cys His Lys
385                390                395                400
Ser Asn Glu Leu Ala Thr Ser Lys Arg Arg Leu Ser His Gln Pro Leu
                405                410                415
Gln Trp Val Val Glu Asn Ser Glu His Ser Pro Glu Val Glu Asp Val
                420                425                430
Ile Asn Ser Val Gln Phe Ile Ala Glu Asn Met Lys Ser His Asn Glu
                435                440                445
Thr Lys Glu Val Glu Asp Asp Trp Lys Tyr Val Ala Met Val Val Asp
450                455                460
Arg Val Phe Leu Trp Val Phe Ile Ile Val Cys Val Phe Gly Thr Ala
465                470                475                480
Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Pro Leu Leu Gly Asn Thr Gly Lys Ser
                485                490

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1876 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE:

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence

(B) LOCATION: 73...1581

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: alpha7 human neuronal nicotinic



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## acetylcholine receptor

(A) NAME/KEY: 5'UTR  
 (B) LOCATION: 1...72  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(A) NAME/KEY: 3'UTR  
 (B) LOCATION: 1582...1876  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| GGCCGCAGGC GCAGGCCCGG GCGACAGCCG AGACGTGGAG CGCGCCGGCT CGCTGCAGCT | 60  |
| CCGGGACTCA AC ATG CGC TGC TCG CCG GGA GGC GTC TGG CTG GCG CTG GCC | 111 |
| Met Arg Cys Ser Pro Gly Gly Val Trp Leu Ala Leu Ala               |     |
| 1 5 10  |     |
| GCG TCG CTC CTG CAC GTG TCC CTG CAA GGC GAG TTC CAG AGG AAG CTT   | 159 |
| Ala Ser Leu Leu His Val Ser Leu Gln Gly Glu Phe Gln Arg Lys Leu   |     |
| 15 20 25  |     |
| TAC AAG GAG CTG GTC AAG AAC TAC AAT CCC TTG GAG AGG CCC GTG GCC   | 207 |
| Tyr Lys Glu Leu Val Lys Asn Tyr Asn Pro Leu Glu Arg Pro Val Ala   |     |
| 30 35 40 45   |     |
| AAT GAC TCG CAA CCA CTC ACC GTC TAC TTC TCC CTG AGC CTC CTG CAG   | 255 |
| Asn Asp Ser Gln Pro Leu Thr Val Tyr Phe Ser Leu Ser Leu Leu Gln   |     |
| 50 55 60  |     |
| ATC ATG GAC GTG GAT GAG AAG AAC CAA GTT TTA ACC ACC AAC ATT TGG   | 303 |
| Ile Met Asp Val Asp Glu Lys Asn Gln Val Leu Thr Thr Asn Ile Trp   |     |
| 65 70 75  |     |
| CTG CAA ATG TCT TGG ACA GAT CAC TAT TTA CAG TGG AAT GTG TCA GAA   | 351 |
| Leu Gln Met Ser Trp Thr Asp His Tyr Leu Gln Trp Asn Val Ser Glu   |     |
| 80 85 90  |     |
| TAT CCA GGG GTG AAG ACT GTT CGT TTC CCA GAT GGC CAG ATT TGG AAA   | 399 |
| Tyr Pro Gly Val Lys Thr Val Arg Phe Pro Asp Gly Gln Ile Trp Lys   |     |
| 95 100 105  |     |
| CCA GAC ATT CTT CTC TAT AAC AGT GCT GAT GAG CGC TTT GAC GCC ACA   | 447 |
| Pro Asp Ile Leu Leu Tyr Asn Ser Ala Asp Glu Arg Phe Asp Ala Thr   |     |
| 110 115 120 125   |     |
| TTC CAC ACT AAC GTG TTG GTG AAT TCT TCT GGG CAT TGC CAG TAC CTG   | 495 |
| Phe His Thr Asn Val Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gly His Cys Gln Tyr Leu   |     |
| 130 135 140   |     |
| CCT CCA GGC ATA TTC AAG AGT TCC TGC TAC ATC GAT GTA CGC TGG TTT   | 543 |
| Pro Pro Gly Ile Phe Lys Ser Ser Cys Tyr Ile Asp Val Arg Trp Phe   |     |
| 145 150 155   |     |
| CCC TTT GAT GTG CAG CAC TGC AAA CTG AAG TTT GGG TCC TGG TCT TAC   | 591 |
| Pro Phe Asp Val Gln His Cys Lys Leu Lys Phe Gly Ser Trp Ser Tyr   |     |
| 160 165 170   |     |
| GGA GGC TGG TCC TTG GAT CTG CAG ATG CAG GAG GCA GAT ATC AGT GGC   | 639 |
| Gly Gly Trp Ser Leu Asp Leu Gln Met Gln Glu Ala Asp Ile Ser Gly   |     |

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| 175   | 180 | 185 |      |
|---|-----|-----|------|
| TAT ATC CCC AAT GGA GAA TGG GAC CTA GTG GGA ATC CCC GGC AAG AGG<br>Tyr Ile Pro Asn Gly Glu Trp Asp Leu Val Gly Ile Pro Gly Lys Arg<br>190 195 200 205 |     |     | 687  |
| AGT GAA AGG TTC TAT GAG TGC TGC AAA GAG CCC TAC CCC GAT GTC ACC<br>Ser Glu Arg Phe Tyr Glu Cys Cys Lys Glu Pro Tyr Pro Asp Val Thr<br>210 215 220     |     |     | 735  |
| TTC ACA GTG ACC ATG CGC CGC AGG ACG CTC TAC TAT GGC CTC AAC CTG<br>Phe Thr Val Thr Met Arg Arg Arg Thr Leu Tyr Tyr Gly Leu Asn Leu<br>225 230 235     |     |     | 783  |
| CTG ATC CCC TGT GTG CTC ATC TCC GCC CTC GCC CTG CTG GTG TTC CTG<br>Leu Ile Pro Cys Val Leu Ile Ser Ala Leu Ala Leu Leu Val Phe Leu<br>240 245 250     |     |     | 831  |
| CTT CCT GCA GAT TCC GGG GAG AAG ATT TCC CTG GGG ATA ACA GTC TTA<br>Leu Pro Ala Asp Ser Gly Glu Lys Ile Ser Leu Gly Ile Thr Val Leu<br>255 260 265     |     |     | 879  |
| CTC TCT CTT ACC GTC TTC ATG CTG CTC GTG GCT GAG ATC ATG CCC GCA<br>Leu Ser Leu Thr Val Phe Met Leu Leu Val Ala Glu Ile Met Pro Ala<br>270 275 280 285 |     |     | 927  |
| ACA TCC GAT TCG GTA CCA TTG ATA GCC CAG TAC TTC GCC AGC ACC ATG<br>Thr Ser Asp Ser Val Pro Leu Ile Ala Gln Tyr Phe Ala Ser Thr Met<br>290 295 300     |     |     | 975  |
| ATC ATC GTG GGC CTC TCG GTG GTG GTG ACG GTG ATC GTG CTG CAG TAC<br>Ile Ile Val Gly Leu Ser Val Val Val Thr Val Ile Val Leu Gln Tyr<br>305 310 315     |     |     | 1023 |
| CAC CAC CAC GAC CCC GAC GGG GGC AAG ATG CCC AAG TGG ACC AGA GTC<br>His His His Asp Pro Asp Gly Gly Lys Met Pro Lys Trp Thr Arg Val<br>320 325 330     |     |     | 1071 |
| ATC CTT CTG AAC TGG TGC GCG TGG TTC CTG CGA ATG AAG AGG CCC GGG<br>Ile Leu Leu Asn Trp Cys Ala Trp Phe Leu Arg Met Lys Arg Pro Gly<br>335 340 345     |     |     | 1119 |
| GAG GAC AAG GTG CGC CCG GCC TGC CAG CAC AAG CAG CGG CGC TGC AGC<br>Glu Asp Lys Val Arg Pro Ala Cys Gln His Lys Gln Arg Arg Cys Ser<br>350 355 360 365 |     |     | 1167 |
| CTG GCC AGT GTG GAG ATG AGC GCC GTG GCG CCG CCG CCC GCC AGC AAC<br>Leu Ala Ser Val Glu Met Ser Ala Val Ala Pro Pro Pro Ala Ser Asn<br>370 375 380     |     |     | 1215 |
| GGG AAC CTG CTG TAC ATC GGC TTC CGC GGC CTG GAC GGC GTG CAC TGT<br>Gly Asn Leu Leu Tyr Ile Gly Phe Arg Gly Leu Asp Gly Val His Cys<br>385 390         |     |     | 1263 |
| GTC CCG ACC CCC GAC TCT GGG GTA GTG TGT GGC CGC ATG GCC TGC TCC<br>Val Pro Thr Pro Asp Ser Gly Val Val Cys Gly Arg Met Ala Cys Ser<br>400 405 410     |     |     | 1311 |
| CCC ACG CAC GAT GAG CAC CTC CTG CAC GGC GGG CAA CCC CCC GAG GGG<br>Pro Thr His Asp Glu His Leu Leu His Gly Gly Gln Pro Pro Glu Gly<br>415 420 425     |     |     | 1359 |

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GAC CCG GAC TTG GCC AAG ATC CTG GAG GAG GTC CGC TAC ATT GCC AAT 1407  
 Asp Pro Asp Leu Ala Lys Ile Leu Glu Glu Val Arg Tyr Ile Ala Asn  
 430 435 440 445

CGC TTC CGC TGC CAG GAC GAA AGC GAG GCG GTC TGC AGC GAG TGG AAG 1455  
 Arg Phe Arg Cys Gln Asp Glu Ser Glu Ala Val Cys Ser Glu Trp Lys  
 450 455 460

TTC GCC GCC TGT GTG GTG GAC CGC CTG TGC CTC ATG GCC TTC TCG GTC 1503  
 Phe Ala Ala Cys Val Val Asp Arg Leu Cys Leu Met Ala Phe Ser Val  
 465 470 475

TTC ACC ATC ATC TGC ACC ATC GGC ATC CTG ATG TCG GCT CCC AAC TTC 1551  
 Phe Thr Ile Ile Cys Thr Ile Gly Ile Leu Met Ser Ala Pro Asn Phe  
 480 485 490

GTG GAG GCC GTG TCC AAA GAC TTT GCG TAA CCACGCCTGG TTCTGTACAT GTGG 1605  
 Val Glu Ala Val Ser Lys Asp Phe Ala \*  
 495 500

AAACTCACA GATGGGCAAG GCCTTTGGCT TGGCGAGATT TGGGGGTGCT AATCCAGGAC 1665  
 AGCATTACAC GCCACAACCTC CAGTGTTCCTT TTCTGGCTGT CAGTCGTGTT GCTTACGGTT 1725  
 TCTTTGTTAC TTTAGGTAGT AGAATCTCAG CACTTTGTTT CATATTCTCA GATGGGCTGA 1785  
 TAGATATCCT TGGCACATCC GTACCATCGG TCAGCAGGGC CACTGAGTAG TCATTTTGCC 1845  
 CATTAGCCCA CTGCCTGGAA AGCCCTTCGG A 1876

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 446 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

Met Arg Cys Ser Pro Gly Gly Val Trp Ala Ala Ala Ser His Val Ser  
 1 5 10 15  
 Gln Gly Glu Phe Gln Arg Lys Tyr Lys Glu Val Lys Asn Tyr Asn Pro  
 20 25 30  
 Glu Arg Pro Val Ala Asn Asp Ser Gln Pro Thr Val Tyr Phe Ser Ser  
 35 40 45  
 Gln Ile Met Asp Val Asp Glu Lys Asn Gln Val Thr Thr Asn Ile Trp  
 50 55 60  
 Gln Met Ser Trp Thr Asp His Tyr Gln Trp Asn Val Ser Glu Tyr Pro  
 65 70 75 80  
 Gly Val Lys Thr Val Arg Phe Pro Asp Gly Gln Ile Trp Lys Pro Asp  
 85 90 95  
 Ile Tyr Asn Ser Ala Asp Glu Arg Phe Asp Ala Thr Phe His Thr Asn  
 100 105 110  
 Val Val Asn Ser Ser Gly His Cys Gln Tyr Pro Pro Gly Ile Phe Lys  
 115 120 125  
 Ser Ser Cys Tyr Ile Asp Val Arg Trp Phe Pro Phe Asp Val Gln His  
 130 135 140  
 Cys Lys Lys Phe Gly Ser Trp Ser Tyr Gly Gly Trp Ser Asp Gln Met

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|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 145 | Gln | Glu | Ala | Asp | Ile | Ser | Gly | Tyr | Ile | Pro | Asn | Gly | Glu | Trp | Asp | Val | 160 |
|     |     |     |     |     | 165 |     |     |     |     | 170 |     |     |     |     |     |     | 175 |
|     | Gly | Ile | Pro | Gly | Lys | Arg | Ser | Glu | Arg | Phe | Tyr | Glu | Cys | Cys | Lys | Glu |     |
|     |     |     |     | 180 |     |     |     |     | 185 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | 190 |
|     | Pro | Tyr | Pro | Asp | Val | Thr | Phe | Thr | Val | Thr | Met | Arg | Arg | Arg | Thr | Tyr |     |
|     |     |     | 195 |     |     |     |     | 200 |     |     |     |     | 205 |     |     |     |     |
|     | Tyr | Gly | Asn | Ile | Pro | Cys | Val | Ile | Ser | Ala | Ala | Val | Phe | Pro | Ala | Asp |     |
|     |     | 210 |     |     |     |     | 215 |     |     |     |     | 220 |     |     |     |     |     |
|     | Ser | Gly | Glu | Lys | Ile | Ser | Gly | Ile | Thr | Val | Ser | Thr | Val | Phe | Met | Val |     |
| 225 |     |     |     |     | 230 |     |     |     |     |     | 235 |     |     |     |     |     | 240 |
|     | Ala | Glu | Ile | Met | Pro | Ala | Thr | Ser | Asp | Ser | Val | Pro | Ile | Ala | Gln | Tyr |     |
|     |     |     |     | 245 |     |     |     |     |     | 250 |     |     |     |     | 255 |     |     |
|     | Phe | Ala | Ser | Thr | Met | Ile | Ile | Val | Gly | Ser | Val | Val | Val | Thr | Val | Ile |     |
|     |     |     | 260 |     |     |     |     |     | 265 |     |     |     |     | 270 |     |     |     |
|     | Val | Gln | Tyr | His | His | His | Asp | Pro | Asp | Gly | Gly | Lys | Met | Pro | Lys | Trp |     |
|     |     | 275 |     |     |     |     | 280 |     |     |     |     | 285 |     |     |     |     |     |
|     | Thr | Arg | Val | Ile | Asn | Trp | Cys | Ala | Trp | Phe | Arg | Met | Lys | Arg | Pro | Gly |     |
|     |     | 290 |     |     |     | 295 |     |     |     |     |     | 300 |     |     |     |     |     |
|     | Glu | Asp | Lys | Val | Arg | Pro | Ala | Cys | Gln | His | Lys | Gln | Arg | Arg | Cys | Ser |     |
| 305 |     |     |     |     | 310 |     |     |     |     |     | 315 |     |     |     |     | 320 |     |
|     | Ala | Ser | Val | Glu | Met | Ser | Ala | Val | Ala | Pro | Pro | Pro | Ala | Ser | Asn | Gly |     |
|     |     |     |     | 325 |     |     |     |     |     | 330 |     |     |     |     | 335 |     |     |
|     | Asn | Tyr | Ile | Gly | Phe | Arg | Gly | Asp | Gly | Val | His | Cys | Val | Pro | Thr | Pro |     |
|     |     |     | 340 |     |     |     | 345 |     |     |     |     |     | 350 |     |     |     |     |
|     | Asp | Ser | Gly | Val | Val | Cys | Gly | Arg | Met | Ala | Cys | Ser | Pro | Thr | His | Asp |     |
|     |     | 355 |     |     |     |     | 360 |     |     |     |     |     | 365 |     |     |     |     |
|     | Glu | His | His | Gly | Gly | Gln | Pro | Pro | Glu | Gly | Asp | Pro | Asp | Ala | Lys | Ile |     |
|     |     | 370 |     |     |     | 375 |     |     |     |     | 380 |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|     | Glu | Glu | Val | Arg | Tyr | Ile | Ala | Asn | Arg | Phe | Arg | Cys | Gln | Asp | Glu | Ser |     |
| 385 |     |     |     |     | 390 |     |     |     |     | 395 |     |     |     |     |     | 400 |     |
|     | Glu | Ala | Val | Cys | Ser | Glu | Trp | Lys | Phe | Ala | Ala | Cys | Val | Val | Asp | Arg |     |
|     |     |     |     | 405 |     |     |     |     | 410 |     |     |     |     |     | 415 |     |     |
|     | Cys | Met | Ala | Phe | Ser | Val | Phe | Thr | Ile | Ile | Cys | Thr | Ile | Gly | Ile | Met |     |
|     |     |     | 420 |     |     |     |     | 425 |     |     |     |     |     | 430 |     |     |     |
|     | Ser | Ala | Pro | Asn | Phe | Val | Glu | Ala | Val | Ser | Lys | Asp | Phe | Ala |     |     |     |
|     |     | 435 |     |     |     |     | 440 |     |     |     |     |     | 445 |     |     |     |     |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2448 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE:

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (ix) FEATURE:

## (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence

## (B) LOCATION: 265...1773

## (D) OTHER INFORMATION: beta2 human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor

## (A) NAME/KEY: 5'UTR

## (B) LOCATION: 1...264

## (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

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- (A) NAME/KEY: 3'UTR  
 (B) LOCATION: 1774...2448  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

|  |     |
|--|-----|
| CTCCTCCCCC TCACCGTCCC AATTGTATTC CCTGGAAGAG CAGCCGGAAA AGCCTCCGCC  | 60  |
| TGCTCATACC AGGATAGGCA AGAAGCTGGT TTCTCCTCGC AGCCGGCTCC CTGAGGCCCA  | 120 |
| GGAACCACCG CGGCGGCCGG CACCACCTGG ACCCAGCTCC AGGCGGGCGC GGCTTCAGCA  | 180 |
| CCACGGACAG CGCCCCACCC GCGGCCCTCC CCCC GGCGGC GCGCTCCAGC CGGTGTAGGC | 240 |
| GAGGCAGCGA GCTATGCCCG CGGC ATG GCC CGG CGC TGC GGC CCC GTG GCG     | 291 |
| Met Ala Arg Arg Cys Gly Pro Val Ala                                |     |
| 1 5  |     |
| CTG CTC CTT GGC TTC GGC CTC CTC CGG CTG TGC TCA GGG GTG TGG GGT    | 339 |
| Leu Leu Leu Gly Phe Gly Leu Leu Arg Leu Cys Ser Gly Val Trp Gly    |     |
| 10 15 20 25  |     |
| ACG GAT ACA GAG GAG CGG CTG GTG GAG CAT CTC CTG GAT CCT TCC CGC    | 387 |
| Thr Asp Thr Glu Glu Arg Leu Val Glu His Leu Leu Asp Pro Ser Arg    |     |
| 30 35 40   |     |
| TAC AAC AAG CTT ATC CGC CCA GCC ACC AAT GGC TCT GAG CTG GTG ACA    | 435 |
| Tyr Asn Lys Leu Ile Arg Pro Ala Thr Asn Gly Ser Glu Leu Val Thr    |     |
| 45 50 55   |     |
| GTA CAG CTT ATG GTG TCA CTG GCC CAG CTC ATC AGT GTG CAT GAG CGG    | 483 |
| Val Gln Leu Met Val Ser Leu Ala Gln Leu Ile Ser Val His Glu Arg    |     |
| 60 65 70   |     |
| GAG CAG ATC ATG ACC ACC AAT GTC TGG CTG ACC CAG GAG TGG GAA GAT    | 531 |
| Glu Gln Ile Met Thr Thr Asn Val Trp Leu Thr Gln Glu Trp Glu Asp    |     |
| 75 80 85   |     |
| TAT CGC CTC ACC TGG AAG CCT GAA GAG TTT GAC AAC ATG AAG AAA GTT    | 579 |
| Tyr Arg Leu Thr Trp Lys Pro Glu Glu Phe Asp Asn Met Lys Lys Val    |     |
| 90 95 100 105  |     |
| CGG CTC CCT TCC AAA CAC ATC TGG CTC CCA GAT GTG GTC CTG TAC AAC    | 627 |
| Arg Leu Pro Ser Lys His Ile Trp Leu Pro Asp Val Val Leu Tyr Asn    |     |
| 110 115 120  |     |
| AAT GCT GAC GGC ATG TAC GAG GTG TCC TTC TAT TCC AAT GCC GTG GTC    | 675 |
| Asn Ala Asp Gly Met Tyr Glu Val Ser Phe Tyr Ser Asn Ala Val Val    |     |
| 125 130 135  |     |
| TCC TAT GAT GGC AGC ATC TTC TGG CTG CCG CCT GCC ATC TAC AAG AGC    | 723 |
| Ser Tyr Asp Gly Ser Ile Phe Trp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ile Tyr Lys Ser    |     |
| 140 145 150  |     |
| GCA TGC AAG ATT GAA GTA AAG CAC TTC CCA TTT GAC CAG CAG AAC TGC    | 771 |
| Ala Cys Lys Ile Glu Val Lys His Phe Pro Phe Asp Gln Gln Asn Cys    |     |
| 155 160 165  |     |
| ACC ATG AAG TTC CGT TCG TGG ACC TAC GAC CGC ACA GAG ATC GAC TTG    | 819 |
| Thr Met Lys Phe Arg Ser Trp Thr Tyr Asp Thr Glu Ile Asp Leu        |     |
| 170 175 180 185  |     |

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|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| GTG | CTG | AAG | AGT | GAG | GTG | GCC | AGC | CTG | GAC | GAC | TTC | ACA | CCT | AGT | GGT | 867  |
| Val | Leu | Lys | Ser | Glu | Val | Ala | Ser | Leu | Asp | Asp | Phe | Thr | Pro | Ser | Gly |      |
|     |     |     |     | 190 |     |     |     |     | 195 |     |     |     |     | 200 |     |      |
| GAG | TGG | GAC | ATC | GTG | GCG | CTG | CCG | GGC | CGG | CGC | AAC | GAG | AAC | CCC | GAC | 915  |
| Glu | Trp | Asp | Ile | Val | Ala | Leu | Pro | Gly | Arg | Arg | Asn | Glu | Asn | Pro | Asp |      |
|     |     |     | 205 |     |     |     |     | 210 |     |     |     |     | 215 |     |     |      |
| GAC | TCT | ACG | TAC | GTG | GAC | ATC | ACG | TAT | GAC | TTC | ATC | ATT | CGC | CGC | AAG | 963  |
| Asp | Ser | Thr | Tyr | Val | Asp | Ile | Thr | Tyr | Asp | Phe | Ile | Ile | Arg | Arg | Lys |      |
|     |     |     | 220 |     |     |     | 225 |     |     |     |     | 230 |     |     |     |      |
| CCG | CTC | TTC | TAC | ACC | ATC | AAC | CTC | ATC | ATC | CCC | TGT | GTG | CTC | ATC | ACC | 1011 |
| Pro | Leu | Phe | Tyr | Thr | Ile | Asn | Leu | Ile | Ile | Pro | Cys | Val | Leu | Ile | Thr |      |
|     |     |     | 235 |     |     | 240 |     |     |     |     | 245 |     |     |     |     |      |
| TCG | CTA | GCC | ATC | CTT | GTC | TTC | TAC | CTG | CCA | TCC | GAC | TGT | GGC | GAG | AAG | 1059 |
| Ser | Leu | Ala | Ile | Leu | Val | Phe | Tyr | Leu | Pro | Ser | Asp | Cys | Gly | Glu | Lys |      |
|     |     |     |     |     | 255 |     |     |     |     | 260 |     |     |     |     | 265 |      |
| ATG | ACG | TTG | TGC | ATC | TCA | GTG | CTG | CTG | GCG | CTC | ACG | GTC | TTC | CTG | CTG | 1107 |
| Met | Thr | Leu | Cys | Ile | Ser | Val | Leu | Leu | Ala | Leu | Thr | Val | Phe | Leu | Leu |      |
|     |     |     |     | 270 |     |     |     |     | 275 |     |     |     |     | 280 |     |      |
| CTC | ATC | TCC | AAG | ATC | GTG | CCT | CCC | ACC | TCC | CTC | GAC | GTG | CCG | CTC | GTC | 1155 |
| Leu | Ile | Ser | Lys | Ile | Val | Pro | Pro | Thr | Ser | Leu | Asp | Val | Pro | Leu | Val |      |
|     |     |     | 285 |     |     |     |     | 290 |     |     |     |     | 295 |     |     |      |
| GGC | AAG | TAC | CTC | ATG | TTC | ACC | ATG | GTG | CTT | GTC | ACC | TTC | TCC | ATC | GTC | 1203 |
| Gly | Lys | Tyr | Leu | Met | Phe | Thr | Met | Val | Leu | Val | Thr | Phe | Ser | Ile | Val |      |
|     |     |     | 300 |     |     |     | 305 |     |     |     |     | 310 |     |     |     |      |
| ACC | AGC | GTG | TGC | GTG | CTC | AAC | GTG | CAC | CAC | CGC | TCG | CCC | ACC | ACG | CAC | 1251 |
| Thr | Ser | Val | Cys | Val | Leu | Asn | Val | His | His | Arg | Ser | Pro | Thr | Thr | His |      |
|     |     |     |     |     |     | 320 |     |     |     |     | 325 |     |     |     |     |      |
| ACC | ATG | GCG | CCC | TGG | GTG | AAG | GTC | GTC | TTC | CTG | GAG | AAG | CTG | CCC | GCG | 1299 |
| Thr | Met | Ala | Pro | Trp | Val | Lys | Val | Val | Phe | Leu | Glu | Lys | Leu | Pro | Ala |      |
|     |     |     |     |     | 335 |     |     |     |     | 340 |     |     |     |     | 345 |      |
| CTG | CTC | TTC | ATG | CAG | CAG | CCA | CGC | CAT | CAT | TGC | GCC | CGT | CAG | CGC | CTG | 1347 |
| Leu | Leu | Phe | Met | Gln | Gln | Pro | Arg | His | His | Cys | Ala | Arg | Gln | Arg | Leu |      |
|     |     |     |     | 350 |     |     |     | 355 |     |     |     |     |     | 360 |     |      |
| CGC | CTG | CGG | CGA | CGC | CAG | CGT | GAG | CGC | GAG | GGC | GCT | GGA | GCC | CTC | TTC | 1395 |
| Arg | Leu | Arg | Arg | Arg | Gln | Arg | Glu | Arg | Glu | Gly | Ala | Gly | Ala | Leu | Phe |      |
|     |     |     |     | 365 |     |     | 370 |     |     |     |     |     | 375 |     |     |      |
| TTC | CGC | GAA | GCC | CCA | GGG | GCC | GAC | TCC | TGC | ACG | TGC | TTC | GTC | AAC | CGC | 1443 |
| Phe | Arg | Glu | Ala | Pro | Gly | Ala | Asp | Ser | Cys | Thr | Cys | Phe | Val | Asn | Arg |      |
|     |     |     | 380 |     |     |     | 385 |     |     |     |     |     | 390 |     |     |      |
| GCG | TCG | GTG | CAG | GGG | TTG | GCC | GGG | GCC | TTC | GGG | GCT | GAG | CCT | GCA | CCA | 1491 |
| Ala | Ser | Val | Gln | Gly | Leu | Ala | Gly | Ala | Phe | Gly | Ala | Glu | Pro | Ala | Pro |      |
|     |     |     |     |     |     | 400 |     |     |     |     | 405 |     |     |     |     |      |
| GTG | GCG | GGC | CCC | GGG | CGC | TCA | GGG | GAG | CCG | TGT | GGC | TGT | GGC | CTC | CGG | 1539 |
| Val | Ala | Gly | Pro | Gly | Arg | Ser | Gly | Glu | Pro | Cys | Gly | Cys | Gly | Leu | Arg |      |
|     |     |     |     |     | 415 |     |     |     |     | 420 |     |     |     |     | 425 |      |
| GAG | GCG | GTG | GAC | GGC | GTG | CGC | TTC | ATC | GCA | GAC | CAC | ATG | CGG | AGC | GAG | 1587 |

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Glu Ala Val Asp Gly Val Arg Phe Ile Ala Asp His Met Arg Ser Glu  
 430 435 440

GAC GAT GAC CAG AGC GTG AGT GAG GAC TGG AAG TAC GTC GCC ATG GTG 1635  
 Asp Asp Asp Gln Ser Val Ser Glu Asp Trp Lys Tyr Val Ala Met Val  
 445 450 455

ATC GAC CGC CTC TTC CTC TGG ATC TTT GTC TTT GTC TGT GTC TTT GGC 1683  
 Ile Asp Arg Leu Phe Leu Trp Ile Phe Val Phe Val Cys Val Phe Gly  
 460 465 470

ACC ATC GGC ATG TTC CTG CAG CCT CTC TTC CAG AAC TAC ACC ACC ACC 1731  
 Thr Ile Gly Met Phe Leu Gln Pro Leu Phe Gln Asn Tyr Thr Thr Thr  
 475 480 485

ACC TTC CTC CAC TCA GAC CAC TCA GCC CCC AGC TCC AAG TGA GGCCCTTCCT 1783  
 Thr Phe Leu His Ser Asp His Ser Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys \*  
 490 495 500

CATCTCCATG CTCTTTCACC CTGCCACCCT CTGCTGCACA GTAGTGTGG GTGGAGGATG 1843  
 GACGAGTGAG CTACCAGGAA GAGGGGCGCT GCCCCCACAG ATCCATCCTT TTGCTTCATC 1903  
 TGGAGTCCCT CCTCCCCAC GCCTCCATCC ACACACAGCA GCTCCAACCT GGAGGCTGGA 1963  
 CCAACTGCCT TGTTTTGGCT GCTCTCCATC TCTTGTTACCA GCCCAGGCAA TAGTGTGAG 2023  
 GAGGGGAGCA AGGCTGCTAA GTGGAAGACA GAGATGGCAG AGCCATCCAC CCTGAGGAGT 2083  
 GACGGGCAAG GGGCCAGGAA GGGGACAGGA TTGTCTGCTG CCTCCAAGTC ATGGGAGAAG 2143  
 AGGGGTATAG GACAAGGGGT GGAAGGGCAG GAGCTCACAC CGCACCGGGC TGGCCTGACA 2203  
 CAATGGTAGC TCTGAAGGGA GGGGAAGAGA GAGGCCTGGG TGTGACCTGA CACCTGCCGC 2263  
 TGCTTGAGTG GACAGCAGCT GGACTGGGTG GGCCCCACAG TGGTCAGCGA TTCCTGCCAA 2323  
 GTAGGGTTTA GCCGGGCCCC ATGGTCACAG ACCCTGGGG GAGGCTTCCA GCTCAGTCCC 2383  
 ACAGCCCCCT GCTTCTAAGG GATCCAGAGA CCTGCTCCAG ATCCTCTTTC CCCACTGAAG 2443  
 AATTC 2448

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 503 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

Met Ala Arg Arg Cys Gly Pro Val Ala Leu Leu Leu Gly Phe Gly Leu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Leu Arg Leu Cys Ser Gly Val Trp Gly Thr Asp Thr Glu Glu Arg Leu  
 20 25 30  
 Val Glu His Leu Leu Asp Pro Ser Arg Tyr Asn Lys Leu Ile Arg Pro  
 35 40 45  
 Ala Thr Asn Gly Ser Glu Leu Val Thr Val Gln Leu Met Val Ser Leu  
 50 55 60  
 Ala Gln Leu Ile Ser Val His Glu Arg Glu Gln Ile Met Thr Thr Asn  
 65 70 75 80  
 Val Trp Leu Thr Gln Glu Trp Glu Asp Tyr Arg Leu Thr Trp Lys Pro  
 85 90 95  
 Glu Glu Phe Asp Asn Met Lys Lys Val Arg Leu Pro Ser Lys His Ile

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|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Trp | Leu | Pro | Asp | Val | Val | Leu | Tyr | Asn | Asn | Ala | Asp | Gly | Met | Tyr | Glu |
|     |     | 115 |     |     |     |     |     | 120 |     |     |     | 125 |     |     |     |
| Val | Ser | Phe | Tyr | Ser | Asn | Ala | Val | Val | Ser | Tyr | Asp | Gly | Ser | Ile | Phe |
|     | 130 |     |     |     |     | 135 |     |     |     |     |     | 140 |     |     |     |
| Trp | Leu | Pro | Pro | Ala | Ile | Tyr | Lys | Ser | Ala | Cys | Lys | Ile | Glu | Val | Lys |
| 145 |     |     |     |     | 150 |     |     |     |     | 155 |     |     |     |     | 160 |
| His | Phe | Pro | Phe | Asp | Gln | Gln | Asn | Cys | Thr | Met | Lys | Phe | Arg | Ser | Trp |
|     |     |     | 165 |     |     |     |     |     | 170 |     |     |     |     | 175 |     |
| Thr | Tyr | Asp | Arg | Thr | Glu | Ile | Asp | Leu | Val | Leu | Lys | Ser | Glu | Val | Ala |
|     |     | 180 |     |     |     |     |     | 185 |     |     |     |     | 190 |     |     |
| Ser | Leu | Asp | Asp | Phe | Thr | Pro | Ser | Gly | Glu | Trp | Asp | Ile | Val | Ala | Leu |
|     | 195 |     |     |     |     |     | 200 |     |     |     |     | 205 |     |     |     |
| Pro | Gly | Arg | Arg | Asn | Glu | Asn | Pro | Asp | Asp | Ser | Thr | Tyr | Val | Asp | Ile |
|     | 210 |     |     |     |     | 215 |     |     |     |     | 220 |     |     |     |     |
| Thr | Tyr | Asp | Phe | Ile | Ile | Arg | Arg | Lys | Pro | Leu | Phe | Tyr | Thr | Ile | Asn |
| 225 |     |     |     |     | 230 |     |     |     |     | 235 |     |     |     |     | 240 |
| Leu | Ile | Ile | Pro | Cys | Val | Leu | Ile | Thr | Ser | Leu | Ala | Ile | Leu | Val | Phe |
|     |     |     | 245 |     |     |     |     |     | 250 |     |     |     | 255 |     |     |
| Tyr | Leu | Pro | Ser | Asp | Cys | Gly | Glu | Lys | Met | Thr | Leu | Cys | Ile | Ser | Val |
|     |     | 260 |     |     |     |     |     | 265 |     |     |     |     | 270 |     |     |
| Leu | Leu | Ala | Leu | Thr | Val | Phe | Leu | Leu | Ile | Ser | Lys | Ile | Val | Pro |     |
|     | 275 |     |     |     |     |     | 280 |     |     |     | 285 |     |     |     |     |
| Pro | Thr | Ser | Leu | Asp | Val | Pro | Leu | Val | Gly | Lys | Tyr | Leu | Met | Phe | Thr |
|     | 290 |     |     |     |     | 295 |     |     |     |     | 300 |     |     |     |     |
| Met | Val | Leu | Val | Thr | Phe | Ser | Ile | Val | Thr | Ser | Val | Cys | Val | Leu | Asn |
| 305 |     |     |     |     | 310 |     |     |     |     | 315 |     |     |     |     | 320 |
| Val | His | His | Arg | Ser | Pro | Thr | Thr | His | Thr | Met | Ala | Pro | Trp | Val | Lys |
|     |     |     | 325 |     |     |     |     |     | 330 |     |     |     | 335 |     |     |
| Val | Val | Phe | Leu | Glu | Lys | Leu | Pro | Ala | Leu | Leu | Phe | Met | Gln | Gln | Pro |
|     |     | 340 |     |     |     |     |     | 345 |     |     |     |     | 350 |     |     |
| Arg | His | His | Cys | Ala | Arg | Gln | Arg | Leu | Arg | Leu | Arg | Arg | Arg | Gln | Arg |
|     | 355 |     |     |     |     | 360 |     |     |     |     | 365 |     |     |     |     |
| Glu | Arg | Glu | Gly | Ala | Gly | Ala | Leu | Phe | Phe | Arg | Glu | Ala | Pro | Gly | Ala |
| 370 |     |     |     |     |     | 375 |     |     |     |     | 380 |     |     |     |     |
| Asp | Ser | Cys | Thr | Cys | Phe | Val | Asn | Arg | Ala | Ser | Val | Gln | Gly | Leu | Ala |
| 385 |     |     |     |     | 390 |     |     |     |     | 395 |     |     |     |     | 400 |
| Gly | Ala | Phe | Gly | Ala | Glu | Pro | Ala | Pro | Val | Ala | Gly | Pro | Gly | Arg | Ser |
|     |     |     | 405 |     |     |     |     |     | 410 |     |     |     | 415 |     |     |
| Gly | Glu | Pro | Cys | Gly | Cys | Gly | Leu | Arg | Glu | Ala | Val | Asp | Gly | Val | Arg |
|     |     | 420 |     |     |     |     |     | 425 |     |     |     | 430 |     |     |     |
| Phe | Ile | Ala | Asp | His | Met | Arg | Ser | Glu | Asp | Asp | Asp | Gln | Ser | Val | Ser |
|     | 435 |     |     |     |     | 440 |     |     |     |     | 445 |     |     |     |     |
| Glu | Asp | Trp | Lys | Tyr | Val | Ala | Met | Val | Ile | Asp | Arg | Leu | Phe | Leu | Trp |
| 450 |     |     |     |     |     | 455 |     |     |     |     | 460 |     |     |     |     |
| Ile | Phe | Val | Phe | Val | Cys | Val | Phe | Gly | Thr | Ile | Gly | Met | Phe | Leu | Gln |
| 465 |     |     |     |     | 470 |     |     |     |     | 475 |     |     |     |     | 480 |
| Pro | Leu | Phe | Gln | Asn | Tyr | Thr | Thr | Thr | Thr | Phe | Leu | His | Ser | Asp | His |
|     |     |     | 485 |     |     |     |     | 490 |     |     |     |     | 495 |     |     |
| Ser | Ala | Pro | Ser | Ser | Lys |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|     |     |     | 500 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1925 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA



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(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO  
 (iv) ANTISENSE: NO  
 (v) FRAGMENT TYPE:  
 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
 (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence  
 (B) LOCATION: 98...1474  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: beta3 human neuronal nicotinic  
 acetylcholine receptor

(A) NAME/KEY: 5'UTR  
 (B) LOCATION: 1...97  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(A) NAME/KEY: 3'UTR  
 (B) LOCATION: 1475...1927  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| TCGGAACCCC TGTATTTTCT TTTCAAAACC CCCTTTTCCA GTGGAAATGC TCTGTTGTTA | 60  |
| AAAAGGAAGA AACTGTCTTT CTGAAACTGA CATCAGC ATG CTC CCA GAT TTT ATG  | 115 |
| Met Leu Pro Asp Phe Met   |     |
| 1 5   |     |
| CTG GTT CTC ATC GTC CTT GGC ATC CCT TCC TCA GCC ACC ACA GGT TTC   | 163 |
| Leu Val Leu Ile Val Leu Gly Ile Pro Ser Ser Ala Thr Thr Gly Phe   |     |
| 10 15 20  |     |
| AAC TCA ATC GCC GAA AAT GAA GAT GCC CTC CTC AGA CAT TTG TTC CAA   | 211 |
| Asn Ser Ile Ala Glu Asn Glu Asp Ala Leu Leu Arg His Leu Phe Gln   |     |
| 25 30 35  |     |
| GGT TAT CAG AAA TGG GTC CGC CCT GTA TTA CAT TCT AAT GAC ACC ATA   | 259 |
| Gly Tyr Gln Lys Trp Val Arg Pro Val Leu His Ser Asn Asp Thr Ile   |     |
| 40 45 50  |     |
| AAA GTA TAT TTT GGA TTG AAA ATA TCC CAG CTT GTA GAT GTG GAT GAA   | 307 |
| Lys Val Tyr Phe Gly Leu Lys Ile Ser Gln Leu Val Asp Val Asp Glu   |     |
| 55 60 65 70   |     |
| AAG AAT CAG CTG ATG ACA ACC AAT GTG TGG CTC AAA CAG GAA TGG ACA   | 355 |
| Lys Asn Gln Leu Met Thr Thr Asn Val Trp Leu Lys Gln Glu Trp Thr   |     |
| 75 80 85  |     |
| GAC CAC AAG TTA CGC TGG AAT CCT GAT GAT TAT GGT GGG ATC CAT TCC   | 403 |
| Asp His Lys Leu Arg Trp Asn Pro Asp Asp Tyr Gly Gly Ile His Ser   |     |
| 90 95 100   |     |
| ATT AAA GTT CCA TCA GAA TCT CTG TGG CTT CCT GAC ATA GTT CTC TTT   | 451 |
| Ile Lys Val Pro Ser Glu Ser Leu Trp Leu Pro Asp Ile Val Leu Phe   |     |
| 105 110 115   |     |
| GAA AAT GCT GAC GGC CGC TTC GAA GGC TCC CTG ATG ACC AAG GTC ATC   | 499 |
| Glu Asn Ala Asp Gly Arg Phe Glu Gly Ser Leu Met Thr Lys Val Ile   |     |
| 120 125 130   |     |
| GTG AAA TCA AAC GGA ACT GTT GTC TGG ACC CCT CCC GCC AGC TAC AAA   | 547 |

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|            |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |            |      |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|------|
| Val<br>135 | Lys | Ser | Asn | Gly | Thr | Val | Val | Trp | Thr | Pro | Pro | Ala | Ser | Tyr | Lys<br>150 |      |
| AGC        | TCC | TGC | ACC | ATG | GAC | GTC | ACG | TTT | TTC | CCG | TTC | GAC | CGA | CAG | AAC        | 595  |
| Ser        | Ser | Cys | Thr | Met | Asp | Val | Thr | Phe | Phe | Pro | Phe | Asp | Arg | Gln | Asn        |      |
|            |     |     |     | 155 |     |     |     |     | 160 |     |     |     |     | 165 |            |      |
| TGC        | TCC | ATG | AAG | TTT | GGA | TCC | TGG | ACT | TAT | GAT | GGC | ACC | ATG | GTT | GAC        | 643  |
| Cys        | Ser | Met | Lys | Phe | Gly | Ser | Trp | Thr | Tyr | Asp | Gly | Thr | Met | Val | Asp        |      |
|            |     |     | 170 |     |     |     |     | 175 |     |     |     |     | 180 |     |            |      |
| CTC        | ATT | TTG | ATC | AAT | GAA | AAT | GTC | GAC | AGA | AAA | GAC | TTC | TTC | GAT | AAC        | 691  |
| Leu        | Ile | Leu | Ile | Asn | Glu | Asn | Val | Asp | Arg | Lys | Asp | Phe | Phe | Asp | Asn        |      |
|            |     |     | 185 |     |     |     | 190 |     |     |     |     | 195 |     |     |            |      |
| GGA        | GAA | TGG | GAA | ATA | CTG | AAT | GCA | AAG | GGG | ATG | AAG | GGG | AAC | AGA | AGG        | 739  |
| Gly        | Glu | Trp | Glu | Ile | Leu | Asn | Ala | Lys | Gly | Met | Lys | Gly | Asn | Arg | Arg        |      |
|            | 200 |     |     |     |     | 205 |     |     |     |     | 210 |     |     |     |            |      |
| GAC        | GGC | GTG | TAC | TCC | TAT | CCC | TTT | ATC | ACG | TAT | TCC | TTC | GTC | CTG | AGA        | 787  |
| Asp        | Gly | Val | Tyr | Ser | Tyr | Pro | Phe | Ile | Thr | Tyr | Ser | Phe | Val | Leu | Arg        |      |
| 215        |     |     |     |     | 220 |     |     |     |     | 225 |     |     |     | 230 |            |      |
| CGC        | CTG | CCT | TTA | TTC | TAT | ACC | CTC | TTT | CTC | ATC | ATC | CCC | TGC | CTG | GGG        | 835  |
| Arg        | Leu | Pro | Leu | Phe | Tyr | Thr | Leu | Phe | Leu | Ile | Ile | Pro | Cys | Leu | Gly        |      |
|            |     |     |     | 235 |     |     |     |     | 240 |     |     |     |     | 245 |            |      |
| CTG        | TCT | TTC | CTA | ACA | GTT | CTT | GTG | TTC | TAT | TTA | CCT | TCG | GAT | GAA | GGA        | 883  |
| Leu        | Ser | Phe | Leu | Thr | Val | Leu | Val | Phe | Tyr | Leu | Pro | Ser | Asp | Glu | Gly        |      |
|            |     |     | 250 |     |     |     |     | 255 |     |     |     |     | 260 |     |            |      |
| GAA        | AAA | CTT | TCA | TTA | TCC | ACA | TCG | GTC | TTG | GTT | TCT | CTG | ACA | GTT | TTC        | 931  |
| Glu        | Lys | Leu | Ser | Leu | Ser | Thr | Ser | Val | Leu | Val | Ser | Leu | Thr | Val | Phe        |      |
|            |     | 265 |     |     |     |     | 270 |     |     |     |     | 275 |     |     |            |      |
| CTT        | TTA | GTG | ATT | GAA | GAA | ATC | ATC | CCA | TCG | TCT | TCC | AAA | GTC | ATT | CCT        | 979  |
| Leu        | Leu | Val | Ile | Glu | Glu | Ile | Ile | Pro | Ser | Ser | Ser | Lys | Val | Ile | Pro        |      |
|            | 280 |     |     |     |     | 285 |     |     |     |     | 290 |     |     |     |            |      |
| CTC        | ATT | GGA | GAG | TAC | CTG | CTG | TTC | ATC | ATG | ATT | TTT | GTG | ACC | CTG | TCC        | 1027 |
| Leu        | Ile | Gly | Glu | Tyr | Leu | Leu | Phe | Ile | Met | Ile | Phe | Val | Thr | Leu | Ser        |      |
| 295        |     |     |     |     | 300 |     |     |     | 305 |     |     |     |     | 310 |            |      |
| ATC        | ATT | GTT | ACC | GTG | TTT | GTC | ATT | AAC | GTT | CAC | CAC | AGA | TCT | TCT | TCC        | 1075 |
| Ile        | Ile | Val | Thr | Val | Phe | Val | Ile | Asn | Val | His | His | Arg | Ser | Ser | Ser        |      |
|            |     |     |     | 315 |     |     |     |     | 320 |     |     |     |     | 325 |            |      |
| ACG        | TAC | CAC | CCC | ATG | GCC | CCC | TGG | GTT | AAG | AGG | CTC | TTT | CTG | CAG | AAA        | 1123 |
| Thr        | Tyr | His | Pro | Met | Ala | Pro | Trp | Val | Lys | Arg | Leu | Phe | Leu | Gln | Lys        |      |
|            |     |     | 330 |     |     |     | 335 |     |     |     |     |     | 340 |     |            |      |
| CTT        | CCA | AAA | TTA | CTT | TGC | ATG | AAA | GAT | CAT | GTG | GAT | CGC | TAC | TCA | TCC        | 1171 |
| Leu        | Pro | Lys | Leu | Leu | Cys | Met | Lys | Asp | His | Val | Asp | Arg | Tyr | Ser | Ser        |      |
|            |     | 345 |     |     |     |     | 350 |     |     |     |     | 355 |     |     |            |      |
| CCA        | GAG | AAA | GAG | GAG | AGT | CAA | CCA | GTA | GTG | AAA | GGC | AAA | GTC | CTC | GAA        | 1219 |
| Pro        | Glu | Lys | Glu | Glu | Ser | Gln | Pro | Val | Val | Lys | Gly | Lys | Val | Leu | Glu        |      |
|            | 360 |     |     |     |     | 365 |     |     |     |     | 370 |     |     |     |            |      |
| AAA        | AAG | AAA | CAG | AAA | CAG | CTT | AGT | GAT | GGA | GAA | AAA | GTT | CTA | GTT | GCT        | 1267 |
| Lys        | Lys | Lys | Gln | Lys | Gln | Leu | Ser | Asp | Gly | Glu | Lys | Val | Leu | Val | Ala        |      |

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|  |     |     |     |      |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|
| 375  | 380 | 385 | 390 |      |
| TTT TTG GAA AAA GCT GCT GAT TCC ATT AGA TAC ATT TCC AGA CAT GTG    |     |     |     | 1315 |
| Phe Leu Glu Lys Ala Ala Asp Ser Ile Arg Tyr Ile Ser Arg His Val    |     |     |     |      |
|  | 395 | 400 | 405 |      |
| AAG AAA GAA CAT TTT ATC AGC CAG GTA GTA CAA GAC TGG AAA TTT GTA    |     |     |     | 1363 |
| Lys Lys Glu His Phe Ile Ser Gln Val Val Gln Asp Trp Lys Phe Val    |     |     |     |      |
|  | 410 | 415 | 420 |      |
| GCT CAA GTT CTT GAC CGA ATC TTC CTG TGG CTC TTT CTG ATA GTG TCA    |     |     |     | 1411 |
| Ala Gln Val Leu Asp Arg Ile Phe Leu Trp Leu Phe Leu Ile Val Ser    |     |     |     |      |
|  | 425 | 430 | 435 |      |
| GTA ACA GGC TCG GTT CTG ATT TTT ACC CCT GCT TTG AAG ATG TGG CTA    |     |     |     | 1459 |
| Val Thr Gly Ser Val Leu Ile Phe Thr Pro Ala Leu Lys Met Trp Leu    |     |     |     |      |
|  | 440 | 445 | 450 |      |
| CAT AGT TAC CAT TAG GAATTTAAAA GACATAAGAC TAAATTACAC CTTAGACCTG AC |     |     |     | 1516 |
| His Ser Tyr His *  |     |     |     |      |
|  | 455 |     |     |      |
| ATCTGGCTAT CACACAGACA GAATCCAAAT GCATGTGCTT GTTCTACGAA CCCCGAATGC  |     |     |     | 1576 |
| GTTGTCTTTG TGGAAATGGA ACATCTCCTC ATGGGAGAAA CTCTGGTAAA TGTGCTCATT  |     |     |     | 1636 |
| TGTGGTTGCC ATGAGAGTGA GCTGCTTTTA AAGAAAGTGG AGCCTCCTCA GACCCCTGCC  |     |     |     | 1696 |
| TTGGCTTTCC CAGACATTCA GGGAGGGATC ATAGGTCCAG GCTTGAGCTC ACATGTGGCC  |     |     |     | 1756 |
| AGAGTGCACA AAAAGCTGTT GCTACTTGGT GGAGGAACAC CTCCTAGAAG CAGCAGGCCT  |     |     |     | 1816 |
| CGGTGGTGGG GGAGGGGGGA TTCACCTGGA ATTAAGGAAG TCTCGGTGTC GAGCTATCTG  |     |     |     | 1876 |
| TGTGGGCAGA GCCTGGATCT CCCACCCTGC ACTGGCCTCC TTGGTGCCG              |     |     |     | 1925 |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 459 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Met | Leu | Pro | Asp | Phe | Met | Leu | Val | Leu | Ile | Val | Leu | Gly | Ile | Pro | Ser |
| 1   |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     |     | 10  |     |     |     |     | 15  |     |
| Ser | Ala | Thr | Thr | Gly | Phe | Asn | Ser | Ile | Ala | Glu | Asn | Glu | Asp | Ala | Leu |
|     |     |     | 20  |     |     |     |     | 25  |     |     |     |     | 30  |     |     |
| Leu | Arg | His | Leu | Phe | Gln | Gly | Tyr | Gln | Lys | Trp | Val | Arg | Pro | Val | Leu |
|     |     | 35  |     |     |     | 40  |     |     |     |     | 45  |     |     |     |     |
| His | Ser | Asn | Asp | Thr | Ile | Lys | Val | Tyr | Phe | Gly | Leu | Lys | Ile | Ser | Gln |
|     | 50  |     |     |     | 55  |     |     |     |     | 60  |     |     |     |     |     |
| Leu | Val | Asp | Val | Asp | Glu | Lys | Asn | Gln | Leu | Met | Thr | Thr | Asn | Val | Trp |
| 65  |     |     |     | 70  |     |     |     |     | 75  |     |     |     |     | 80  |     |
| Leu | Lys | Gln | Glu | Trp | Thr | Asp | His | Lys | Leu | Arg | Trp | Asn | Pro | Asp | Asp |
|     |     | 85  |     |     |     |     |     | 90  |     |     |     |     |     | 95  |     |
| Tyr | Gly | Gly | Ile | His | Ser | Ile | Lys | Val | Pro | Ser | Glu | Ser | Leu | Trp | Leu |
|     |     | 100 |     |     |     |     | 105 |     |     |     |     | 110 |     |     |     |
| Pro | Asp | Ile | Val | Leu | Phe | Glu | Asn | Ala | Asp | Gly | Arg | Phe | Glu | Gly | Ser |

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|   |     |     |
|---|-----|-----|
| 115   | 120 | 125 |
| Leu Met Thr Lys Val Ile Val Lys Ser Asn Gly Thr Val Val Trp Thr |     |     |
| 130   | 135 | 140 |
| Pro Pro Ala Ser Tyr Lys Ser Ser Cys Thr Met Asp Val Thr Phe Phe |     |     |
| 145   | 150 | 155 |
| Pro Phe Asp Arg Gln Asn Cys Ser Met Lys Phe Gly Ser Trp Thr Tyr |     |     |
| 165   | 170 | 175 |
| Asp Gly Thr Met Val Asp Leu Ile Leu Ile Asn Glu Asn Val Asp Arg |     |     |
| 180   | 185 | 190 |
| Lys Asp Phe Phe Asp Asn Gly Glu Trp Glu Ile Leu Asn Ala Lys Gly |     |     |
| 195   | 200 | 205 |
| Met Lys Gly Asn Arg Arg Asp Gly Val Tyr Ser Tyr Pro Phe Ile Thr |     |     |
| 210   | 215 | 220 |
| Tyr Ser Phe Val Leu Arg Arg Leu Pro Leu Phe Tyr Thr Leu Phe Leu |     |     |
| 225   | 230 | 235 |
| Ile Ile Pro Cys Leu Gly Leu Ser Phe Leu Thr Val Leu Val Phe Tyr |     |     |
| 245   | 250 | 255 |
| Leu Pro Ser Asp Glu Gly Glu Lys Leu Ser Leu Ser Thr Ser Val Leu |     |     |
| 260   | 265 | 270 |
| Val Ser Leu Thr Val Phe Leu Leu Val Ile Glu Glu Ile Ile Pro Ser |     |     |
| 275   | 280 | 285 |
| Ser Ser Lys Val Ile Pro Leu Ile Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu Phe Ile Met |     |     |
| 290   | 295 | 300 |
| Ile Phe Val Thr Leu Ser Ile Ile Val Thr Val Phe Val Ile Asn Val |     |     |
| 305   | 310 | 315 |
| His His Arg Ser Ser Thr Tyr His Pro Met Ala Pro Trp Val Lys     |     |     |
| 325   | 330 | 335 |
| Arg Leu Phe Leu Gln Lys Leu Pro Lys Leu Leu Cys Met Lys Asp His |     |     |
| 340   | 345 | 350 |
| Val Asp Arg Tyr Ser Ser Pro Glu Lys Glu Glu Ser Gln Pro Val Val |     |     |
| 355   | 360 | 365 |
| Lys Gly Lys Val Leu Glu Lys Lys Lys Gln Lys Gln Leu Ser Asp Gly |     |     |
| 370   | 375 | 380 |
| Glu Lys Val Leu Val Ala Phe Leu Glu Lys Ala Ala Asp Ser Ile Arg |     |     |
| 385   | 390 | 395 |
| Tyr Ile Ser Arg His Val Lys Lys Glu His Phe Ile Ser Gln Val Val |     |     |
| 405   | 410 | 415 |
| Gln Asp Trp Lys Phe Val Ala Gln Val Leu Asp Arg Ile Phe Leu Trp |     |     |
| 420   | 425 | 430 |
| Leu Phe Leu Ile Val Ser Val Thr Gly Ser Val Leu Ile Phe Thr Pro |     |     |
| 435   | 440 | 445 |
| Ala Leu Lys Met Trp Leu His Ser Tyr His                         |     |     |
| 450   | 455 |     |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1915 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE:

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence

(B) LOCATION: 87...1583

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: beta4 human neuronal nicotinic  
acetylcholine receptor

(A) NAME/KEY: 5'UTR  
(B) LOCATION: 1...86  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(A) NAME/KEY: 3'UTR  
(B) LOCATION: 1584...1915  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

|   |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
|---|------------|------------|------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----|
| CCGGCGCTCA  | CTCGACCGCG | CGGCTCACGG | GTGCCCTGTG | ACCCACAGC | GGAGCTCGCG              | 60  |
| GCGGCTGCCA  | CCCGGCCCG  | CCGGCC     | ATG AGG    | CGC GCG   | CCT TCC CTG CTT         | 113 |
|   |            | Met        | Arg        | Arg       | Ala Pro Ser Leu Val Leu |     |
|   |            | 1          |            |           | 5                       |     |
| TTC TTC CTG GTC GCC CTT TGC GGG CGC GGG AAC TGC CGC GTG GCC AAT | 161        |            |            |           |                         |     |
| Phe Phe Leu Val Ala Leu Cys Gly Arg Gly Asn Cys Arg Val Ala Asn |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| 10 15 20 25   |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| GCG GAG GAA AAG CTG ATG GAC GAC CTT CTG AAC AAA ACC CGT TAC AAT | 209        |            |            |           |                         |     |
| Ala Glu Glu Lys Leu Met Asp Asp Leu Leu Asn Lys Thr Arg Tyr Asn |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| 30 35 40  |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| AAC CTG ATC CGC CCA GCC ACC AGC TCC TCA CAG CTC ATC TCC ATC AAG | 257        |            |            |           |                         |     |
| Asn Leu Ile Arg Pro Ala Thr Ser Ser Gln Leu Ile Ser Ile Lys     |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| 45 50 55  |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| CTG CAG CTC TCC CTG GCC CAG CTT ATC AGC GTG AAT GAG CGA GAG CAG | 305        |            |            |           |                         |     |
| Leu Gln Leu Ser Leu Ala Gln Leu Ile Ser Val Asn Glu Arg Glu Gln |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| 60 65 70  |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| ATC ATG ACC ACC AAT GTC TGG CTG AAA CAG GAA TGG ACT GAT TAC CGC | 353        |            |            |           |                         |     |
| Ile Met Thr Thr Asn Val Trp Leu Lys Gln Glu Trp Thr Asp Tyr Arg |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| 75 80 85  |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| CTG ACC TGG AAC AGC TCC CGC TAC GAG GGT GTG AAC ATC CTG AGG ATC | 401        |            |            |           |                         |     |
| Leu Thr Trp Asn Ser Ser Arg Tyr Glu Gly Val Asn Ile Leu Arg Ile |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| 90 95 100 105   |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| CCT GCA AAG CGC ATC TGG TTG CCT GAC ATC GTG CTT TAC AAC AAC GCC | 449        |            |            |           |                         |     |
| Pro Ala Lys Arg Ile Trp Leu Pro Asp Ile Val Leu Tyr Asn Asn Ala |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| 110 115 120   |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| GAC GGG ACC TAT GAG GTG TCT GTC TAC ACC AAC TTG ATA GTC CGG TCC | 497        |            |            |           |                         |     |
| Asp Gly Thr Tyr Glu Val Ser Val Thr Asn Leu Ile Val Arg Ser     |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| 125 130 135   |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| AAC GGC AGC GTC CTG TGG CTG CCC CCT GCC ATC TAC AAG AGC GCC TGC | 545        |            |            |           |                         |     |
| Asn Gly Ser Val Leu Trp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ile Tyr Lys Ser Ala Cys |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| 140 145 150   |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| AAG ATT GAG GTG AAG TAC TTT CCC TTC GAC CAG CAG AAC TGC ACC CTC | 593        |            |            |           |                         |     |
| Lys Ile Glu Val Lys Tyr Phe Pro Phe Asp Gln Asn Cys Thr Leu     |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| 155 160 165   |            |            |            |           |                         |     |
| AAG TTC CGC TCC TGG ACC TAT GAC CAC ACG GAG ATA GAC ATG GTC CTC | 641        |            |            |           |                         |     |

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|                   |            |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |      |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| Lys<br>170        | Phe        | Arg               | Ser               | Trp               | Thr<br>175        | Tyr               | Asp               | His               | Thr               | Glu<br>180        | Ile               | Asp               | Met               | Val               | Leu<br>185        |      |
| ATG<br>Met        | ACG<br>Thr | CCC<br>Pro        | ACA<br>Thr        | GCC<br>Ala<br>190 | AGC<br>Ser        | ATG<br>Met        | GAT<br>Asp        | GAC<br>Asp        | TTT<br>Phe<br>195 | ACT<br>Thr        | CCC<br>Pro        | AGT<br>Ser        | GGT<br>Gly        | GAG<br>Glu<br>200 | TGG<br>Trp        | 689  |
| GAC<br>Asp        | ATA<br>Ile | GTG<br>Val        | GCC<br>Ala<br>205 | CTC<br>Leu        | CCA<br>Pro        | GGG<br>Gly        | AGA<br>Arg        | AGG<br>Arg<br>210 | ACA<br>Thr        | GTG<br>Val        | AAC<br>Asn        | CCA<br>Pro        | CAA<br>Gln<br>215 | GAC<br>Asp        | CCC<br>Pro        | 737  |
| AGC<br>Ser        | TAC<br>Tyr | GTG<br>Val<br>220 | GAC<br>Asp        | GTG<br>Val        | ACT<br>Thr        | TAC<br>Tyr        | GAC<br>Asp<br>225 | TTC<br>Phe        | ATC<br>Ile        | ATC<br>Ile        | AAG<br>Lys<br>230 | CGC<br>Arg        | AAG<br>Lys        | CCT<br>Pro        | CTG<br>Leu        | 785  |
| TTC<br>Phe<br>235 | TAC<br>Tyr | ACC<br>Thr        | ATC<br>Ile        | AAC<br>Asn        | CTC<br>Leu        | ATC<br>Ile<br>240 | ATC<br>Ile        | CCC<br>Pro        | TGC<br>Cys        | GTG<br>Val        | CTC<br>Leu<br>245 | ACC<br>Thr        | ACC<br>Thr        | TTG<br>Leu        | CTG<br>Leu        | 833  |
| GCC<br>Ala<br>250 | ATC<br>Ile | CTC<br>Leu        | GTC<br>Val        | TTC<br>Phe        | TAC<br>Tyr<br>255 | CTG<br>Leu        | CCA<br>Pro        | TCC<br>Ser        | GAC<br>Asp<br>260 | TGC<br>Cys        | GGC<br>Gly        | GAG<br>Glu        | AAG<br>Lys        | ATG<br>Met        | ACA<br>Thr<br>265 | 881  |
| CTG<br>Leu        | TGC<br>Cys | ATC<br>Ile        | TCA<br>Ser        | GTG<br>Val<br>270 | CTG<br>Leu        | CTG<br>Leu        | GCA<br>Ala        | CTG<br>Leu        | ACA<br>Thr<br>275 | TTC<br>Phe        | TTC<br>Phe        | CTG<br>Leu        | CTG<br>Leu        | CTC<br>Leu<br>280 | ATC<br>Ile        | 929  |
| TCC<br>Ser        | AAG<br>Lys | ATC<br>Ile        | GTG<br>Val<br>285 | CCA<br>Pro        | CCC<br>Pro        | ACC<br>Thr        | TCC<br>Ser        | CTC<br>Leu<br>290 | GAT<br>Asp        | GTG<br>Val        | CCT<br>Pro        | CTC<br>Leu        | ATC<br>Ile<br>295 | GGC<br>Gly        | AAG<br>Lys        | 977  |
| TAC<br>Tyr        | CTC<br>Leu | ATG<br>Met<br>300 | TTC<br>Phe        | ACC<br>Thr        | ATG<br>Met        | GTG<br>Val        | CTG<br>Leu<br>305 | GTC<br>Val        | ACC<br>Thr        | TTC<br>Phe        | TCC<br>Ser        | ATC<br>Ile<br>310 | GTC<br>Val        | ACC<br>Thr        | AGC<br>Ser        | 1025 |
| GTC<br>Val<br>315 | TGT<br>Cys | GTG<br>Val        | CTC<br>Leu        | AAT<br>Asn        | GTG<br>Val        | CAC<br>His<br>320 | CAC<br>His        | CGC<br>Arg        | TCG<br>Ser        | CCC<br>Pro        | AGC<br>Ser<br>325 | ACC<br>Thr        | CAC<br>His        | ACC<br>Thr        | ATG<br>Met        | 1073 |
| GCA<br>Ala<br>330 | CCC<br>Pro | TGG<br>Trp        | GTC<br>Val        | AAG<br>Lys        | CGC<br>Arg<br>335 | TGC<br>Cys        | TTC<br>Phe        | CTG<br>Leu        | CAC<br>His        | AAG<br>Lys<br>340 | CTG<br>Leu        | CCT<br>Pro        | ACC<br>Thr        | TTC<br>Phe        | CTC<br>Leu<br>345 | 1121 |
| TTC<br>Phe        | ATG<br>Met | AAG<br>Lys        | CGC<br>Arg        | CCT<br>Pro<br>350 | GGC<br>Gly        | CCC<br>Pro        | GAC<br>Asp        | AGC<br>Ser        | AGC<br>Ser<br>355 | CCG<br>Pro        | GCC<br>Ala        | AGA<br>Arg        | GCC<br>Ala        | TTC<br>Phe<br>360 | CCG<br>Pro        | 1169 |
| CCC<br>Pro        | AGC<br>Ser | AAG<br>Lys        | TCA<br>Ser<br>365 | TGC<br>Cys        | GTG<br>Val        | ACC<br>Thr        | AAG<br>Lys        | CCC<br>Pro<br>370 | GAG<br>Glu        | GCC<br>Ala        | ACC<br>Thr        | GCC<br>Ala        | ACC<br>Thr<br>375 | TCC<br>Ser        | ACC<br>Thr        | 1217 |
| AGC<br>Ser        | CCC<br>Pro | TCC<br>Ser<br>380 | AAC<br>Asn        | TTC<br>Phe        | TAT<br>Tyr        | GGG<br>Gly<br>385 | AAC<br>Asn        | TCC<br>Ser<br>385 | ATG<br>Met        | TAC<br>Tyr        | TTT<br>Phe<br>390 | GTG<br>Val        | AAC<br>Asn        | CCC<br>Pro        | GCC<br>Ala        | 1265 |
| TCT<br>Ser<br>395 | GCA<br>Ala | GCT<br>Ala        | TCC<br>Ser        | AAG<br>Lys        | TCT<br>Ser        | CCA<br>Pro<br>400 | GCC<br>Ala        | GGC<br>Gly        | TCT<br>Ser        | ACC<br>Thr        | CCG<br>Pro<br>405 | GTG<br>Val        | GCT<br>Ala        | ATC<br>Ile        | CCC<br>Pro        | 1313 |
| AGG<br>Arg        | GAT<br>Asp | TTC<br>Phe        | TGG<br>Trp        | CTG<br>Leu        | CGG<br>Arg        | TCC<br>Ser        | TCT<br>Ser        | GGG<br>Gly        | AGG<br>Arg        | TTC<br>Phe        | CGA<br>Arg        | CAG<br>Gln        | GAT<br>Asp        | GTG<br>Val        | CAG<br>Gln        | 1361 |

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|   |     |     |     |      |
|---|-----|-----|-----|------|
| 410   | 415 | 420 | 425 |      |
| GAG GCA TTA GAA GGT GTC AGC TTC ATC GCC CAG CAC ATG AAG AAT GAC   |     |     |     | 1409 |
| Glu Ala Leu Glu Gly Val Ser Phe Ile Ala Gln His Met Lys Asn Asp   | 430 | 435 | 440 |      |
| GAT GAA GAC CAG AGT GTC GTT GAG GAC TGG AAG TAC GTG GCT ATG GTG   |     |     |     | 1457 |
| Asp Glu Asp Gln Ser Val Val Glu Asp Trp Lys Tyr Val Ala Met Val   | 445 | 450 | 455 |      |
| GTG GAC CGG CTG TTC CTG TGG GTG TTC ATG TTT GTG TGC GTC CTG GGC   |     |     |     | 1505 |
| Val Asp Arg Leu Phe Leu Trp Val Phe Met Phe Val Cys Val Leu Gly   | 460 | 465 | 470 |      |
| ACT GTG GGG CTC TTC CTA CCG CCC CTC TTC CAG ACC CAT GCA GCT TCT   |     |     |     | 1553 |
| Thr Val Gly Leu Phe Leu Pro Pro Leu Phe Gln Thr His Ala Ala Ser   | 475 | 480 | 485 |      |
| GAG GGG CCC TAC GCT GCC CAG CGT GAC TGA GGGCCCCCTG GGTGTGGGG TGAG |     |     |     | 1607 |
| Glu Gly Pro Tyr Ala Ala Gln Arg Asp *                             | 490 | 495 |     |      |
| AGGATGTGAG TGGCCGGGTG GGCACCTTTC TGCTTCTTTC TGGGTTGTGG CCGATGAGGC |     |     |     | 1667 |
| CCTAAGTAAA TATGTGAGCA TTGGCCATCA ACCCCATCAA ACCAGCCACA GCCGTGGAAC |     |     |     | 1727 |
| AGGCAAGGAT GGGGGCCTGG GCTGTCCTCT CTGAATGCCT TGGAGGGATC CCAGGAAGCC |     |     |     | 1787 |
| CCAGTAGGAG GGAGCTTCAG ACAGTTCAAT TCTGGCCTGT CTTCCCTCCC TGCACCGGGC |     |     |     | 1847 |
| AATGGGGATA AAGATGACTT CGTAGCAGCA CCTACTATGC TTCAGGCATG GTGCCCGCCT |     |     |     | 1907 |
| GCCTCTCC  |     |     |     | 1915 |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 499 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Met | Arg | Arg | Ala | Pro | Ser | Leu | Val | Leu | Phe | Phe | Leu | Val | Ala | Leu | Cys |
| 1   |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     |     | 10  |     |     |     |     | 15  |     |
| Gly | Arg | Gly | Asn | Cys | Arg | Val | Ala | Asn | Ala | Glu | Glu | Lys | Leu | Met | Asp |
|     |     |     | 20  |     |     |     |     | 25  |     |     |     |     | 30  |     |     |
| Asp | Leu | Leu | Asn | Lys | Thr | Arg | Tyr | Asn | Asn | Leu | Ile | Arg | Pro | Ala | Thr |
|     |     |     | 35  |     |     |     | 40  |     |     |     |     | 45  |     |     |     |
| Ser | Ser | Ser | Gln | Leu | Ile | Ser | Ile | Lys | Leu | Gln | Leu | Ser | Leu | Ala | Gln |
|     |     |     | 50  |     |     | 55  |     |     |     | 60  |     |     |     |     |     |
| Leu | Ile | Ser | Val | Asn | Glu | Arg | Glu | Gln | Ile | Met | Thr | Thr | Asn | Val | Trp |
| 65  |     |     |     |     | 70  |     |     |     | 75  |     |     |     |     | 80  |     |
| Leu | Lys | Gln | Glu | Trp | Thr | Asp | Tyr | Arg | Leu | Thr | Trp | Asn | Ser | Ser | Arg |
|     |     |     | 85  |     |     |     |     | 90  |     |     |     |     | 95  |     |     |
| Tyr | Glu | Gly | Val | Asn | Ile | Leu | Arg | Ile | Pro | Ala | Lys | Arg | Ile | Trp | Leu |
|     |     |     | 100 |     |     |     | 105 |     |     |     |     |     | 110 |     |     |
| Pro | Asp | Ile | Val | Leu | Tyr | Asn | Asn | Ala | Asp | Gly | Thr | Tyr | Glu | Val | Ser |
|     |     |     | 115 |     |     |     | 120 |     |     |     |     | 125 |     |     |     |

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Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Ile Val Arg Ser Asn Gly Ser Val Leu Trp Leu  
 130 135 140  
 Pro Pro Ala Ile Tyr Lys Ser Ala Cys Lys Ile Glu Val Lys Tyr Phe  
 145 150 155 160  
 Pro Phe Asp Gln Gln Asn Cys Thr Leu Lys Phe Arg Ser Trp Thr Tyr  
 165 170 175  
 Asp His Thr Glu Ile Asp Met Val Leu Met Thr Pro Thr Ala Ser Met  
 180 185 190  
 Asp Asp Phe Thr Pro Ser Gly Glu Trp Asp Ile Val Ala Leu Pro Gly  
 195 200 205  
 Arg Arg Thr Val Asn Pro Gln Asp Pro Ser Tyr Val Asp Val Thr Tyr  
 210 215 220  
 Asp Phe Ile Ile Lys Arg Lys Pro Leu Phe Tyr Thr Ile Asn Leu Ile  
 225 230 235 240  
 Ile Pro Cys Val Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Ala Ile Leu Val Phe Tyr Leu  
 245 250 255  
 Pro Ser Asp Cys Gly Glu Lys Met Thr Leu Cys Ile Ser Val Leu Leu  
 260 265 270  
 Ala Leu Thr Phe Phe Leu Leu Leu Ile Ser Lys Ile Val Pro Pro Thr  
 275 280 285  
 Ser Leu Asp Val Pro Leu Ile Gly Lys Tyr Leu Met Phe Thr Met Val  
 290 295 300  
 Leu Val Thr Phe Ser Ile Val Thr Ser Val Cys Val Leu Asn Val His  
 305 310 315 320  
 His Arg Ser Pro Ser Thr His Thr Met Ala Pro Trp Val Lys Arg Cys  
 325 330 335  
 Phe Leu His Lys Leu Pro Thr Phe Leu Phe Met Lys Arg Pro Gly Pro  
 340 345 350  
 Asp Ser Ser Pro Ala Arg Ala Phe Pro Pro Ser Lys Ser Cys Val Thr  
 355 360 365  
 Lys Pro Glu Ala Thr Ala Thr Ser Thr Ser Pro Ser Asn Phe Tyr Gly  
 370 375 380  
 Asn Ser Met Tyr Phe Val Asn Pro Ala Ser Ala Ala Ser Lys Ser Pro  
 385 390 395 400  
 Ala Gly Ser Thr Pro Val Ala Ile Pro Arg Asp Phe Trp Leu Arg Ser  
 405 410 415  
 Ser Gly Arg Phe Arg Gln Asp Val Gln Glu Ala Leu Glu Gly Val Ser  
 420 425 430  
 Phe Ile Ala Gln His Met Lys Asn Asp Asp Glu Asp Gln Ser Val Val  
 435 440 445  
 Glu Asp Trp Lys Tyr Val Ala Met Val Val Asp Arg Leu Phe Leu Trp  
 450 455 460  
 Val Phe Met Phe Val Cys Val Leu Gly Thr Val Gly Leu Phe Leu Pro  
 465 470 475 480  
 Pro Leu Phe Gln Thr His Ala Ala Ser Glu Gly Pro Tyr Ala Ala Gln  
 485 490 495  
 Arg Asp

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1698 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Genomic DNA

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE:



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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence

(B) LOCATION: 143...1582

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: alpha6 (del 74-88) subunit  
human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine rec.

(A) NAME/KEY: 5'UTR

(B) LOCATION: 1...143

(D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(A) NAME/KEY: 3'UTR

(B) LOCATION: 1583...1698

(D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| CGGGTTTTGA TTTCTGAGAA GACACACACG GATTGCAGTG GGCTTCTGAT GATGTCAAGG | 60  |
| TTGGATGCAT GTGGCTGACT GATAGCTCTT TGTTTCCAC AATCCTTTGC CTAGGAAAAA  | 120 |
| GGAATCCAAG TGTGTTTTAA CC ATG CTG ACC AGC AAG GGG CAG GGA TTC CTT  | 172 |
| Met Leu Thr Ser Lys Gly Gln Gly Phe Leu                           |     |
| 1 5 10  |     |
| CAT GGG GGC TTG TGT CTC TGG CTG TGT GTG TTC ACA CCT TTC TTT AAA   | 220 |
| His Gly Gly Leu Cys Leu Trp Leu Cys Val Phe Thr Pro Phe Phe Lys   |     |
| 15 20 25  |     |
| GGC TGT GTG GGC TGT GCA ACT GAG GAG AGG CTC TTC CAC AAA CTG TTT   | 268 |
| Gly Cys Val Gly Cys Ala Thr Glu Glu Arg Leu Phe His Lys Leu Phe   |     |
| 30 35 40  |     |
| TCT CAT TAC AAC CAG TTC ATC AGG CCT GTG GAA AAC GTT TCC GAC CCT   | 316 |
| Ser His Tyr Asn Gln Phe Ile Arg Pro Val Glu Asn Val Ser Asp Pro   |     |
| 45 50 55  |     |
| GTC ACG GTA CAC TTT GAA GTG GCC ATC ACC CAG CTG GCC AAC GTG ATC   | 364 |
| Val Thr Val His Phe Glu Val Ala Ile Thr Gln Leu Ala Asn Val Ile   |     |
| 60 65 70  |     |
| TGG AAT GAT TAT AAA TTG CGC TGG GAT CCA ATG GAA TAT GAT GGC ATT   | 412 |
| Trp Asn Asp Tyr Lys Leu Arg Trp Asp Pro Met Glu Tyr Asp Gly Ile   |     |
| 75 80 85 90   |     |
| GAG ACT CTT CGC GTT CCT GCA GAT AAG ATT TGG AAG CCC GAC ATT GTT   | 460 |
| Glu Thr Leu Arg Val Pro Ala Asp Lys Ile Trp Lys Pro Asp Ile Val   |     |
| 95 100 105  |     |
| CTC TAT AAC AAT GCT GTT GGT GAC TTC CAA GTA GAA GGC AAA ACA AAA   | 508 |
| Leu Tyr Asn Asn Ala Val Gly Asp Phe Gln Val Glu Gly Lys Thr Lys   |     |
| 110 115 120   |     |
| GCT CTT CTT AAA TAC AAT GGC ATG ATA ACC TGG ACT CCA CCA GCT ATT   | 556 |
| Ala Leu Leu Lys Tyr Asn Gly Met Ile Thr Trp Thr Pro Pro Ala Ile   |     |
| 125 130 135   |     |
| TTT AAG AGT TCC TGC CCT ATG GAT ATC ACC TT TTT CCT TTT GAT CAT    | 604 |
| Phe Lys Ser Ser Cys Pro Met Asp Ile Thr Phe Phe Pro Phe Asp His   |     |
| 140 145 150   |     |

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|   |      |
|---|------|
| CAA AAC TGT TCC CTA AAA TTT GGT TCC TGG ACG TAT GAC AAA GCT GAA<br>Gln Asn Cys Ser Leu Lys Phe Gly Ser Trp Thr Tyr Asp Lys Ala Glu<br>155 160 165 170 | 652  |
| ATT GAT CTT CTA ATC ATT GGA TCA AAA GTG GAT ATG AAT GAT TTT TGG<br>Ile Asp Leu Leu Ile Ile Gly Ser Lys Val Asp Met Asn Asp Phe Trp<br>175 180 185     | 700  |
| GAA AAC AGT GAA TGG GAA ATC ATT GAT GCC TCT GGC TAC AAA CAT GAC<br>Glu Asn Ser Glu Trp Glu Ile Ile Asp Ala Ser Gly Tyr Lys His Asp<br>190 195 200     | 748  |
| ATC AAA TAC AAC TGT TGT GAA GAG ATA TAC ACA GAT ATA ACC TAT TCT<br>Ile Lys Tyr Asn Cys Cys Glu Glu Ile Tyr Thr Asp Ile Thr Tyr Ser<br>205 210 215     | 796  |
| TTC TAC ATT AGA AGA TTG CCG ATG TTT TAC ACG ATT AAT CTG ATC ATC<br>Phe Tyr Ile Arg Arg Leu Pro Met Phe Tyr Thr Ile Asn Leu Ile Ile<br>220 225 230     | 844  |
| CCT TGT CTC TTT ATT TCA TTT CTA ACC GTG TTG GTC TTT TAC CTT CCT<br>Pro Cys Leu Phe Ile Ser Phe Leu Thr Val Leu Val Phe Tyr Leu Pro<br>235 240 245 250 | 892  |
| TCG GAC TGT GGT GAA AAA GTG ACG CTT TGT ATT TCA GTC CTG CTT TCT<br>Ser Asp Cys Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Leu Cys Ile Ser Val Leu Leu Ser<br>255 260 265     | 940  |
| CTG ACT GTG TTT TTG CTG GTC ATC ACA GAA ACC ATC CCA TCC ACA TCT<br>Leu Thr Val Phe Leu Leu Val Ile Thr Glu Thr Ile Pro Ser Thr Ser<br>270 275 280     | 988  |
| CTG GTG GTC CCA CTG GTG GGT GAG TAC CTG CTG TTC ACC ATG ATC TTT<br>Leu Val Val Pro Leu Val Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu Phe Thr Met Ile Phe<br>285 290 295     | 1036 |
| GTC ACA CTG TCC ATC GTG GTG ACT GTG TTT GTG TTG AAC ATA CAC TAC<br>Val Thr Leu Ser Ile Val Val Thr Val Phe Val Leu Asn Ile His Tyr<br>300 305 310     | 1084 |
| CGC ACC CCA ACC ACG CAC ACA ATG CCC AGG TGG GTG AAG ACA GTT TTC<br>Arg Thr Pro Thr Thr His Thr Met Pro Arg Trp Val Lys Thr Val Phe<br>315 320 325 330 | 1132 |
| CTG AAG CTG CTG CCC CAG GTC CTG CTG ATG AGG TGG CCT CTG GAC AAG<br>Leu Lys Leu Leu Pro Gln Val Leu Leu Met Arg Trp Pro Leu Asp Lys<br>335 340 345     | 1180 |
| ACA AGG GGC ACA GGC TCT GAT GCA GTG CCC AGA GGC CTT GCC AGG AGG<br>Thr Arg Gly Thr Gly Ser Asp Ala Val Pro Arg Gly Leu Ala Arg Arg<br>350 355 360     | 1228 |
| CCT GCC AAA GGC AAG CTT GCA AGC CAT GGG GAA CCC AGA CAT CTT AAA<br>Pro Ala Lys Gly Lys Leu Ala Ser His Gly Glu Pro Arg His Leu Lys<br>365 370 375     | 1276 |
| GAA TGC TTC CAT TGT CAC AAA TCA AAT GAG CTT GCC ACA AGC AAG AGA<br>Glu Cys Phe His Cys His Lys Ser Asn Glu Leu Ala Thr Ser Lys Arg<br>380 385 390     | 1324 |
| AGA TTA AGT CAT CAG CCA TTA CAG TGG GTG GTG GAA AAT TCG GAG CAC   | 1372 |

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Arg Leu Ser His Gln Pro Leu Gln Trp Val Val Glu Asn Ser Glu His  
 395 400 405 410

TCG CCT GAA GTT GAA GAT GTG ATT AAC AGT GTT CAG TTC ATA GCA GAA 1420  
 Ser Pro Glu Val Glu Asp Val Ile Asn Ser Val Gln Phe Ile Ala Glu  
 415 420 425

AAC ATG AAG AGC CAC AAT GAA ACC AAG GAG GTA GAA GAT GAC TGG AAA 1468  
 Asn Met Lys Ser His Asn Glu Thr Lys Glu Val Glu Asp Asp Trp Lys  
 430 435 440

TAC GTG GCC ATG GTG GTG GAC AGA GTA TTT CTT TGG GTA TTT ATA ATT 1516  
 Tyr Val Ala Met Val Val Asp Arg Val Phe Leu Trp Val Phe Ile Ile  
 445 450 455

GTC TGT GTA TTT GGA ACT GCA GGG CTA TTT CTA CAG CCA CTA CTT GGG 1564  
 Val Cys Val Phe Gly Thr Ala Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Pro Leu Leu Gly  
 460 465 470

AAC ACA GGA AAA TCT TAA AATGTATTTT CTTTATGTT CAGAAATTTA CAGACACCA 1621  
 Asn Thr Gly Lys Ser \*  
 475 480

TATTTGTTCT GCATTCCCTG CCACAAGGAA AGGAAAGCAA AGGCTTCCCA CCCAAGTCCC 1681  
 CCATCTGCTA AAACCCG 1698

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 480 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

## (iv) ANTISENSE: NO

## (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

Met Leu Thr Ser Lys Gly Gln Gly Phe Leu His Gly Gly Leu Cys Leu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Trp Leu Cys Val Phe Thr Pro Phe Phe Lys Gly Cys Val Gly Cys Ala  
 20 25 30  
 Thr Glu Glu Arg Leu Phe His Lys Leu Phe Ser His Tyr Asn Gln Phe  
 35 40 45  
 Ile Arg Pro Val Glu Asn Val Ser Asp Pro Val Thr Val His Phe Glu  
 50 55 60  
 Val Ala Ile Thr Gln Leu Ala Asn Val Ile Trp Asn Asp Tyr Lys Leu  
 65 70 75 80  
 Arg Trp Asp Pro Met Glu Tyr Asp Gly Ile Glu Thr Leu Arg Val Pro  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Asp Lys Ile Trp Lys Pro Asp Ile Val Leu Tyr Asn Asn Ala Val  
 100 105 110  
 Gly Asp Phe Gln Val Glu Gly Lys Thr Lys Ala Leu Leu Lys Tyr Asn  
 115 120 125  
 Gly Met Ile Thr Trp Thr Pro Ala Ile Phe Lys Ser Ser Cys Pro  
 130 135 140  
 Met Asp Ile Thr Phe Phe Pro Phe Asp His Gln Asn Cys Ser Leu Lys

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|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 145 |     |     |     |     | 150 |     |     |     |     | 155 |     |     |     | 160 |
| Phe | Gly | Ser | Trp | Thr | Tyr | Asp | Lys | Ala | Glu | Ile | Asp | Leu | Leu | Ile |
|     |     |     |     | 165 | Met | Asn | Asp | Phe | 170 | Glu | Asn | Ser | Glu | 175 |
| Gly | Ser | Lys | Val | Asp | 180 |     |     | 185 | Trp |     |     |     | 190 | Trp |
| Ile | Ile | Asp | Ala | Ser | Gly | Tyr | Lys | His | Asp | Ile | Lys | Tyr | Asn | Cys |
|     |     | 195 |     |     |     | 200 |     |     |     |     | 205 |     |     | Cys |
| Glu | Glu | Ile | Tyr | Thr | Asp | Ile | Thr | Tyr | Ser | Phe | Tyr | Ile | Arg | Arg |
|     | 210 |     |     |     |     | 215 |     |     |     |     | 220 |     |     | Leu |
| Pro | Met | Phe | Tyr | Thr | Ile | Asn | Leu | Ile | Ile | Pro | Cys | Leu | Phe | Ile |
| 225 |     |     |     |     | 230 |     |     |     |     | 235 |     |     |     | 240 |
| Phe | Leu | Thr | Val | Leu | Val | Phe | Tyr | Leu | Pro | Ser | Asp | Cys | Gly | Glu |
|     |     |     | 245 |     |     |     |     |     | 250 |     |     |     | 255 | Lys |
| Val | Thr | Leu | Cys | Ile | Ser | Val | Leu | Leu | Ser | Leu | Thr | Val | Phe | Leu |
|     |     |     | 260 |     |     |     |     | 265 |     |     |     |     | 270 | Leu |
| Val | Ile | Thr | Glu | Thr | Ile | Pro | Ser | Thr | Ser | Leu | Val | Val | Pro | Val |
|     |     | 275 |     |     |     |     | 280 |     |     |     |     | 285 |     |     |
| Gly | Glu | Tyr | Leu | Leu | Phe | Thr | Met | Ile | Phe | Val | Thr | Leu | Ser | Ile |
|     | 290 |     |     |     |     | 295 |     |     |     | 300 |     |     |     | Val |
| Val | Thr | Val | Phe | Val | Leu | Asn | Ile | His | Tyr | Arg | Thr | Pro | Thr | Thr |
| 305 |     |     |     |     | 310 |     |     |     |     | 315 |     |     |     | His |
| Thr | Met | Pro | Arg | Trp | Val | Lys | Thr | Val | Phe | Leu | Lys | Leu | Leu | Gln |
|     |     |     | 325 |     |     |     |     |     | 330 |     |     |     |     | 335 |
| Val | Leu | Leu | Met | Arg | Trp | Pro | Leu | Asp | Lys | Thr | Arg | Gly | Thr | Ser |
|     |     |     | 340 |     |     |     |     | 345 |     |     |     |     | 350 |     |
| Asp | Ala | Val | Pro | Arg | Gly | Leu | Ala | Arg | Arg | Pro | Ala | Lys | Gly | Leu |
|     |     | 355 |     |     |     |     | 360 |     |     |     |     | 365 |     |     |
| Ala | Ser | His | Gly | Glu | Pro | Arg | His | Leu | Lys | Glu | Cys | Phe | His | Cys |
|     | 370 |     |     |     | 375 |     |     |     |     | 380 |     |     |     | His |
| Lys | Ser | Asn | Glu | Leu | Ala | Thr | Ser | Lys | Arg | Arg | Leu | Ser | His | Gln |
| 385 |     |     |     |     | 390 |     |     |     |     | 395 |     |     |     | Pro |
| Leu | Gln | Trp | Val | Val | Glu | Asn | Ser | Glu | His | Ser | Pro | Glu | Val | Asp |
|     |     |     | 405 |     |     |     |     |     | 410 |     |     |     | 415 |     |
| Val | Ile | Asn | Ser | Val | Gln | Phe | Ile | Ala | Glu | Asn | Met | Lys | Ser | His |
|     |     | 420 |     |     |     |     |     | 425 |     |     |     |     | 430 | Asn |
| Glu | Thr | Lys | Glu | Val | Glu | Asp | Asp | Trp | Lys | Tyr | Val | Ala | Met | Val |
|     |     | 435 |     |     |     | 440 |     |     |     |     | 445 |     |     | Val |
| Asp | Arg | Val | Phe | Leu | Trp | Val | Phe | Ile | Ile | Val | Cys | Val | Phe | Gly |
|     | 450 |     |     |     |     | 455 |     |     |     | 460 |     |     |     | Thr |
| Ala | Gly | Leu | Phe | Leu | Gln | Pro | Leu | Leu | Gly | Asn | Thr | Gly | Lys | Ser |
| 465 |     |     |     |     | 470 |     |     |     |     | 475 |     |     |     |     |

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### Summary of Sequences

Sequence ID No. 1 is a nucleotide sequence encoding an  $\alpha_2$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor, and the deduced amino acid sequence thereof.

5        Sequence ID No. 2 is the amino acid sequence of the  $\alpha_2$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor set forth in Sequence ID No. 1.

Sequence ID No. 3 is a nucleotide sequence encoding a  $\alpha_3$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor, and the deduced  
10    amino acid sequence thereof.

Sequence ID No. 4 is the amino acid sequence of the  $\alpha_3$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor set forth in Sequence ID No. 3.

Sequence ID No. 5 is a nucleotide sequence encoding an  $\alpha_4$  subunit  
15    of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor, and the deduced amino acid sequence thereof.

Sequence ID No. 6 is the amino acid sequence of the  $\alpha_4$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor set forth in Sequence ID No. 5.

20        Sequence ID No. 7 is a nucleotide sequence encoding an  $\alpha_5$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor, and the deduced amino acid sequence thereof.

Sequence ID No. 8 is the amino acid sequence of the  $\alpha_5$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor set forth in Sequence  
25    ID No. 7.

Sequence ID No. 9 is a nucleotide sequence encoding an  $\alpha_6$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor, and the deduced amino acid sequence thereof.

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Sequence ID No. 10 is the amino acid sequence of the  $\alpha_6$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor set forth in Sequence ID No. 9.

5       Sequence ID No. 11 is a nucleotide sequence encoding an  $\alpha_7$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor, and the deduced amino acid sequence thereof.

Sequence ID No. 12 is the amino acid sequence of the  $\alpha_7$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor set forth in Sequence ID No. 11.

10       Sequence ID No. 13 is a nucleotide sequence encoding a  $\beta_2$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor, and the deduced amino acid sequence thereof.

Sequence ID No. 14 is the amino acid sequence of the  $\beta_2$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor set forth in  
15       Sequence ID No. 13.

Sequence ID No. 15 is a nucleotide sequence encoding a  $\beta_3$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor, and the deduced amino acid sequence thereof.

Sequence ID No. 16 is the amino acid sequence of the  $\beta_3$  subunit  
20       of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor set forth in Sequence ID No. 15.

Sequence ID No. 17 is a nucleotide sequence encoding a  $\beta_4$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor, and the deduced amino acid sequence thereof.

25       Sequence ID No. 18 is the amino acid sequence of the  $\beta_4$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor set forth in Sequence ID No. 17.

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Sequence ID No. 19 is a nucleotide sequence encoding a variant  $\alpha_6$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor, and the deduced amino acid sequence thereof.

Sequence ID No. 20 is the amino acid sequence of the  $\alpha_6$  subunit  
5 of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor set forth in  
Sequence ID No. 19.

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**THAT WHICH IS CLAIMED:**

1. An isolated nucleic acid molecule, comprising a sequence of nucleotides encoding an  $\alpha_6$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor.
- 5 2. The molecule of claim 1, wherein the  $\alpha_6$  subunit comprises the sequence of amino acids set forth in SEQ ID NO:10 or functional equivalents thereof.
3. The molecule of claim 1, wherein the  $\alpha_6$  subunit comprises the sequence of amino acids set forth in SEQ ID NO:10
- 10 4. The molecule of claim 1, wherein the  $\alpha_6$  subunit comprises the sequence of amino acids set forth in SEQ ID NO:20 or functional equivalents thereof.
5. The molecule of claim 1, wherein the  $\alpha_6$  subunit comprises the sequence of amino acids set forth in SEQ ID NO:20.
- 15 6. The molecule of claim 1, wherein the sequence of nucleotides hybridizes to nucleotides 143-1624 set forth in SEQ ID NO:9 under high stringency conditions, or  
the sequence of nucleotides hybridizes under high stringency conditions to nucleotides 143-1579 set forth in SEQ ID NO:19.
- 20 7. The molecule of claim 1, comprising nucleotides 143-1624 set forth in SEQ ID NO:9 or functional equivalents thereof.
8. The molecule of claim 1, comprising nucleotides 143-1624 set forth in SEQ ID NO:9.
9. The molecule of claim 1, comprising nucleotides 143-1579
- 25 set forth in SEQ ID NO:19 or functional equivalent thereof.
10. The molecule of claim 1, comprising nucleotides 143-1579 set forth in SEQ ID NO:19.



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11. An isolated nucleic acid molecule, comprising a sequence of nucleotides encoding a  $\beta_3$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor.

12. The molecule of claim 11, wherein the  $\beta_3$  subunit comprises the sequence of amino acids set forth in SEQ ID NO:16 or functional equivalents thereof.

13. The molecule of claim 11, wherein the  $\beta_3$  subunit comprises the sequence of amino acids set forth in SEQ ID NO:16.

14. The molecule of claim 11, comprising a sequence of nucleotides that hybridizes under high stringency conditions to nucleotides 98-1471 set forth in SEQ ID NO:15.

15. The molecule of claim 11, comprising nucleotides 98-1471 set forth in SEQ ID NO:15 or functional equivalents thereof.

16. The molecule of claim 11, comprising nucleotides 98-1471 set forth in SEQ ID NO:15.

17. A single-stranded nucleic acid of at least 27 bases in length, comprising any 27 contiguous bases set forth in SEQ ID NO:9 or SEQ ID NO:19 or the complement thereof.

18. A single-stranded nucleic acid of at least 28 bases in length, comprising any 28 contiguous bases set forth in the first 105 nucleotides translated sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:15 or the complement thereof.

19. The nucleic acid of claim 17 or claim 18 that is labeled.

20. The nucleic acid of claim 19 that is labeled with  $^{32}\text{P}$ .

21. A method for isolating DNA encoding a human nicotinic acetylcholine receptor subunit, comprising screening a library with the nucleic acid of claim 19, and isolating clones that hybridize under conditions of at least low stringency to the nucleic acid of claim 19.

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22. The method of claim 21, wherein the isolated clones hybridize under conditions of high stringency.

23. The method of claim 21 or claim 22, further comprising identifying those clones that encode an  $\alpha_6$  or  $\beta_3$  subunit.

5        24. Cells, comprising a nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, wherein the cells are prokaryotic cells or eukaryotic cells and the nucleic acid is heterologous to the cells.

25. The cells of claim 24 that are mammalian cells or amphibian oöcytes.

10       26. The cells of claim 24, further comprising heterologous nucleic acid encoding a  $\beta$  subunit of human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor.

27. The cells of claim 26, wherein the  $\beta$  subunit is selected from  $\beta_2$ ,  $\beta_3$  or  $\beta_4$ .

15       28. The cells of claim 26, wherein the  $\beta$  subunit is  $\beta_3$ .

29. The cells of claim 24, wherein the cells express functional neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptors that contain one or more subunits encoded by the heterologous nucleic acid.

20       30. Cells, comprising a nucleic acid molecule of claim 11, wherein the cells are prokaryotic cells or eukaryotic cells, and the nucleic acid molecule is heterologous to the cells.

31. The cells of claim 30 that are mammalian cells or amphibian oöcytes.

25       32. The cells of claim 31, further comprising heterologous nucleic acid encoding an  $\alpha$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor.

33. The cells of claim 32, wherein the  $\alpha$  subunit is selected from  $\alpha_2$ ,  $\alpha_3$ ,  $\alpha_4$ ,  $\alpha_5$ ,  $\alpha_6$  or  $\alpha_7$ .

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34. The cells of claim 30 that express functional neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptors that contain one or more subunits encoded by the heterologous nucleic acid.

5 35. The cells of claim 31 that express functional neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptors that contain one or more subunits encoded by the heterologous nucleic acid.

36. The molecule of claim 1 or claim 11 that is DNA.

37. The molecule of claim 1 or claim 11 that is RNA.

10 38. A method of screening compounds to identify compounds that modulate the activity of human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptors, the method comprising determining the effect of a test compound on the neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor activity in cells of claim 24 or claim 30 compared to the effect on control cells or to the neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor activity of the cells in the  
15 absence of the compound.

39. A substantially pure human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor  $\alpha_6$  subunit.

20 40. A substantially pure recombinant human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor, comprising an  $\alpha_6$  human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor subunit.

41. The nicotinic acetylcholine receptor of claim 40, further comprising a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor  $\beta$  subunit.

42. A substantially pure human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor  $\beta_3$  subunit.

25 43. A substantially pure recombinant human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor, comprising an  $\beta_3$  human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor subunit.

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44. The neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor of claim 31, further comprising at least one human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor  $\alpha$  subunit.

45. A method for identifying functional neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor subunits and combinations thereof, comprising:

(a) introducing a nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 into eukaryotic cells; and

(b) detecting neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor activity in the cells of step (a), wherein the activity is mediated by a receptor containing a subunit encoded by the introduced molecule.

46. The method of claim 45, further comprising, introducing nucleic acid encoding one or more  $\beta$  or  $\alpha$  subunits of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor.

47. A method for identifying functional neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor subunits and combinations thereof, comprising:

(a) introducing a nucleic acid molecule of claim 11 into eukaryotic cells; and

(b) detecting neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor activity in the cells of step (a), wherein the activity is mediated by a receptor containing a subunit encoded by the introduced molecule.

48. The method of claim 47, further comprising, introducing nucleic acid encoding one or more  $\beta$  or  $\alpha$  subunits of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor.

49. The nucleic acid of claim 1 or claim 11 that is mRNA.

50. Isolated cells containing the mRNA of claim 49.

51. Cells of claim 51, further comprising mRNA encoding an additional  $\alpha$  or  $\beta$  subunit of a human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor.

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52. An isolated nucleic acid molecule, comprising nucleotides  
98-211 of SEQ ID NO:15.

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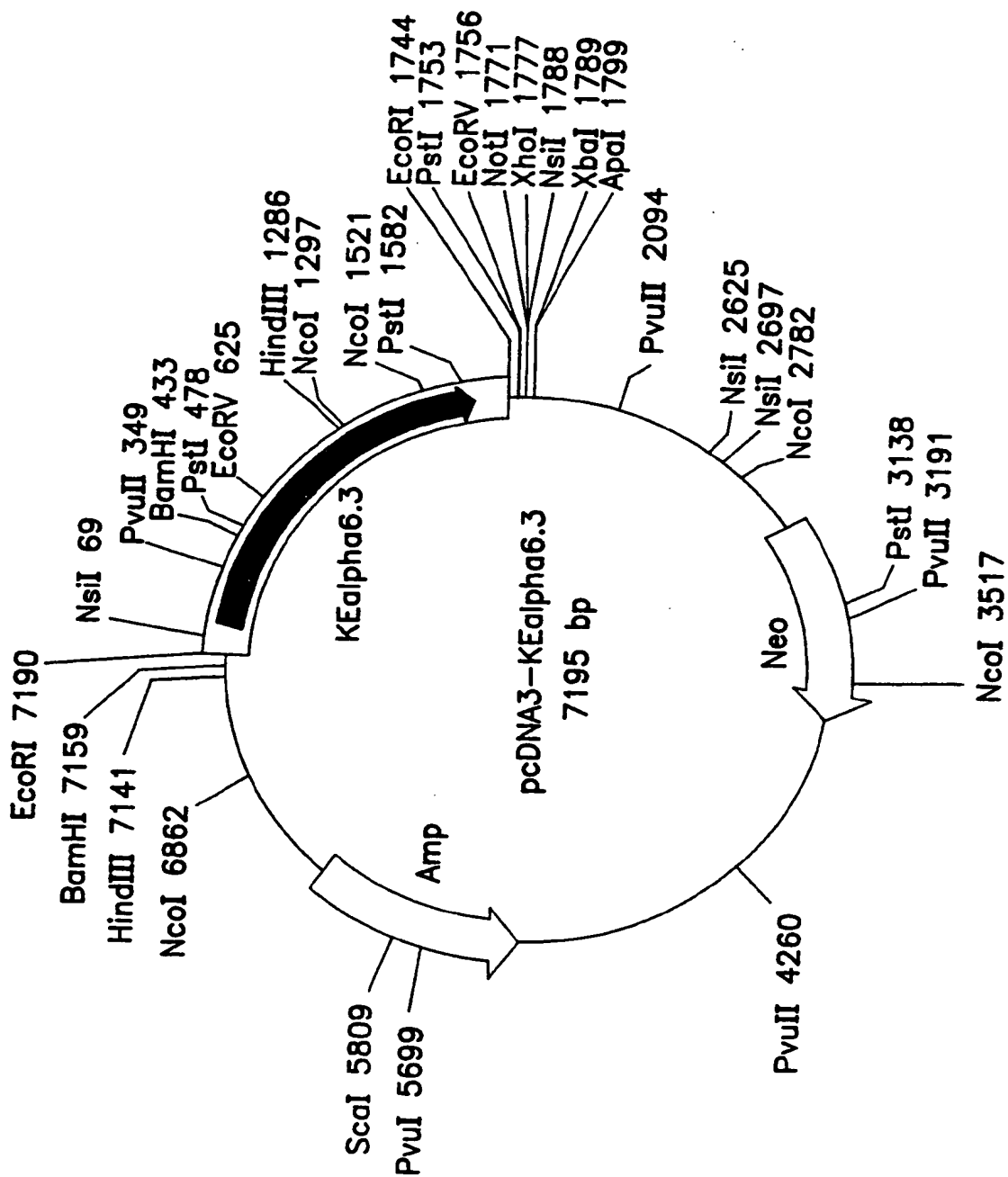


FIG. 1

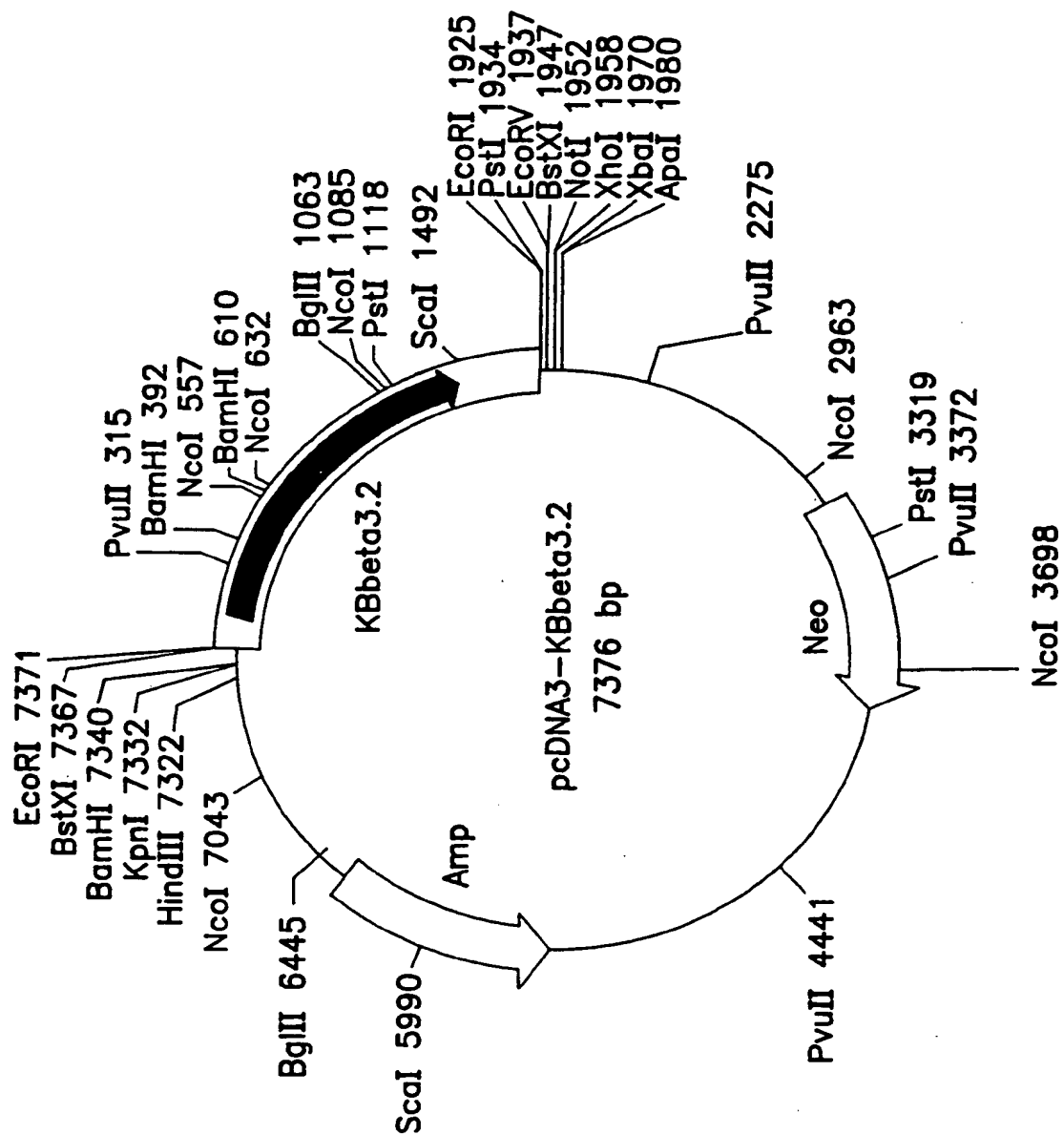


FIG. 2

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No  
PCT/US 96/09775

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER  
IPC 6 C12N15/12 C12N15/85 C12N5/10 C07K14/705 C12Q1/02

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 6 C07K C12Q

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

| Category * | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages  | Relevant to claim No.                  |
|------------|---|--|
| X          | NEUROSCIENCE LETTERS,<br>vol. 155, no. 2, 11 June 1993,<br>pages 136-139, XP000611449<br>WILLOUGHBY, J.: "Molecular cloning of a<br>human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine<br>receptor beta 3-like subunit" | 11,12,<br>14,15,<br>18-23,<br>30,36,37 |
| Y          | see the whole document<br><br>& DATABASE EMBL<br>Heidelberg, BRD<br>AC X67513, Q05901, 10 September 1992<br>WILLOUGHBY, J.:<br>see abstract<br><br>---<br>-/--  | 31-35,<br>38,<br>42-44,<br>47-51       |

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

## \* Special categories of cited documents:

- \*A\* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- \*E\* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
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- \*X\* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- \*Y\* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
- \*&\* document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

20 November 1996

Date of mailing of the international search report

29. 11. 96

Name and mailing address of the ISA

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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No  
PCT/US 96/09775

## C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

| Category | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No.            |
|----------|--|----------------------------------|
| Y        | WO,A,94 20617 (SIBIA INC.) 15 September 1994                                       | 31-35,<br>38,<br>42-44,<br>47-51 |
| A        | see the whole document<br>---  | 1-52                             |
| A        | WO,A,95 13299 (SIBIA, INC.) 18 May 1995<br>see the whole document<br>-----         | 1-52                             |

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Intern      nal application No.

PCT/US 96/09775

## Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:  
Please see Further Information sheet enclosed.
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

## Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.

☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FR M PCT/SA/210

Remark : The claim 44 in it's present form does not make any sense, the claim therefore was interpreted as : Claim 44 "the neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptor of Claim 43, further comprising at least one human neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine and subunit.

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/US 96/09775

| Patent document<br>cited in search report | Publication<br>date | Patent family<br>member(s) | Publication<br>date |
|---|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| WO-A-9420617                              | 15-09-94            | AU-A- 6517394              | 26-09-94            |
|   |                     | CA-A- 2155330              | 15-09-94            |
|   |                     | EP-A- 0688361              | 27-12-95            |
|   |                     | GB-A- 2286397              | 16-08-95            |
|   |                     | JP-T- 8507441              | 13-08-96            |
| -----                                     |                     |                            |                     |
| WO-A-9513299                              | 18-05-95            | AU-A- 1091595              | 29-05-95            |
|   |                     | GB-A- 2287941              | 04-10-95            |
| -----                                     |                     |                            |                     |